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CONTINUATION OF

PROCEEDINGS OF

MYSORE PROVINCE

MAY 1877

FROM PART 1. JUDICIAL

DEPARTMENT

MYSORE PROVINCE,

MAY, 1877.

PROCEEDINGS

C. B. SAUNDERS, Esq., C. B., B. C. S.,

CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

PART I—A, IN EXTENSO.

JUDICIAL.
REV. AG. & COM.
Do. FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.—*Nil.*
MILITARY.—*Nil.*

PART II—B, IN ABSTRACT.

JUDICIAL.
REV. AG. & COM.
Do. FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.—*Nil.*
MILITARY.

BANGALORE:

MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS,

1877.

PART I.

JUDICIAL.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of Previous Proceedings.	Page.
1—2	*Act XI of* 1872. Communicating correspondence from the Madras Government to Commissioners of Divisions and asking for the Judicial Commissioner's opinion on the point denoted.	No. 1071—8, dated 1st May 1877.	...	...	1—2

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Judicial Department,
1st May 1877.

From the Offg. Chief Secretary, Fort St. George. Judicial Department, To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Extradition—No. 838, dated 2nd April 1877.

I am directed by His Grace the Governor in Council to furnish you with copy of a letter from the Government Pleader, pointing out the miscarriage of justice which is likely to ensue, if particular attention is not paid to the provisions of Act XI of 1872, when warrants are sent from Mysore for the arrest in British territory of persons charged with having committed offences in Mysore.

No. 120, dated 14th September 1876.

2. The judgment of the High Court will be found reported in the *Madras Mail*, 13th and 14th September last.

From J. W. Handley, Esq., Government Pleader, To the Chief Secretary to Government, No. 120, dated Madras, 14th September 1876.

I have the honor to report, for the information of Government, a criminal case of some importance just decided by the High Court. The case (Criminal Appeal No. 262 of 1876) was an appeal from the sentence of the Sessions Court of North Arcot in calendar case No. 47 of 1876, convicting one Pagadala Narappa of the offence of harbouring under Section 216 of the Indian Penal Code.

2. When the case first came before the High Court two objections to the conviction were raised on behalf of the prisoner: (1) that the principal offence being one not against the laws of British India but against those of Mysore, a Foreign State, the offence of harbouring under Section 216 had not been committed; (2) that the warrant issued for the apprehension of the person whom the prisoner was charged with harbouring was not a legal one, and on that account the conviction was illegal. The Court ordered the record to be sent for and notice to be given to me to support the conviction, and the case was finally argued and disposed of before three Judges on the 12th instant.

3. The facts of the case are as follow:—One Yellappa, a native of Mysore, was charged with being concerned in a murder committed in Mysore territory. He escaped into the North Arcot District and took refuge with his brother-in-law, the prisoner in the present case. A warrant for his apprehension was issued by the Sessions Judge of Nundydroog Division addressed to the District Magistrate of North Arcot, and countersigned by the Secretary to the Mysore Commission. This warrant was endorsed by the Magistrate with directions to the Police to execute it, and it was in respect of this warrant that the prisoner was convicted of the offence of harbouring. On the prisoner being informed of the warrant by the Police and asked whether Yellappa was in his house, he denied it. His house was then searched and Yellappa was found there. The prisoner was convicted by the Sessions Court of North Arcot of the offence of harbouring under Section 216 of the Indian Penal Code, and sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment.

4. The Court held unanimously that the conviction was bad and must be reversed on two grounds; first, that the warrant was not issued in accordance with the provisions of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act 1872 (Act XI of 1872), under which Act alone a warrant from Mysore could have any operation in British India. The provisions of that Act should be strictly observed. It provides that the warrant should be issued by the Political Agent, whereas in this case the warrant purported to be the warrant of the Sessions Judge of Nundydroog, and the mere signature of the Secretary to the Commission at the foot did not make it the warrant of the Political Agent. The second ground on which the Court held the conviction bad was that the offence with which Yellappa was charged was one committed in Mysore by a native of Mysore and against the laws of Mysore, whereas Section 216 only applies when the principal offence is one against the laws of British India.

5. I would suggest that the attention of the Mysore authorities be called to this decision with a view to warrants under the Extradition Act 1872 being issued in legal form. I am informed by the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore that the form of warrant used in this case is the one invariably adopted. If so, the practice should be altered, or the warrants will be liable to be held legally inoperative as in the present case.

6. The other objection to the conviction seems to point to the necessity for further amendment of the definition of the word "offence" in the Indian Penal Code. As the law at present stands Sections 216, 221, 224, and 225 have no application when the principal offence is one against the laws of a Foreign State or even against English law.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Judicial Department,
1st May 1877.

No. 1071—JUDL. 8, DATED BANGALORE, 1ST MAY 1877.

ORDER.—In accordance with the opinion held by the Madras High Court, the warrants to be hereafter issued under Section 11 of Act XI of 1872 (the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act) will be signed by the Chief Commissioner only, as Political Agent, and Commissioners of Divisions are requested to submit, with their applications for the surrender of offenders not being European British subjects who have escaped into British India, a form of warrant for the Chief Commissioner's signature containing the particulars required by the provisions of the Act.

2. The Judicial Commissioner is requested to favor the Chief Commissioner with his views as to any amendment called for in the definition of the term "offence" as prescribed by Act IV of 1867, in order to remove the technical difficulty referred to in para 6 of Mr. Handley's letter.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Judicial Commissioner.
„ Commissioners of Divisions.

PART I.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of Previous Proceedings.	Page.
1 to 2	*Sulekere Tank.* Passing orders on a reference from the Survey and Settlement Commissioner on the results of the working of the progressive rates sanctioned for five years for lands under it.	No. 1280—34, dated 7th May 1877.	...	...	1 to 10
3 to 4	*Patels and Shanbhogs in the Hosdurga Taluk of the Chitaldroog District.* Passing orders on letter from the Survey and Settlement Commissioner on the subject of the introduction of a permanent scale of remuneration in their favor.	No. 1351—36, dated 9th May 1877.	...	...	10 to 12
5 to 6	*Village Accounts.* Communicating letter from Nagar Commissioner on the subject to Survey and Settlement Commissioner and Commissioners of Nundydroog and Ashtagram Divisions for opinion.	No. 1465—4, dated 11th May 1877.	...	...	13
7 to 8	*Manufacture of earth salt.* Disapproving of a proposal on the subject from the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District.	No. 1709—10, dated 18th May 1877.	...	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part I, "Rev., Ag. and Com." Index Nos. 1 to 2.	14
9 to 10	*Exemption of kayamgutta villages from the operations of the Survey Department.* Passing orders on a reference from the Nundydroog Commissioner on the subject.	No. 1782—22, dated 21st May 1877.	...	*Vide* Vol. of Progs, for March 1877, Part I, Rev., Ag. and Com. Nos. 7 to 8.	14
11 to 12	*Excluded Minor Inams in the Nagar Division.* Passing orders with reference to a statement submitted by the Commissioner.	No. 1787—11, dated 21st May 1877.	...	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Nov. 1877, Part I, Rev., Ag. and Com. Index Nos. 8 to 9.	15 to 17
13 to 14	*Reduction of Sayer Establishments.* Passing orders as to the rewards to be given when cases of smuggling are brought to notice.	No. 2096—27, dated 30th May 1877.	...	...	18

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 7th May 1877.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Dept., No. 498, dated Karwar, 7th April 1877.

The Survey Commissioner begs to express his concurrence in the undermentioned proposals so far as confirming the present water rate of Rs. 4—8—0 without any system of progressive rates. The water rate of Rs. 4—8—0 is now generally in force having been sanctioned by Chief Commissioner's No. 678—13, dated the 8th May 1871, and that full rate was attained on all land watered in 1875—76.

2. The only point the Survey Commissioner doubts about is the propriety of confirming that very moderate water rate for such superior water supply for the whole period of the remainder of the survey guarantee for 30 years. A change in the management of those works has recently been under, they having been transferred from the Irrigation Department to the ordinary Civil authorities, a change from which beneficial results may be hoped for. Under these circumstances the Survey Commissioner would advocate the confirmation of the existing water rate of Rs. 4—8—0 for three years from 1876—77 inclusive ; on the expiration of which three years the rate for confirmation till the end of the survey guaranteed period could be finally fixed. We shall then be able to see what results have been attained under civil management and whether it is advisable to raise or decrease the water rate.

From the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, To the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, No 157, dated Camp Belur, 3rd March 1877.

The marginally noted correspondence, herewith forwarded, refers to the question of revising the settlement of the lands irrigated from the Sulekere tank which was guaranteed for a term of 5 years, and expired on the 1st March 1876.

1. Nagar Division Commissioner's letter No. 433, dated 28th November 1876.
2. Chief Commissioner's No. 4208—920 of 27th August 1875.
3. Shimoga District Deputy Commissioner's letter No 745, dated 25th October 1875.
4. Shimoga District do do No. 651, dated 4th September 1876.
5. Statements marked A, B, and C.

2. The assessment, under the old system of the lands concerned, was for wet and garden, Rs. 4,733. In 1871—72—the first year of the survey settlement—the amount realized on the same lands was Rs. 7,898—1—6. The fluctuations of the revenue up to the close of 1875—76, and the net result of the settlement are shewn below :—

Year.	Collections.	Increase.	Decrease.
1871—72	7,898— 1— 6	..	"
1872—73	6,095— 2— 1	..	1,802—15—5
1873—74	5,944— 0—11	..	1,954— 0—7
1874—75	5,966—11— 0	..	1,931— 6—6
1875—76	6,534— 8— 0	..	1,363— 9—6

To arrive at a correct conclusion as to the effect of the "kaul" or progressive rates sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner in his order on the settlement, it will be necessary to consider, in the first place, that the survey assessment of 1871—72 represents an increase of about 66 per cent on the old collections, and, in the next place, that it is a very common occurrence for ryots during the excitement coincident with the giving out of the new rates, to take up a great deal more land than they are able to cultivate. That there should be a considerable falling off in 1872—73, the next after the survey year, is not in my opinion at all an unfavorable sign, while the marked rise from 1872—73 up to 1875—76 looks well for the working of the progressive rates adopted. It will also be observed, para 3 of Commissioner's letter, that during the four years succeeding land assessed at Rs. 4,868—4—10 was thrown up, and land assessed at Rs. 3,504—11—4 was taken up. The effect of this change of holding must have been a clearing to a great extent of the rank vegetation below the tank.

4. The Deputy Commissioner moreover in his letter No. 651 of the 4th September 1876 states that the attention of the people has been attracted and that many applications have been received during the current year.

5. I think—all circumstances duly considered—that the present rates should be sanctioned, without any system of progressive rates, for a further period which should be coterminous with the period for which the survey rates have been sanctioned for the taluk generally.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 7th May 1877.

From the Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, No. 433, dated Camp Chitaldroog, 28th November 1876.

In forwarding herewith a printed copy of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 4208—920 of the 27th August 1875, I have the honor, with reference to para 51 of your settlement report on the 88 villages of the Channagiri Taluk, to invite your attention to the fact that the term of five years for which the settlement was adopted in connection with the lands irrigated by the Sulekere tank, expired on the 31st March 1876.

2. Statements marked A, B and C, submitted by the Deputy Commissioner, shewing the revenue results of the past five years, are enclosed.

3. It will be seen that the jamabandi settled by the Survey Department for the first year in 1871—72 amounted to Rs. 7,898—1—6, of which lands to the extent of Rs. 4,868—4—10, or 60 per cent, were thrown up during the four successive years. Of this loss, a sum of Rs. 3,504—11—4 was covered by the lands taken up, and thus the net result on the expiration of the term of the settlement was a decrease of Rs. 1,363—9—6, as exhibited in the margin.

Year.	Revenue.		Increase.		Decrease.	
1871—72	7,898	1 6	...	.....		
1872—73	6,095	2 1	...	.....	1,802	15 5
1873—74	5,944	0 11	...	.....	1,954	0 7
1874—75	5,966	11 0	...	.....	1,931	6 6
1875—76	6,534	8 0	...	.....	1,363	9 6

4. The system of kaul or progressive rates sanctioned in para 8 of the Chief Commissioner's order on the settlement report, has had the effect of bringing 89 acres and 37 guntas of dry land under wet cultivation, as particularized in the statement marked C.

5. As regards the improvement of communications suggested in the settlement report, I beg to state that since the transfer, in August 1875, of the conservancy of the tank to the charge of the Revenue authorities, roads over the Basavana kanve and Irana kanve have been constructed at a cost of Rs. 4,750. An apron to the causeway over the Sulekere-Kodihalla was constructed at a cost of Rs. 3,421, and repairs to the anicut and channels are being carried out at a total estimated outlay of Rs. 861. The only important work which remains to be executed is that adverted to in para 12 of the settlement report, *viz.*, the construction of a bridge over the waste weir channel.

6. The views of the Deputy Commissioner are contained in the accompanying copies of his letters No. 745 of the 25th October 1875, and No. 651 of the 4th September 1876. In the first mentioned letter the Deputy Commissioner thinks that the rates adopted at the settlement were not sufficiently attractive to induce increased cultivation, and recommends the introduction of the shraya system similar to that prevailing in unsurveyed taluks, for a period of 10 years. As the improvements referred to in para 5 were effected after the date of the said letter, the Deputy Commissioner states in his second letter above quoted, that the works have now attracted the attention of the people, many applications for the lands having been received during the current official year, and holds out a prospect of the cultivation below the main channels and anicuts being extended.

7. Under these circumstances the application of any system of progressive rates seems to be uncalled for, and it will answer all purposes if the fresh settlement now overdue, is arranged on a sufficiently liberal scale to attract cultivators in still larger numbers.

From the offg. Under-Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch, To the Commissioner of the Nagar Division, No. 467—2167, dated Bangalore, 24th July 1875.

I have the honor, by order, to enquire whether there would be any objection, in your opinion, to the Revenue officers of the Shimoga District assuming charge of the conservancy of the Sulekere tank in the Channagiri Taluk.

2. There is an establishment of 1 Manegar and 4 Saudis maintained to take care of the distribution channels for the tank at a cost of Rs. 360 per annum, but Sulekere is situated at so great a distance from any other works under the Irrigation Department that it is impossible for an officer to visit it more than twice a year, and, in the absence of constant supervision, the establishment will not work properly. As a consequence, small leaks are not attended to in time, and constant petty repairs costing Rs. 866 in the last five years are found necessary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 7th May 1877.

3. On the other hand the tank, although a very large one, yields but very little revenue, the tank registers for the five years ending 1873—74 shewing a total of Rs. 3,049 only. If to the cost of conservancy establishment and repairs, the Executive and Assistant Engineers' pay and travelling allowances when visiting the tank be added, the amount will barely be covered by the revenue realized.

4. The favor of an early reply is requested.

From the Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the offg. Under-Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch, No. 181, dated Shimoga, 28th July 1875.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 467—2167, dated 24th instant, enquiring whether there would be any objection to the Revenue officers assuming charge of the conservancy of the Sulekere tank in the Channagiri Taluk.

2. In reply, I beg to state that I think the proposal is a good one, of course presuming that the present establishment of one Manegar and 4 Saudis is maintained. When I inspected the tank in the beginning of June, I found, as described, small leaks and damages to the channel banks unattended to, and I directed the Amildar who was present, to make a report on the subject to the Executive Engineer in charge. The inconvenience of the existing arrangement then occurred to me, and I am glad of the opportunity of advocating the change now proposed.

3. When the transfer is finally determined upon, I shall request the Deputy Commissioner to give special instructions to the Amildar on the subject, which, I trust, will also have the further effect of inducing the Revenue authorities to exert themselves in persuading ryots to come forward and take up more land, by opening out cross lines and village roads in the immediate neighbourhood of the tank to enable the ryots to have easy access for the purpose of clearing away jungle, carting materials and removing produce. This opening out of the extensive lands below the tank will, I have reason to believe, have a good effect in attracting cultivators.

Memo by the offg. Under-Secretary, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch, for the offg. Chief Commissioner's orders, dated Bangalore, the 4th August 1875.

Charge of conservancy of the Sulekere tank in the Channagiri Taluk of the Shimoga District.

The proposal to transfer the charge of the above mentioned tank to the Revenue officers having, by order of Mr. Dalyell, been referred to the Commissioner of Nagar for opinion, that officer, in his No. 181 of the 28th ultimo, expresses his concurrence.

2. When I put forward the proposal I was not aware that the change of management would involve any change in the incidence of the charges for conservancy establishment; but the Controller to whom I subsequently referred the matter, and with whom I have personally discussed it, informs me that there is no option under the orders of Government that if the Revenue officers have charge of the tank, the conservancy must be a charge against the Civil budget.

3. I have given good reasons why the Revenue officers should have charge of the tank, and the Commissioner of Nagar's opinion supports my statements, indeed strengthens them considerably. I do not therefore think that the mere change in the incidence of this small conservancy charge from the Public Works to the Civil budget, no extra cost being entailed on Government, should be allowed to interfere with a desirable arrangement.

4. The conservancy can continue to be paid this year from Department of Public Works funds, but I recommend that the file be transferred to the General Department in order that provision may be made for it next year in the Civil budget.

Order No. 4208—Genl. 920, dated Bangalore, 27th August 1875.

Under the circumstances represented by the Superintending Engineer, Irrigation Department, and in accordance with the recommendation of the Commissioner of Nagar, the immediate charge of the Sulekere tank works will be delegated to the Deputy Commissioner of the Shimoga District.

2. The Deputy Commissioner will provide for the charge of establishment consisting at present of one Manegar and four Saudis and amounting to Rs. 360 per annum, being entered in the District bud-

get for 1876—77 and thereafter ; the cost for the current official year being met from the Public Works budget as usual.

3. The offg. Chief Commissioner directs attention to paras 5—12 and 34—51 of the settlement report of the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, No. 121, dated 6th April 1871, and desires that early consideration may be given to the facts and suggestions therein contained. Mr. Dalyell considers that the irrigation cess fund may be appropriately utilized in providing a bridge over the waste weir and other works necessary for improving the resources of this tank.

From the offg. Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, To the Commissioner, Nagar Division, No. 745, dated Shimoga, 25th October 1875.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your docket No. 536, dated 14th ultimo, conveying the Chief Commissioner's sanction to the managemet of the Sulekere channels being made over to the Revenue Department, and as requested I beg to submit a statement shewing the extent of lands lying under the tank taken up and resigned since the survey settlement.

2. It will be seen from the enclosure that the terms granted at the survey settlement, which were stipulated to last five years, have not had the desired effect to any extent. The lands under cultivation remain as they were before and in some villages the extent is even less. Two circumstances appear to have been the cause of this state of things. First, that the rates imposed were not sufficiently low to attract cultivators, and 2nd no improvements were effected in communication between the villages around and the tank and the lands below it. From information gathered by me I understand that it was in 1866 that Government thought of reclaiming the lands below the tank, and with this view removed a number of date trees with which the lands had been overgrown by convict labor. Since then cultivation and reclamation are steadily progressing, but not quite as satisfactorily as it was at first expected. Besides the construction of a bridge over the kodi channel which Captain Grant alludes to in his report and which has met with the Chief Commissioner's approval, there is another impediment to traffic, at the other end of the tank bund. This is known as Basvan-kanve over which it was last year proposed to construct a good road from local funds and Rs. 3,000 was provided in the budget, but it was struck out. Both these works, for which happily there are funds, have again been provided for in next year's budget, but unless at the same time the scale of assessment is lowered to an attractive level I have no great hopes of the revenue under the tank increasing. I am of opinion that a progressive scale, similar to the "Shraya" that is in force in unsurveyed taluks, should be introduced, the term extending to 10 years commencing from the year in which the improvements of the communications above alluded to are completed. This will attract ryots who will by the facilities afforded for cart traffic gradually clear the tract of the rank vegetation that still abound there.

3. Besides the lands irrigated by the main channels of the tank there are others which are irrigated by anicuts thrown across the waste weir channel, these are noted in the margin and are all more or less in want of repair. I have sent the District Surveyor to frame estimates for their restoration, after which I anticipate the revenue under this head will increase considerably within a very short time. For the anicuts irrigate fertile lands belonging to populous villages. The extent of lands available for cultivation under these anicuts and the extent actually under cultivation is also separately shewn in the enclosed statement.

1. Hirikuruburhalli.
2. Kulumeukalli.
3. Belagere.
4. Tyavanagi.
5. Archalli.
6. Korigamur.

From the offg. Deputy Commissioner of Shimoga District, To the Commissioner, Nagar Division, No. 651, dated Camp Sulekere, 4th September 1876.

In reply to your docket No. 532, dated 17th August 1876, I have the honor to submit herewith the statements therein called for, and to state that only a few of the anicuts were lately sanctioned and the result cannot be fully determined till next year, but in anticipation about 400 Rs. of land have been applied for under the Tyavanagi anicut.

2. You will observe from the statement No. 1 that in 1875—76 there was an increase of Rs. 467—10—0 under the main channels and 100—3—0 under the anicuts, as compared with the revenue of the year 1874—75. It is too soon to judge what benefit will be produced by the recent improvement effected for facilitating traffic under the tank bund; the works just completed however appear to have attracted the attention of the people, as some of the ryots from the surrounding parts have begun to settle near this lake. Many applications are coming in for the lands under the tank and the overgrown jungle is being cleared by those who have newly come.

3. From the local enquiries I have made there appears to be every prospect of the cultivation being increased both under the main channels and anicuts.

Statement shewing the cultivation of land irrigated

Magni.	No.	Village.	Total Area.		As fixed in the Survey Jamabandi in 1871—72.			In 1872—73. Increase Darkhasts.			In 1872—73. Decrease Raziinamas.		
			Acres.	Assessment.	Acres.	Assessment.	Jamabandi.	Acres.	Assessment	Jamabandi	Acres.	Assessment.	Jamabandi
Sulekere.	1	Sulekere Kasba ...	822 1	4,029 8 0	433 26	1,603 0 0	775 8 0	73 20	316 0 0	316 0 0	129 23	633 8 0	521
	2	Kanalla	146 19	449 0 0	120 9	411 8 0	293 10 0	6 26	25 0 0	25 0 0	30 10	99 12 0	99
	3	Vadura	61 6	183 8 0	48 9	146 4 0	75 9 10	3 21	10 0 0	10 0 2	..	0 0 0	0
	4	Siddapura	20 10	84 8 0	20 10	84 8 0	84 8 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	20 10	84 8 0	84
	5	Ramagondanhalli ...	101 29	282 0 0	75 36	212 0 0	145 14 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	21 24	58 0 0	58
	6	Doddagatta	135 23	216 8 0	135 25	214 0 0	178 6 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	78 22	121 0 0	121
	7	Kasipura	4 10	11 0 0	4 10	11 0 0	11 0 0	.. ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	4 10	11 0 0	11
			1,291 20	5,263 0 0	868 5	2,682 4 0	1,564 7 10	83 27	351 0 0	351 0 2	284 19	1,007 12 0	895
Hosahalli.	1	Hosahalli Kasba ..	501 38	1,879 12 0	336 29	1,256 12 0	1,067 11 5	13 24	39 4 0	39 4 0	154 15	542 0 0	542
	2	Ramsagar	82 19	276 0 0	54 32	176 12 0	97 8 0	25 19	86 0 0	86 0 0	4 33	19 0 0	19
	3	Chiradoni *	57 23	266 8 0	45 26	155 0 0	160 4 2	.. ..	0 0 0	0 0 0	... 14	1 8 0	1
	4	Kamsagara	111 19	399 0 0	108 17	379 8 0	291 10 0	3 2	19 8 0	19 8 0	... ...	0 0 0	..
	5	Yerekeguudi	8 17	22 4 0	8 17	22 4 0	22 4 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	4 9	12 4 0	12
	6	Hirekurbarahalli * ...	6 10	24 4 0	3 1	11 12 0	14 12 0	.. ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	...
	7	Kanavihalchi	... ...	.. 0 0	.. ...	... 0 0	... ...	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ..	0 0 0	...
			768 6	2,887 12 0	547 2	2,015 0 0	1,654 1 7	40 5	144 12 0	144 12 0	183 31	574 6 3	574
			2,059 26	8,130 12 0	1,395 7	4,697 4 0	3,218 9 5	123 32	495 12 2	495 12 2	448 10	1 582 8 0	1,470
Tyavanigi.	1	Kashettihalli	121 35	778 0 0	76 3	497 0 0	310 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	26 39	176 0 0	176
	2	Archalli	185 23	977 0 0	65 32	438 0 0	293 12 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	41 8	296 4 0	296
	3	Kulamenhalli	77 18	423 4 0	51 32	295 0 0	187 6 8	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0
	4	Kallenahalli	6 19	34 0 0	3 3	15 0 0	15 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	...
	5	Tyavanigi	269 36	1,618 10 0	181 35	1,271 12 0	1,640 1 9	6 37	39 8 0	39 8 0	38 34	233 0 0	233
	6	Lakshmisagar	56 19	317 12 0	64 27	273 8 0	202 6 0	4 18	22 8 0	22 8 0	11 35	48 0 0	48
	7	Basvapur	50 35	265 4 0	34 35	185 4 0	185 4 0	... ..	0 0 0	0 0 0	20 2	92 12 0	92
	8	Belalgere	283 38	1,490 12 0	237 33	1,290 12 0	1,104 9 11	2 36	14 12 0	14 9 6	19 38	89 8 0	87
	9	Kargaunr	206 33	1,138 14 0	179 4	996 12 0	816 13 9	18 5	96 10 0	96 10 0	23 28	138 10 0	135
	10	Kattlagere	176 36	647 12 0	167 31	613 12 0	524 8 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	6 13	22 0 0	22
		Total.....	1,436 7	7,695 4 0	1,082 35	5,876 12 0	4,679 8 1	32 16	173 6 0	172 10 0	188 1	1,006 2 0	1,001
		Grand Total.....	3,495 33	15,827 0 0	2,478 2	10,574 0 0	7,898 1 6	156 8	669 2 0	668 6 2	636 11	2,588 10 0	2,471

* No. 3 Chiradoni, No. 6 Hirekurbarhalli, are inadvertently entered under this magni, instead of un

Tank in the Channagiri Taluk.

In 1873—74.						In 1874—75.						Jamabandi Bhava.			Remarks.
Darkhasts.		Decrease Razinamas.			Increase Darkhasts.			Decrease Razinamas.							
ssment	Jamabandi.	Acres.	Assessment.	Jamabandi.	Acres.	Assessment	Jamabandi	Acres	Assessment	Jamabandi.		Acres.	Assessment.	Jamabandi.	
0 0	393 8 0	258 7	195 8 0	481 8 0	81 11	388 8 0	388 8 0	103 27	465 0 0	465 0 0		186 5	888 8 0	405 8 0	Under main channels.
0 0	4 6 0	4 27	18 0 0	18 0 0	... ..	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0		101 38	318 12 0	205 4 0	
0 0	17 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	10 28	31 0 0	31 0 0	18 6	53 0 0	49 8 0		50 2	151 4 0	84 2 0	
8 0	84 8 0	... ..	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	18 4	75 0 0	73 0 0		2 6	9 8 0	9 8 0	
0 0	68 0 0	... ..	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ..	0 0 0	0 0 0		79 24	222 0 0	155 14 0	
0 0	2 0 0	1 ...	2 0 0	2 0 0	10 30	15 0 0	13 0 0	17 36	27 0 0	27 0 0		49 37	79 0 0	43 6 0	
0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ..	0 0 0	0 0 0	.....	0 0 0	0 0 0		... ...	... 0 0	... ..	
8 0	569 6 0	261 34	715 8 0	501 8 0	102 29	412 8 0	432 8 0	157 13	620 0 0	616 8 0		469 32	1,669 0 0	903 10 0	
8 0	119 4 0	28 27	82 8 0	59 9 5	42 18	151 8 0	153 12 0	16 29	45 12 0	32 12 0		230 15	902 12 0	745 10 0	Under Anicuts.
4 0	84 8 0	16 3	61 0 0	61 0 0	9 37	39 0 0	52 4 0	10 11	58 8 0	48 12 0		69 24	234 8 0	194 8 0	
0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ..	0 0 0	0 0 0	8 8	43 0 0	43 0 0		27 4	110 8 0	116 2 0	
0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0		111 19	399 0 0	311 2 0	
0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0		4 8	10 0 0	10 10 0	
0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0		3 1	14 12 0	14 12 0	
0 0	8 4 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	54 4 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0		... .	0 0 0	62 8 0	
12 0	212 0 0	44 30	143 8 0	120 9 5	52 15	190 8 0	280 4 0	84 39	122 4 0	121 8 0		445 31	1,671 8 0	1,454 10 0	
4 0	781 6 0	306 24	859 0 0	622 1 5	155 4	623 0 0	692 12 0	192 32	742 4 0	738 0 0		915 23	3,340 8 0	2,358 4 0	
12 0	47 12 0	4 36	32 0 0	32 0 0	1 26	11 0 0	11 0 0	1 7	10 12 0	10 12 0		51 2	337 0 0	150 0 0	Under Anicuts.
0 0	23 0 0	4 33	26 0 0	26 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	1 37	8 0 0	1 0 0		42 15	220 12 0	83 8 0	
0 0	0 0 0	8 2	46 0 0	46 0 0	6 7	35 0 0	35 0 0	.. ...	0 0 0	0 0 0		49 37	284 0 0	176 6 0	
0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	. ...	0 0 0	0 0 0		3 3	15 0 0	15 0 0	
4 0	33 4 0	33 16	197 12 0	184 11 9	3 17	25 0 0	25 0 0	2 37	15 0 0	15 0 0		122 26	929 12 0	705 2 0	
4 0	6 4 0	15 17	84 0 0	84 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	.....	0 0 0	0 0 0		44 ...	170 4 0	98 12 0	
0 0	0 0 0	14 27	92 8 0	92 8 0	8 10	54 0 0	54 0 0	.....	0 0 0	0 0 0		8 10	54 0 0	54 0 0	
0 0	51 0 0	5 19	30 8 0	30 0 0	3 20	16 12 0	11 2 2	2 14	11 8 0	11 2 1		226 30	1,241 12 0	1,051 12 0	
8 0	33 8 0	2 9	9 14 0	9 14 0	4 18	21 8 0	21 8 0	10 35	51 14 0	51 14 0		171 30	948 0 0	771 7 0	
0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	... ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	.....	0 0 0	0 0 0		161 18	591 12 0	502 8 0	
12 0	194 12 0	88 39	512 10 0	505 1 9	27 18	163 4 0	157 10 2	19 10	97 2 0	89 12 1		881 11	4,792 4 0	3,608 7 0	
0 0	976 2 0	395 23	1,371 10 0	1,127 3 2	182 22	788 4 0	850 6 2	212 2	859 5 0	827 12 1		1,796 34	8,132 12 0	5,966 11 0	

gul.—*Vide* Deputy Commissioner's letter No. 227, dated 5th March 1876.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 7th May 1877.

List shewing the Increase of Cultivation under Sulekere Tank for 1875—76.

Description.	No.	Name of Village.	Wet and garden lands. Revenue for 1874—75. Extent.			Amount.			Lands taken up during 1875—76. Extent.			Amount.			Lands resigned during 1875—76. Extent.			Amount.			Net Amount. Extent.			Amount.		
			A.	G.	Y.	Rs.	A.	P.	A.	G.	Y.	Rs.	A.	P.	A.	G.	Y.	Rs.	A.	P.	A.	G.	Y.	Rs.	A.	P.
Watered by Siddana Channel.	1	Sulekere ...	116	...	...	379	0	0	91	16	...	547	0	0	50	20	...	229	0	0	156	36	...	697	0	0
	2	Kabala ...	60	28	...	196	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	28	...	196	0	0
	3	Doljatta ...	22	8	...	29	0	0	7	6	...	14	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	14	...	43	0	0
	4	Ramgundanhalli ...	55	23	...	152	0	0	...	...	...	..	...	...	13	14	...	38	0	0	42	9	...	114	0	0
	5	Oodava ...	24	28	...	77	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	29	...	19	0	0	19	39	...	58	0	0
	6	Siddapur ...	2	6	...	9	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	...	9	8	0
		Total.....	281	13	...	842	8	0	98	22	...	561	0	0	68	23	...	286	0	0	311	12	...	1,117	8	0
Watered by the Basvana Channel.	1	Kasba Hosahalli ..	228	24	...	897	4	0	76	15	...	306	6	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	304	36	...	1,203	10	0
	2	Ramsagar ...	69	24	...	234	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	69	24	...	234	8	0
	3	Yakagondi ...	4	8	...	10	0	0	4	9	...	12	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	17	...	22	4	0
	4	Kanbilehi ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0
	5	Ramsagar ...	111	19	...	470	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	15	...	126	0	0	98	4	...	344	8	0
		Total.....	413	32	...	1,612	4	0	80	24	...	318	10	0	13	15	...	126	0	0	481	1	...	1,804	14	0
		Tyavanigi Magni.																								
Watered by the Anicut.	1	Kasatthalli ...	21	9	...	144	12	0	8	15	...	46	0	0	..	...	...	...	...	...	29	24	0	190	12	0
	2	Arahalli ...	12	32	...	74	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	32	0	74	0	0
	3	Kullanhalli ...	3	3	...	15	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	0	15	0	0
	4	Kuhimanhalli ...	29	7	...	163	12	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	7	0	163	12	0
	5	Tyavanigi ...	129	5	..	929	10	0	2	15	..	18	13	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	131	20	0	948	7	0
	6	Balabagere ...	226	30	...	1,241	12	0	5	37	...	13	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	233	27	0	1,254	12	0
	7	Karginar ...	171	30	..	948	1	0	5	21	...	30	6	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	177	11	0	978	7	0
	8	Lakshmisagar ...	23	25	..	199	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	25	0	193	4	0
	9	Basvapura ...	8	10	...	54	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	10	0	54	0	0
	10	Kattageri ...	161	18	..	591	12	0	6	13	...	22	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	167	31	0	613	12	0
	11	Chiradoni ...	24	32	...	110	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	35	..	30	0	0	17	37	0	80	8	0
	12	Hirekurbarhalli. ...	3	1	...	14	12	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	0	14	12	0
		Total.....	825	2	...	4,487	3	0	28	21	...	130	3	...	6	35	...	30	...	...	846	18	0	4,587	6	0

Net Inc A. G. 29 39

Net Inc A. G. Rs 67 9 19

Net Incr A. G. Rs 21 26 10

Net increase under Channels 467 10 0
Do under Anicuts 100 3 0

Statement shewing the Extent of Dry Land cultivated with Wet Crops under the Kaul System under the Sulekere Lake, Channagiri Taluk.

Magpi.	Village.	1873—74, Rs. 2.						1874—75, Rs. 3—4—0.						1875—76, Rs. 4—8—0.						Total.						Decrease.								
		Extent.		Assessment.			Amount of water rate imposed.			Extent.		Assessment.			Amount of water rate imposed.			Extent.		Assessment.			Amount of water rate imposed.			Extent.		Assessment			Amount of water rate imposed.			Bhava, 1874—75.			Uva, 1875—76.			Dhatu, 1876—77.		
		Acres.	G.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	A.	G.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	A.	G.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	A.	G.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Hoshalli.	Kanibilchi... ...	6	36	6	0	0	13	12	0	19	10	15	4	0	62	8	0	11	...	8	12	0	49	12	0	37	6	30	0	0	126	0	0	5	8	0	26	13	0	...	...	...
	Ramsagar... ...	19	7	15	4	0	38	4	0	12	3	8	12	0	39	4	0	9	31	6	8	0	44	0	0	41	1	30	8	0	121	8	0	12	4	0	7	8	0	44	0	0
	Hoshalli kasba ...	1	35	1	4	0	3	12	0	1	35	1	4	0	6	0	0	8	...	6	4	0	35	8	0	11	30	8	12	0	45	4	0	...	...	...	...	..	...	10	0	0
	Total.....	27	38	22	8	0	55	12	0	33	8	25	4	0	107	12	0	28	31	21	8	0	129	4	0	89	37	69	4	0	292	12	0	17	12	0	34	5	0	54	0	0

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 9th May 1877.

No. 1280—Rev. 34, dated Bangalore, 7th May 1877.

Order thereon.—The Survey and Settlement Commissioner submits a report, which has been greatly delayed, on the results of the working of the progressive rates sanctioned for five years from 1871—72 for the lands under the Sulekere tank in the Channagiri Taluk of the Shimoga District, in this office letter No. 678—13, dated 8th May 1871.

2. The proposal to retain the water rate at Rs. 4—8—0 per acre for a further period of three years from 1st April 1876, is sanctioned.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Survey and Settlement Commissioner.
" Superintendent of Revenue Survey.
" Commissioner, Nagar Division.
" Dy. Accountant General.

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 532, dated Camp Poona, 14th April 1877.

I have the honor to forward a letter from the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, No. 1145 of the 23rd December last and accompanying three vernacular statements relating to the proposed introduction of the permanent scale of remuneration of the village officers of 220 villages comprising the Government villages of the Hosdurga Taluk of the Chitaldroog District as originally settled excepting that the number of villages in the original settlement report was 222, the decrease of two villages is explained by the entire inclusion of two villages in the neighbouring kavals.

2 The total remuneration of these village officers according to the sanctioned scale amounts to Rs. 8,119—4—0; of this sum Rs. 2,121—4—0 is provided by the existing cash emoluments; there are no existing land emoluments, therefore the remaining amount Rs. 5,998 falls as an additional charge on the treasury. Surplus emoluments for resumption there are none.

3. I would suggest that the introduction of this permanent scheme may be sanctioned from the ensuing year 1877—78.

4. I shall also be obliged by the accompanying vernacular statements being forwarded to the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, when no longer required in your office, for transmission to the District.

Extract.—Para 1 of Survey Superintendent's letter No. 141 of the 2nd March 1877, to the address of the Survey Commissioner, Mysore.

1. "I have the honor to explain as follows with reference to your memo No. 176 of the 3rd February 1877 on the discrepancy between the number of Government villages of the Hosdurga Taluk entered with original settlement report and the final remuneration statements. Two villages as per margin "being included in the neighbouring kavals, the taluk now contains only 220 Government villages."

1. Virapur.
2. Vanikpur.

From the offg Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Mysore, To the Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore, No. 1145, dated Bangalore, 23rd December 1876.

I have the honor herewith to forward statements as per margin shewing the final remuneration of the Patels and Shanbhogs of the Hosdurga Taluk under the rates published at page 274 of the *Mysore Gazette* of the 7th November 1874.

1 Vernacular statement shewing the extra allowances fixed for Patels.
2 Vernacular detailed lists.
1 Abstract statement in English.

2. In accordance with Chief Commissioner's order No 9258—549 of 19th March 1875, collections on account of mohatarfa and local cess are included in the gross revenue on which the scale remuneration is calculated.

HOSDURGA TALUK.—Abstract of Results of the Settlement of the Patels and Shanbhogs' Final Remuneration compiled in the Survey Superintendent's Office.

Number.	Taluk.	Village Officers.	Total remuneration according to rules.		Existing emoluments.					Mode of providing future remuneration.				Surplus existing emoluments above those shewed in columns 7 and 8 and mode of dealing with them.				Remarks.
					From land.	Cash allowances.	Total existing remuneration.	From existing land emoluments.	From existing cash emoluments.	By new payment from the Treasury.	Total.	From land.	Addition half jodi on column 11.	Cash allowances to be stopped in future.	Total of columns 12 and 13.	From column 11 remaining as *sure* deducting column 12.	
1		2	3		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Hosdurga (220 villages.)		Patels ...	4,104	8 0	...	213	213	...	213	3,891	4,104	...	...	...	...	...	
		Shanbhogs	4,014	12 0	...	1,908	1,908	...	1,906	2,106	4,014	...	...	...	...	...	
Total...		...	8,119	4 0	...	2,121	2,121	...	2,121	5,998	8,119	...	...	...	...	...	

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 9th May 1877.

No. 1351—Rev. 36, dated Bangalore, 9th May 1877.

With the above, the Survey and Settlement Commissioner submits proposals for the introduction of a permanent scale of remuneration payable to Patels and Shanbhogs in the Hosdurga Taluk of the Chitaldroog District.

2. The taluk comprises 220 villages and the number of Shanbhogs, which, previous to the present settlement, was 26, has now been raised to 57, and each individual charge ranges from 1 to 7 villages. There is a Patel for each village.

3. The village officers above referred to enjoy no emoluments in land, and the annual cash payments hitherto paid, as compensation in lieu of aya, amounted to Rs. 2,121—4—0.

4. The gross revenue of the taluk, including the local and mohatarfa cesses amounted to Rs. 1,06,456.

5. The maximum and minimum amounts of revenue under the charge of each officer are as follows:—

	Maximum.	Minimum.
Shanbhogs	4,509	557
Patels	4,509	24

6. The permanent remuneration now fixed, according to the prescribed scale, amounts to Rs. 8,119—4—0, or 7·7 per cent on the total revenue as particularized in the margin, the maximum and minimum amounts of remuneration being Rs. 115 and 26—8—0 respectively in the case of Shanbhogs and Rs. 90 and 3—12—0 in the case of Patels.

			Shanbhogs.	Patels.	Total.
Percentage under Rule	V	... ...	...	3,195-8-0	3,195- 8-0
Do	VI	... ...	3,627-12-0	...	3,627-12-0
Contingencies	VII	... ...	387- 0-0	839-0-0	1,226- 0-0
Fixed allowances	X	... ...	...	...	...
Additional do	XI	... ...	...	...	...
Extra do	XII	... ...	...	70-0-0	70- 0-0
		Total.....	4,014-12-0	4,104-8-0	8,119- 4-0

7. The foregoing proposals are sanctioned with effect from 1877—78.

8. The sum of Rs. 8,119—4—0 will, in future, be entered under the head of "Salary of village officers" in the permanent establishment of the taluk and adjusted in the revenue and financial accounts in the manner prescribed in Rule XIV of the Rules for the permanent remuneration of Patels and Shanbhogs.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Survey and Settlement Commissioner of Mysore.
„ Commissioner, Nagar Division.
„ Deputy Accountant General.
„ Inspector General of Police.
„ Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Mysore, with Kanarese statements.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 11th May 1877.

From the Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Genl. Dept., No. 73—Rev. 12, dated Shimoga, 25th April 1877.

I have the honor to submit for the Chief Commissioner's orders the marginally noted letters from the Deputy Commissioners of the Shimoga, Kadur and Chitaldroog Districts, relative to the best mode of securing village accounts which, under the present practice, are allowed to remain with the Shanbhogs.

1. From Shimoga, No. 1182, dated 6th February 1877.
2. From Kadur, No. 32, dated 13th April 1877.
3. From Chitaldroog, No. 1194, dated 20th February 1877.

2. It will be seen that the abstraction, by some person, of the accounts of the Devarhalli magni in the Channagiri Taluk led to the question being raised by the Assistant Commissioner, Sagar Sub-Division.

3. Mr. Cuningham proposes (1) that all village accounts except form No. 1 should, at the close of the year after that to which they refer, be deposited in the taluk records, and (2) that the marginally noted forms only should be preserved permanently and the rest destroyed once every two years. Captain Cumming and Major Armstrong concur in the proposal, while Mr. Krishna Rao deprecates the measure on the ground that the deposit of these accounts in the taluk cutcherry would occupy much space in the record room, and that the destruction of a portion of them in the manner suggested by Mr. Cuningham is not an easy task.

1. Form No. 1, Field Register.
2. Form No. 3, Ledger.
3. Form No. 6, Pahani.
4. Form No. 7, Fakrar list.
5. Form No. 9, Rent Roll.
6. Form No. 11, Jamabandi Goshvar.

4. In para 4 of his letter Mr. Cuningham states that the suggestion is consistent with the rules now in force in the Bombay Presidency; whereas Major Grant in his vernacular yadast to the address of Mr. Krishna Rao, points out that the deposit of the village accounts in the taluk cutcherry is needless.

5. In paras 9 and 10 of the Survey Commissioner's letter No. 155 of the 22nd February 1869 to your address, printed along with the manual of survey forms, it is laid down that the Shanbhogs should always retain in their own custody all the accounts of their villages. The manual above quoted provides that form No. 11 should be submitted by the Shanbhog to the Amildar who, after examination and the necessary corrections, must return it to the Shanbhog by whom it should be retained, returning the copy to the taluk.

6. The practice of letting village accounts remain in the personal custody of the Shanbhogs has always prevailed. Before the introduction of the survey forms, the old vattuvari and khaneshumari accounts formed the personal records of the Shanbhogs. Out of the 12 forms of village accounts now in force, form No. 1 "Kayam Kard," which is prepared once every 10 years, must of course remain with the Shanbhog for constant reference. Form No. 4 "Ryot's receipt book" remains in the possession of the ryot to whom it is addressed. Five forms *viz.*, Nos. 2, 5, 8, 10 and 12 being proposed to be destroyed as unserviceable, it makes no difference whether they are destroyed or retained in the hands of Shanbhogs. The question at issue thus narrows itself to the custody of the remaining five forms. The main objection urged against the continuance of the present practice is that the records are liable to be lost, but this objection applies with equal force to the accounts of two years also which it is proposed to leave with the Shanbhogs. Under these circumstances I think that the safest plan would be to hold the Shanbhogs themselves strictly responsible for the careful preservation of the records on pain of being subjected to a penalty, should any of the accounts be lost through neglect.

7. I beg you will be so good as to lay the question before the Chief Commissioner in view to some definite ruling being laid down on the subject.

No. 1465—Rev. 4, dated Bangalore, 11th May 1877.

Ordered to be communicated to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner and Commissioners of Nundydroog and Ashtagram Divisions for the expression of their opinion.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Survey and Settlement Commissioner.
" Commissioner of Nundydroog.
" Commissioner of Ashtagram.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue Agriculture and Commerce, 21st May 1877.

READ—

Nagar Division Commissioner's docket No. 82—17 of the 26th April 1877, forwarding copy of a letter from the Deputy Commissioner of Chitaldroog, proposing to carry out the orders conveyed in Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 45—1 of the 5th idem at the sale of the right of manufacture of earth salt for the year 1877—78, in November or December next.

No. 1709—REV. 10, DATED BANGALORE, 18TH MAY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—The proposal of the Deputy Commissioner of Chitaldroog, to revive the manufacture of earth-salt within the prohibited five mile belt, at the sales in Novembee or December next, where the pans have been *already* suppressed, is not approved. Thr operation of the order of 5th April last, No. 45—1, should, for the present and pending the result of the correspondence with the Madras Government on the subject, be limited only to those places in which the manufacture has not hitherto been prohibited under the terms of Proceedings Nos. 1151—R 18 and 9522—R 22, dated 11th May 1875, and 10th March 1876, respectively.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner of the Nagar Division.
" Commissioner of Ashtagram and Nundydroog Divisions.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. R. 15, dated Bangalore, 23rd April 1877.

Adverting to para 3 of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 12480—R. 352 of the 9th ultimo regarding the exemption of kayamgutta villages from the operations of the Survey Department in the Kunigal, Dodballapur and Heggaddevankote Taluks, I have the honor to state that the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District now reports that Bokipura is the correct name of the village referred to.

2. With reference to para 5, I beg to explain that the sum of Rs. 29—1—6, shewn in the ardhamanyam account, is levied on account of Lingada Virana Palyam attached to the mauze of Hodagatta village. The assessment realized on this palyam is reported to have been shewn under nagadiyat till 1866—67, when it was transferred to the "Ardhamanyam" account. This palyam has not therefore been regarded as a regular "Mahal jodi village." Hence its omission in the statement.

3. I take this opportunity to solicit definite instructions as to whether mahal jodi villages should also be * exempted from the survey operations, similarly with kayamgutta proper, as, according to inam precis order No. 23, mahal jodi villages are subject to the Inam settlement; in the latter case, the survey of these villages appears also necessary in order to their correct valuation being ascertained.

*Vide Proceedings No. 8003—R. 484, dated 6th February 1875.

No. 1782—REV. 22, DATED BANGALORE, 21ST MAY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—In para 2 of the foregoing letter, it is stated that Lingada Virana Palyam, attached to the Hodagutta village of the Kunigal Taluk, was entered as nagadiyat till 1866—67, when it was transferred to the ardhamanyam account, and that therefore the Commissioner did not enter it as a mahal jodi in his letter No. 232, dated 11th January 1877. The Chief Commissioner observes that the very fact of the transfer of the palyam from nagadiyat to the ardhamanyam account shews that it was considered as other than Government land. The palyam should therefore be considered as a mahal jodi and exempted from the operations of the Survey Department pending the orders of the Government of India on the reference recently made on the subject of the valuation and survey of mahal jodi and kayamgutta villages.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.
" Survey and Settlement Commissioner.
" Superintendent, Revenue Survey.
" Commissioners of Ashtagram and Nagar for information.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 21st May 1877.

From the Commissioner, Nagar Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Dept., No. 44—Rev. 9, dated 17th April 1877.

With reference to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 7744—140, dated 3rd November 1876, I have the honor to append the following statement shewing the number of excluded minor inams in this Division, the amount of quit-rent imposed on them, as well as the amount of commission payable to the holders of the villages in which the said minor inams exist, in accordance with the sanctioned scale;—

Taluk.	Name of Inam or Jodi or Kayamgutta village in which minor Inam is situated.	No. of minor Inams.	Amount of Quit-rent on the minor Inams.			Amount of Commission allowed to the holders of the villages named in column 2.		
1	2	3	4			5		
Shimoga	... Mattodu	1	26	0	0	2	9	7
	Bilguni	1	1	5	0	0	5	3
Honnali	... Hummagatta	1	1	14	3	0	7	7
Kavaledurga	... Kasagarsina	1	10	0	0	1	0	0
	Hyagalatti	1	3	6	0	0	13	6
Chikmagalur	... Belvadi	1	2	0	0	0	8	0
Davangere	... Malegond anhalli	12	8	10	0	2	2	6
Dodéri	... Buddainahalli	11	12	4	0	1	3	7
Hosdurga	... Srirangapur	1	1	7	0	0	5	9
Pavagada	... Rangasamudra	11	8	12	0	2	3	0
	Venkatapura	5	2	4	0	0	9	0
	Atchammanhalli	1	0	2	0	0	0	6
Dodéri	... Kasenayakanhalli	3	6	12	0	1	11	0
	Total.....	50	84	12	3	13	15	3

2. From the reports of the Deputy Commissioners, it appears that no commission has hitherto been paid to the proprietors of the villages referred to in column 2. Major Armstrong now raises the question, *viz.*, whether, under the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings above quoted, the inamdars should be allowed the remission as per column 5 ; and if so, in what manner the payment should be made, *i. e.*, whether by means of an audited bill, in which case the full amount of quit-rent collected will have to be credited to Government, or by a deduction made out of the gross collections of the quit-rent, in which case the net amount only will have to be brought to book.

3. I therefore request you will be so good as to obtain the Chief Commissioner's orders on the points above adverted to.

No. 1787—Rev. 11, dated Bangalore, 21st May 1877.

Order thereon.—The statement submitted by the Commissioner does not appear to include all the inam villages which fall under the provisions of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 7744—R. 140, dated 3rd November 1876. Besides Malegondanhalli belonging to the late Harihar Taluk (since transferred to Davangere), there are two other villages, Vasana and Bairanhalli of the same taluk, which have not been included in the statement. Further, the amount of quit-rent to be collected from minor inams in Malegondanhalli is put down as Rs. 8—10—0, while the amount entered in the quit-rent register of the late Harihar Taluk is Rs. 9—2—0. Explanation is requested on the above point.

2. It is reported that no commission has hitherto been paid to the proprietors of the villages referred to in the statement on the amount of quit-rent collected by them from ex-

cluded minor inamdars. This is probably owing to the small number of minor inams in the Nagar Division, but the Chief Commissioner considers that there is no reason for refusing the concession in their case.

3. As to the mode of adjusting the commission payable to the inamdars, Mr Saunders thinks it advisable to make the payments on bills prepared in the accompanying form and audited annually, shewing the collections from time to time made by the inamdars on behalf of Government. This course seems necessary to enable the Government to ascertain whether the quit-rent has been regularly paid by the minor inamdars and whether there have been lapses to Government caused by non-payment of quit-rent, relinquishment, &c.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Nagar Division.
" Commissioners, Nundydroog and Ashtagram Divisions.
" Superintendent, Inam Settlements.
" Inam Commissioner.
" Deputy Accountant General.

Name of Inam or Kayamgattu village.	Name of minor Inamdar.	Beriz of Inam.	Deduct Value allowed as Inam to minor Inamdar.	Balance.		Percentage payable to whole inamdar on quit-rent collected by him from minor inams.
				Payable to Inamdar (Former Jodi.)	Payable to Government (Quit-rent.)	

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 30th May 1877.

From the Acting Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Superintendent of the Ashtagram Division, No. 4074—R. 55, dated Camp Bommankere, 11th December 1865.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of Major Elliot's letter No. 69—12, dated 30th May 1865, on the subject of reducing sayer establishments consequent on the relinquishment of so many duties, and the abolition of exports and imports.

2. The Commissioner directs me to convey his authority to your carrying out the suggestions made in that letter as follows:—

3. The Shekdars of hoblis to be placed in immediate charge of sayer collections, and their headquarters to be substituted for the present sayer kattes.

4. The Shanbhogs, Patels and other village servants to be employed under the direction of the Shekdars in the manner proposed in paras 5 and 7, to aid in collecting and to prevent smuggling; and a reward of 10 per cent of the sale proceeds of smuggled goods to be paid to the person who discovers and brings the fraud to light. As a further means of stimulating these officials to exert themselves, the Commissioner is of opinion that a small percentage on the collections of their hobli might also be given to them.

5. The Shekdars of frontier hoblis to have extra assistance, and the establishment, as detailed in para 8, to be entertained for that purpose at a cost of 214 Rs. per mensem.

6. The sayer accounts to be made up in the taluk cutcherry from the counterfoils of rahadaris issued by Shekdars, and forwarded monthly to the Amildars.

7. Three months' gratuity to be given to discharged officials, who may also be provided for as suggested in the last quoted para when opportunity occurs.

8. The arrangements above detailed should take effect from 1st January 1866.

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 11, dated 6th April 1877.

This office No. 269 of 13th ultimo submitting sayer return class V, No. 1, for January 1877.

With reference to para 2 of the above has the honor to annex copy of docket No. 3006—976 of the 17th ultimo from the Deputy Commissioner of Kolar explaining the grounds on which the sanctioned scale of rewards in cases of detention of smuggling was not adhered to in the instance referred to.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, To the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, No. 3006—976, dated Camp at Santehalli, 17th March 1877.

The Commissioner's docket No. 778 of the 6th instant requesting further explanation for paying a moiety of the sale proceeds as a reward for the discovery of the smuggled articles while the reward is limited to 10 per cent.

In reply, the undersigned has the honor to submit that para 4 of the Secretary's letter No. 4074—55 of the 11th December 1865 limiting the amount of reward to 10 per cent of the sale proceeds was understood to refer only to cases wherein the smuggling was discovered by village servants, and not to those as the one in question wherein the discovery was made by a private individual to whom a larger share in the sale proceeds was given as reward.

No. 2096—Rev. 27, dated Bangalore, 30th May 1877.

Order thereon.—The Chief Commissioner observes that the rule laid down in para 4 of this office No. 4074—55, dated 11th December 1865, applies to all persons who bring to light cases of smuggling, and, where a higher rate of reward is deemed proper, special sanction should be applied for.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner of Nundydroog Division.
„ Commissioners of Ashtagram and Na[illegible]
„ Dy. Commissioners of Districts.
„ Dy. Acctt. General.

PART I.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

FORESTS.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1—2	*Mysore Forest Budget allotments for* 1877—78. Sanctioning a re-distribution statement submitted by the Conservator of Forests.	No. 1153—29, dated 3rd May 1877.	...	...	1
3—4	*Rights and privileges held in demarcated Forests.* Communicating correspondence on the subject to the Conservator of Forests and Commissioners of Divisions for guidance and drawing special attention to the instructions contained in para 3 of the letter from Government.	No. 1459—38, dated 11th May 1877.	...	...	1—3

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce (Forests), 11th May 1877.

READ—

Letter from the Conservator of Forests, Mysore, No. 75—11, dated 17th April 1877.

No. 1153—REV.-F. 29, DATED BANGALORE, 3RD MAY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—The re-distribution statement of Mysore Forest budget allotments for 1877—78, received with the above, is sanctioned.

2. The Deputy Commissioners are requested to note separately in their accounts the receipts and charges on account of bamboos, a separate sub-head having been prescribed in the budget.

3. It is observed that, in the printed civil budget for 1877—78, the figures which ought to have been entered under B. II.—3 "Protective Establishment" have been erroneously entered under B. II.—4 "Office Establishment" and *vice versa*. The Deputy Accountant General's attention is drawn to this, with a view to the necessary corrections being made in the printed copies of the budget.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Conservator of Forests, Mysore.
" Commissioners of Divisions.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
" Dy. Accountant General in Mysore.

From the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, No. 890—10, dated 10th April 1876.

With reference to your letter No. 38 of the 3rd March 1875, giving cover to copy of a despatch from the Secretary of State for India, and drawing special attention to the observations therein contained on the subject of the rights and privileges held in demarcated forests by the inhabitants of them or other communities living in their vicinity, I am directed to submit the following report of the nature of the measures adopted and the degree of progress already made towards the attainment of the object in view, as well as the opinions of the officers consulted as to the best mode of giving effect to the wishes of the Government of India.

2. No record of the rights and privileges of third parties in demarcated forests of the nature referred to in para 2 of your letter has yet been opened in Mysore or Coorg, but instructions have now been issued to the Conservator of Forests for the preparation of the requisite register in co-operation with the Civil officers, great care being enjoined in ascertaining the nature and extent of such rights where they exist and the parties who are entitled to exercise them when they are vested in villages, temples, estates or buildings.

Except however in the Province of Coorg, and in certain peculiar forest tenures in the Nagar Division designated "Kans" and also in inam villages in the malnad comprised within the boundaries of a State forest, there are no vested rights which are likely to be a source of difficulty in establishing a complete and absolute control by the Forest Department, when the demarcation has been carefully made; and in fact all the demarcated forests now held by the Forest Department are absolute and unfettered, though grazing has been permitted as a favor in some of them, and the trifling privileges marginally noted conceded in regard to two. The rights enjoyed in the kans are defined in the accompanying copy of a Notification No. 201, dated 8th October 1874, published in the local Gazette; but certain forest lands situated in these kans in the Sorab, Shimoga, Ságar and Honnali Taluks have been assigned to the Forest Department at the survey settlement, but owing to the difficulty of collecting the necessary information the rights of the ryots in respect to these lands have not yet been fully determined.

1. Devaraydurga State Forest—Five cart-loads of wood free of duty are granted once a year to the Narsimhaswami temple during the car festival.

2. Maddagiri and Kundal State Forests—Grazing allowed in certain places fixed by Forest Department and the right of collecting leaves and small bushes for manure.

3. The Conservator, while firmly maintaining the principle that no rights and privileges of any sort should be conceded in any land made over to the Department, suggests that the following rules may be observed in making concessions in exceptional cases:—

(1.) If the department decide to sell the right of grazing, or cutting firewood, or collecting forest produce, it may be allowed to do so for any price but not for a longer time than one year, such sales being always recorded.

(2.) If the State acknowledge that any individual or community shall be admitted to share with it such lands or their produce, such communities or individuals shall be granted clear and defined rights which cannot be legally exceeded.

(3.) If the State cannot claim the absolute right, it would be better that the State should entirely make over such land and its produce to individuals or communities though it may reserve to itself the right to insist upon a certain course of action being followed with reference to the management of all trees, springs, &c.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce (Forests), 11th May 1877.

With regard to Coorg, the Conservator considers that it will be necessary to grant certain rights to villagers, whose villages are situated within the limits of the State forests.

4. The privileges conceded to the ryots and the rights reserved by Government are described in the accompanying copy of a Notification No. 5, dated 23rd April 1873. As a rule, however, whenever forests are absolutely closed against the public, the wants of the neighbourhood are carefully considered and sufficient extent of waste land in the vicinity is left open to them, and in some cases grazing is permitted in State forests, but under the distinct understanding that the privilege is conceded as a matter of favor, and is liable to be revoked at any time should the department deem it necessary in the interests of forest conservancy.

5. The free grant of a specific quantity of sandalwood to certain Matts, temples and chattrams are authorized by old sannads, and are necessarily continued.

6. The Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division expresses his opinion that the record required by Government might be prepared in a short time by the Deputy Commissioner in consultation with the Conservator of Forests.

7. The Commissioner of Ashtagram observes that the State and district forests in his Division are under the exclusive control and management of Government, and no rights of third parties are recognized, although the agricultural classes have been permitted the privilege of grazing their cattle in some of them, in addition to removing firewood, cutting unreserved wood for agricultural purposes, collecting leaves for manure, &c., free of charge.

The Commissioner further states that the object in view will be attained when complete statements are prepared shewing the area and capabilities of each forest, the distance and names of villages the ryots of which are at present allowed to cut unreserved wood, &c. gratis.

8. The Commissioner of Nagar recognizes the necessity for the Revenue and Forest officers co-operating in collecting the necessary statistics for the preparation of the required record and has taken the necessary steps with that object.

9. The Superintendent of Coorg considers that the best mode of obtaining the requisite information is to obtain in writing a statement from the headmen of villages in the vicinity of forests describing the rights and privileges they consider themselves entitled to, and the grounds upon which they are based, and then determine after enquiry the real extent of the claim.

10. The Survey and Settlement Commissioner describes as follows the operations of his department in connection with forest lands.

(1.) When forests already demarcated and reserved by the Forest Department are met with in the course of the survey, the boundaries laid down are adopted by the survey and the area so demarcated is recorded as a State reserve in the settlement register.

(2.) When in the progress of the survey forests still undemarcated are met with, they are divided into survey numbers of from 200 to 500 acres, their limits being defined by permanent boundary marks. Free grazing is accorded to the villagers in as many of these survey numbers as appears necessary till further orders, and so recorded in the settlement register, and in the remainder the grazing is directed to be sold annually and entries are made to that effect in the settlement register. The Forest officers select any survey numbers at their pleasure either at the time of the survey settlement or afterwards, and can, when it seems fit to them, abrogate the conditional grazing privilege accorded at the settlement.

(3.) As far as the survey operations have at present extended, and they have covered the most valuable forests in Mysore, no private rights have been claimed in forests; they are at the sole disposal of Government to deal with at pleasure; and when the survey precedes forest demarcation, care has been taken to give no color to the assertion of any future claim of permanent private rights of any kind in forest lands.

(4.) The only case which is somewhat exceptional is that of the kans in the Shimoga District; in the Sorab Taluk especially, many of these are permanently held, but the claiming any forest rights on the part of the holder is carefully precluded by the terms of Chief Commissioner's Notification dated 8th October 1874.

11. I am directed to forward herewith a printed copy of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 262—Rev.-F 3 of this date, communicating instructions as to the preparation of the record of rights in respect of all demarcated State forests, and to solicit the approval of the Government of India to the course prescribed as regards the record of rights being prepared in the first instance by the District officers.

From the offg. Secretary to the Government of India, Dept of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce,
To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, (Forests,) No. 463, dated Simla, the 21st April 1877.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 890-10, dated the 10th April 1876, forwarding a report on the subject of the rights and privileges exercised in demarcated forests by the inhabitants living in their vicinity, and in reply to state that the Governor General in Council has noticed

that, with the exceptions noted in your letter, the authority of the State in the demarcated reserves of Mysore is, as a rule, absolute and unfettered. It may be inferred, therefore, that, with these exceptions, no rights, strictly speaking, will have to be recorded, but only permission to use certain forest produce, which it has been found expedient to grant to the village communities, or to other persons in the vicinity of the reserves ; and His Excellency in Council trusts that in the course of the enquiry which you have instituted, no orders will be passed which may afterwards be construed as a grant of rights, where no rights can be claimed. It is obviously important that nothing should be done during the last years of British Administration in Mysore that may tend to curtail the authority of the State over its forest domains.

2. With these remarks, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to approve generally of the instructions you have issued on the subject, which are, that the District officers shall prepare a detailed statement of the rights hitherto exercised in every State forest which has been already demarcated by the Forest Department, and of any permission to use the produce of these forests which it may appear to them expedient to grant. You have also directed that these statements shall be sent to the Conservator of Forests, who will record thereon any remarks he may have to make concerning the claims put forward, and the manner in which it is proposed to adjust these claims, final orders being passed by you after hearing the views of the Revenue officers on the Conservator's report.

3. These arrangements justly impose a heavy responsibility upon the Conservator; for the orders which may be passed on his report will, to a great extent, determine the future position of Government in these forests. With the view of enabling the Conservator to discharge his duties efficiently in that respect, I am directed to suggest that he be kept informed of the progress made in these enquiries. When the enquiries are made on the spot, in the forests or in their vicinity, the Forest officers should, whenever practicable, be present, and generally they should take part in these enquiries, so far as can conveniently be arranged. Their objections should be recorded, and every facility should be given them to make themselves acquainted with the merits of each case. This course, the Governor General in Council trusts, will facilitate a mutual understanding on doubtful points.

4. The ultimate aim should be to secure to the State absolute control over those State forests which it may be decided to maintain permanently ; and if the result of the enquiry now ordered should prove the existence of any rights of user in the forests already demarcated, which interfere with their protection and improvement, then an endeavour should be made to satisfy the holders of such rights by the grant to them, free of restrictions, of equivalent lands contiguous to their villages. If this, however, is not immediately feasible, and if it is found that the exercise of rights must continue in the State forests, then these rights must be distinctly defined.

5. For this purpose it will be necessary to draw up registers of all persons entitled to exercise any right in the forest, and of all lands and buildings for the cultivation and maintenance of which a certain user of the forest is vested in their occupants. These registers should exhibit the extent to which the user of the forest is admitted as a right They should state the quantity of timber, bamboos, and other forest produce to be delivered to the right-holders by the Forest officers, and the time and manner of such delivery ; and they should define the number and description of cattle that may pasture in the forest as by right. The registers should also contain such other particulars as may at the enquiry be determined regarding the area within which, and the time and seasons during which, such rights may be exercised.

6. As regards privileges I am to state that whenever it is deemed expedient to grant permission to use any forest produce in any of the Government forests of Mysore, such permission should be most carefully defined, in the same manner as has been prescribed in the case of rights, and it should be borne in mind that the permission must only be granted for the personal use of those to whom it is given and not for the purposes of trade. Forest produce obtained on the ground of permission thus given should not be sold, and a distinct stipulation should be attached to the grant of all such privileges, to the effect that a transgression of this condition will render the holder liable to the suspension or cancelment of the permission given to him.

No. 1459—38, DATED BANGALORE, 11TH MAY 1877.

ORDERED to be communicated to the Conservator of Forests and the Commissioners of Divisions for information and guidance.

2. Special attention is drawn to the instructions contained in para 3 of the letter from Government of India above read, and which should be strictly observed.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Conservator of Forests.
„ Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Survey and Settlement Commissioner for information.
„ Superintendent of Coorg.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce (Forests), 11th May 1877.

With regard to Coorg, the Conservator considers that it will be necessary to grant certain rights to villagers, whose villages are situated within the limits of the State forests.

4. The privileges conceded to the ryots and the rights reserved by Government are described in the accompanying copy of a Notification No. 5, dated 23rd April 1873. As a rule, however, whenever forests are absolutely closed against the public, the wants of the neighbourhood are carefully considered and sufficient extent of waste land in the vicinity is left open to them, and in some cases grazing is permitted in State forests, but under the distinct understanding that the privilege is conceded as a matter of favor, and is liable to be revoked at any time should the department deem it necessary in the interests of forest conservancy.

5. The free grant of a specific quantity of sandalwood to certain Matts, temples and chattrams are authorized by old sannads, and are necessarily continued.

6. The Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division expresses his opinion that the record required by Government might be prepared in a short time by the Deputy Commissioner in consultation with the Conservator of Forests.

7. The Commissioner of Ashtagram observes that the State and district forests in his Division are under the exclusive control and management of Government, and no rights of third parties are recognized, although the agricultural classes have been permitted the privilege of grazing their cattle in some of them, in addition to removing firewood, cutting unreserved wood for agricultural purposes, collecting leaves for manure, &c., free of charge.

The Commissioner further states that the object in view will be attained when complete statements are prepared shewing the area and capabilities of each forest, the distance and names of villages the ryots of which are at present allowed to cut unreserved wood, &c. gratis.

8. The Commissioner of Nagar recognizes the necessity for the Revenue and Forest officers co-operating in collecting the necessary statistics for the preparation of the required record and has taken the necessary steps with that object.

9. The Superintendent of Coorg considers that the best mode of obtaining the requisite information is to obtain in writing a statement from the headmen of villages in the vicinity of forests describing the rights and privileges they consider themselves entitled to, and the grounds upon which they are based, and then determine after enquiry the real extent of the claim.

10. The Survey and Settlement Commissioner describes as follows the operations of his department in connection with forest lands.

(1.) When forests already demarcated and reserved by the Forest Department are met with in the course of the survey, the boundaries laid down are adopted by the survey and the area so demarcated is recorded as a State reserve in the settlement register.

(2.) When in the progress of the survey forests still undemarcated are met with, they are divided into survey numbers of from 200 to 500 acres, their limits being defined by permanent boundary marks. Free grazing is accorded to the villagers in as many of these survey numbers as appears necessary till further orders, and so recorded in the settlement register, and in the remainder the grazing is directed to be sold annually and entries are made to that effect in the settlement register. The Forest officers select any survey numbers at their pleasure either at the time of the survey settlement or afterwards, and can, when it seems fit to them, abrogate the conditional grazing privilege accorded at the settlement.

(3.) As far as the survey operations have at present extended, and they have covered the most valuable forests in Mysore, no private rights have been claimed in forests; they are at the sole disposal of Government to deal with at pleasure; and when the survey precedes forest demarcation, care has been taken to give no color to the assertion of any future claim of permanent private rights of any kind in forest lands.

(4.) The only case which is somewhat exceptional is that of the kans in the Shimoga District; in the Sorab Taluk especially, many of these are permanently held, but the claiming any forest rights on the part of the holder is carefully precluded by the terms of Chief Commissioner's Notification dated 8th October 1874.

11. I am directed to forward herewith a printed copy of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 262—Rev.-F 3 of this date, communicating instructions as to the preparation of the record of rights in respect of all demarcated State forests, and to solicit the approval of the Government of India to the course prescribed as regards the record of rights being prepared in the first instance by the District officers.

From the offg. Secretary to the Government of India, Dept. of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce,
To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, (Forests,) No. 463, dated Simla, the 21st April 1877.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 890-10, dated the 10th April 1876, forwarding a report on the subject of the rights and privileges exercised in demarcated forests by the inhabitants living in their vicinity, and in reply to state that the Governor General in Council has noticed

that, with the exceptions noted in your letter, the authority of the State in the demarcated reserves of Mysore is, as a rule, absolute and unfettered. It may be inferred, therefore, that, with these exceptions, no rights, strictly speaking, will have to be recorded, but only permission to use certain forest produce, which it has been found expedient to grant to the village communities, or to other persons in the vicinity of the reserves ; and His Excellency in Council trusts that in the course of the enquiry which you have instituted, no orders will be passed which may afterwards be construed as a grant of rights, where no rights can be claimed. It is obviously important that nothing should be done during the last years of British Administration in Mysore that may tend to curtail the authority of the State over its forest domains.

2. With these remarks, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to approve generally of the instructions you have issued on the subject, which are, that the District officers shall prepare a detailed statement of the rights hitherto exercised in every State forest which has been already demarcated by the Forest Department, and of any permission to use the produce of these forests which it may appear to them expedient to grant. You have also directed that these statements shall be sent to the Conservator of Forests, who will record thereon any remarks he may have to make concerning the claims put forward, and the manner in which it is proposed to adjust these claims, final orders being passed by you after hearing the views of the Revenue officers on the Conservator's report.

3. These arrangements justly impose a heavy responsibility upon the Conservator ; for the orders which may be passed on his report will, to a great extent, determine the future position of Government in these forests. With the view of enabling the Conservator to discharge his duties efficiently in that respect, I am directed to suggest that he be kept informed of the progress made in these enquiries. When the enquiries are made on the spot, in the forests or in their vicinity, the Forest officers should, whenever practicable, be present, and generally they should take part in these enquiries, so far as can conveniently be arranged. Their objections should be recorded, and every facility should be given them to make themselves acquainted with the merits of each case. This course, the Governor General in Council trusts, will facilitate a mutual understanding on doubtful points.

4. The ultimate aim should be to secure to the State absolute control over those State forests which it may be decided to maintain permanently ; and if the result of the enquiry now ordered should prove the existence of any rights of user in the forests already demarcated, which interfere with their protection and improvement, then an endeavour should be made to satisfy the holders of such rights by the grant to them, free of restrictions, of equivalent lands contiguous to their villages. If this, however, is not immediately feasible, and if it is found that the exercise of rights must continue in the State forests, then these rights must be distinctly defined.

5. For this purpose it will be necessary to draw up registers of all persons entitled to exercise any right in the forest, and of all lands and buildings for the cultivation and maintenance of which a certain user of the forest is vested in their occupants. These registers should exhibit the extent to which the user of the forest is admitted as a right. They should state the quantity of timber, bamboos, and other forest produce to be delivered to the right-holders by the Forest officers, and the time and manner of such delivery ; and they should define the number and description of cattle that may pasture in the forest as by right. The registers should also contain such other particulars as may at the enquiry be determined regarding the area within which, and the time and seasons during which, such rights may be exercised.

6. As regards privileges I am to state that whenever it is deemed expedient to grant permission to use any forest produce in any of the Government forests of Mysore, such permission should be most carefully defined, in the same manner as has been prescribed in the case of rights, and it should be borne in mind that the permission must only be granted for the personal use of those to whom it is given and not for the purposes of trade. Forest produce obtained on the ground of permission thus given should not be sold, and a distinct stipulation should be attached to the grant of all such privileges, to the effect that a transgression of this condition will render the holder liable to the suspension or cancelment of the permission given to him.

No. 1459—38, DATED BANGALORE, 11TH MAY 1877.

ORDERED to be communicated to the Conservator of Forests and the Commissioners of Divisions for information and guidance.

2. Special attention is drawn to the instructions contained in para 3 of the letter from Government of India above read, and which should be strictly observed.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Conservator of Forests.
„ Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Survey and Settlement Commissioner for information.
„ Superintendent of Coorg.

PART I.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

1	2	3	4	5	6
s Nos. the edings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of Previous Proceedings.	Page.
to 2	*Appropriation and outlay account of the District Funds of the Province for* 1875—76. Passing orders on the same.	No. 282—105, dated 5th May 1877.	...	...	1 to 2
to 4	*Debts of the Sivaganga Matt.* Communicating correspondence on the subject to the Deputy Accountant General and authorizing him to advance Rs. 10,000 to the Bangalore Deputy Commissioner for the purpose.	No. 1284—19, dated 7th May 1877.	...	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for February 1877 Part I, R. A. and Commerce. Index Nos. 17 to 18.	3
to 6	*Muzrayi Servants.* Passing orders on a reference from the Ashtagram Commissioner.	No. 1569—12, dated 16th May 1877.	...	...	4
7 to 8	*Pension to Srinivas Rao.* Communicating Government of India order on the subject to Ashtagram Commissioner.	No. 2108—15, dated 30th May 1877.	...	...	4

DISTRICT FUNDS.

READ—

Letter No. 6543, dated 28th March 1877, from the Deputy Accountant General in Mysore.

No. 282—FINL. 105, DATED BANGALORE, 5TH MAY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—With the letter above read, the Deputy Accountant General submits the Appropriation and Outlay Account of the district funds of the Province of Mysore, for the year 1875—76, received from the Examiner of Public Works Accounts.

2. Excluding the sum of Rs. 9,926 included under Part IV, B, for civil establishment charges, audited by the Deputy Accountant General, the original budget grant for expenditure was Rs 4,84,177, to which must be added Rs. 66,017 being grants from local fund general and other sources, aggregating in all Rs. 5,50,194. This sum has been distributed as shewn in the following table:—

Districts.	Original works.	Repairs.	Establishment.	Tools and Plant.	Undistributed Grant.	Grant-in-aid to Public Works.	Total
Bangalore	9,892	21,079	6,897	723	...	...	38,591
Kolar...	15,901	18,810	6,277	592	...	...	41,580
Túmkúr...	22,940	24,938	6,686	1,326	...	...	55,890
Mysore	31,589	17,940	8,712	1,321	...	...	59,562
Hassan	26,105	27,130	7,595	1,346	...	...	62,176
Shimoga	69,632	16,597	15,056	1,948	...	...	1,03,233
Kadur	41,637	11,278	5 526	489	...	...	58,930
Chitaldroog	45,607	34,282	12,533	1,065	...	...	91,487
Undistributed grant	...	...	...	...	26,500	...	26,500
Grant-in-aid to Public Works ..	...	...	...	..	...	12,245	12,245
Total.....	2,61,303	1,72,054	69,282	8,810	26,500	12,245	5,50,194

3. The total expenditure under all heads was Rs. 4,12,967 as shewn in the following statement:—

Districts.	Original works.	Repairs.	Establishment	Tools and Plant.	Undistributed Grant.	Grant-in-aid to Public Works.	Total.
Bangalore	7,582	19,523	6,319	555	...	...	33,979
Kolar...	9,008	17,277	4,942	552	...	...	31,780
Túmkúr	13,292	23,810	6,476	2,340	...	...	45,918
Mysore	20,834	17,286	6,271	627	...	...	45,018
Hassan	21,594	26,017	7,254	1,062	...	...	55,927
Shimoga	66,679	16,443	12,809	2,026	...	...	97,957
Kadur	38,994	12,390	4,720	514	...	...	56,618
Chitaldroog	13,680	12,952	9,538	2,009	...	...	38,179
Undistributed grant	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grant-in-aid to Public Works ...	...	...	...	...	...	7,591	7,591
Total.....	1,91,663	1,45,698	58,329	9,686	...	7,591	4,12,967

4. From the total outlay of Rs. 4,12,967 the Examiner has deducted Rs. 32,351 spent in 1874—75 on the improvement of the buildings purchased for the residence of His Highness the Maha Raja at Bangalore, as the charge is properly debitable to imperial funds.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department,
5th May 1877.

5. In the last two columns of the statement printed at page 5 of the report now submitted, the Examiner has shewn in a lump sum the grant-in-aid from local funds to public works and the outlay therefrom. It seems desirable that, in future accounts, the particulars of the grant and outlay should be shewn separately for each District.

6. The lapses amounted to Rs. 1,37,227.

7. The allotments appear to have been well utilized in the Bangalore, Hassan Shimoga and Kadur Districts; while in the other Districts, and more especially in Chitaldroog, the lapses amounted to very large sums as will be seen from the following statement, exhibiting the percentages of short outlay against grants:—

Districts.	Percentage of Lapse	
	On Works against Grant.	On Establishment against Grant.
Bangalore	12·7	8·4
Kolar	24·0	21·3
Túmkúr	19·8	3·1
Mysore	23·8	28·0
Hassan	10·8	4·5
Shimoga	3·4	14·9
Kadur	2·8	14·6
Chitaldroog	63·7	23·9
Undistributed grant	100·0	...
Grant-in-aid to Public Works	38·0	...
	26·3	15·8

8. The grants for relief works which were allotted from several local sources during the latter part of the year, when the commencement of the impending scarcity necessitated the starting of relief works, amounted to Rs. 43,463, of which Rs. 9,242 were expended, and the balance, Rs. 34,221, lapsed.

9. The items of irregular expenditure, noted in para 17 of the Examiner's report have been since adjusted, regular estimates having been submitted and sanctioned.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
„ Secretary, D. P. W.
„ Examiner, P. W. A.
„ Dy. Accountant General in Mysore.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 7th May 1877.

From the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, To the Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 11946—182, F., dated Bangalore, 23rd February 1877.

I am directed by the Chief Commissioner to solicit the sanction of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General to a sum of Rs. 10,000 being transferred as a loan from the surplus fund of devasthanams (temples) and chattrams or "*Muzrayi surplus fund," for the purpose of freeing a religious institution called the Sivaganga Matt (or monastery) from the debts with which it is encumbered.

*For description of this fund see para 10 of Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 181, dated 22nd January 1877, copy of which was transmitted to Government of India, Financial Department, with this office letter No. 289, dated 12th February 1877.

2. The circumstances of this Matt, which is situated in the Bangalore District, are as follows :—

Prior to the year 1862, the predecessors of the present Guru or head of the Matt, on the security of the estates which are held on "jodi" or reduced assessment, contracted debts to a very considerable amount, and as these had outgrown the means of the Matt to discharge them and the revenues of the Matt were thus inadequate to fulfil the intentions for which the endowments had been originally granted, the late Chief Commissioner, Mr. Bowring, directed in that year that the Matt estates should be placed under Government management until such time as the debts were liquidated. The Guru was allowed Rs. 1,500 per annum for the current expenses of the Matt, and the remainder of the income of the Matt property was applied towards liquidation of the debts.

3. This arrangement continued for two years, when the then Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division entered into an agreement with the creditors of the Matt, by which it was arranged that the management of the Matt estates should be undertaken by one of their number, Annaji Rao, on conditions which provided for the annual payment of a dividend from the net income of those estates. Owing to the failure of Annaji Rao to carry out his engagement for the past year, the contract has now been revoked, and the management of the estates has again devolved upon the District officer. The examination of the accounts, which has been instituted, shews that though a large amount of the debts had been paid off, the sum still due by the Matt, with the interest that has accrued, amounts to the large sum of Rs. 39,527—7—7. The annual income of the Matt is about Rs. 4,000, and at the present rate of dividend payable to the creditors, it has become apparent that very many years must lapse before the debts can be fully liquidated. As the only means of releasing the institution from its encumbrances, by which the objects of the Matt are frustrated, negotiations have been entered into with the creditors who have, with one exception, (the claim in this instance amounts to Rs. 100 only), agreed to receive one half of the sums due to them in full satisfaction of their claims.

4. In order to effect this adjustment it will be necessary to raise a sum of Rs. 11,395, and for this purpose the Chief Commissioner proposes to obtain a loan, as already stated, of Rs. 10,000 from the muzrayi surplus fund, the amount of which stood at Rs 76,976 on the 31st March last. It is proposed that the loan should bear interest at 4 per cent per annum, and that for the repayment of this loan, the Matt estates should continue as heretofore under the management of the District officer until it is wholly discharged. The balance required less the amount of loan solicited is Rs. 1,395, which will be available as soon as the collections of the Matt revenue due for the current year are made.

From the Offg. Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, Finance, To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No 152, F., dated Simla, the 18th April 1877.

In reply to your offg. Secretary's letter No. 11946—F. 182, dated 23rd February 1877, I am directed to state that, under the circumstances represented, the Governor General in Council sanctions the sum of Rs. 10,000 being advanced on the terms mentioned as a loan from the surplus fund of devasthanams and chattrams, to enable the debts of the Sivaganga Matt to be liquidated.

No. 1284—FINL. 19, DATED BANGALORE, 7TH MAY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—Communicated to the Deputy Accountant General, who is authorized to advance the 10,000 rupees to the Deputy Commissioner of Bangalore District, to enable the latter to liquidate the debts of the Sivaganga Matt, in accordance with the instructions conveyed in Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 11764—207 of the 20th February last, and to submit a report to this office at an early date through the Commissioner of Nundydroog Division.

2. The Deputy Commissioner is requested to expedite the submission of the information called for in para 6 of this office order No. 11764—207 of the 20th February last.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.
" Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.
" Deputy Accountant General in Mysore.
" Agent, Sivaganga Matt.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, Financial Department, 30th May 1876.

READ—

Letter No. 28—9, dated 10th April 1877, from the Commissioner of Ashtagram, submitting for sanction bill for Rs. 418—13—4, being arrears of pay due to the servants of the Mallikarjunaswami temple a Bettadpur in the Periyapatna Taluk from 1st April 1870 to 31st March 1873, which were disallow ed by the Deputy Accountant General pending authority to the entertainment of the establishment a required by the Deputy Accountant General's Circular No. 1121, dated 6th June 1874.

No. 1569—FINL. 12, DATED BANGALORE, 16TH MAY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—As the establishment was entertained prior to the issue of th circular referred to above, the bill submitted by the Commissioner is sanctioned and for warded to the Deputy Accountant General for audit.

2. In order to obviate a frequent cause of complaint from delay in the payment o the stipends due to Muzrayi servants, the Chief Commissioner directs that the payment be made monthly, and that, if the funds requisite for the purpose be not available in th case of any institution, its establishment should be suitably reduced.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary

To—The Commissioner of Ashtagram.
„ Deputy Accountant General with the bill.
„ Commissioners of Nundydroog and Nagar.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Government of India, Financial Department, No. 90, Simla, the 30th April 1877.

Read the undermentioned papers, relating to a recommendation from the Chief Commissioner o Mysore, that, as an exception to Rule I under Section 69 of the Civil Pension Code, the invalid pensio of Srinivas Rao, late Record-keeper of the Arkalgúd Taluk, Hassan District, may be calculated upon th average pay received by him during the last five years of his service instead of the average pay receive by him during the last twenty five years of his service:—

Endorsement of the Foreign Department No. 556 F., dated 16th December 1876.

Letter to Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 22, dated 10th January 1877.

Letter from Chief Commissioner, Mysore, No. 12454—F. 69, dated 7th March 1877, and enclosures.

Resolution—If it were not for the special rule for officials of the Mysore Government, contained i Rule I under Section 43 of the Civil Pension Code, Srinivas Rao would not have been entitled to an pension. This special rule was made to meet cases similar to that of Srinivas Rao, and the Governo General in Council sees no grounds for treating specially a claim to which a liberal rule already applies.

Order.—Ordered that this Resolution be communicated to the Foreign Department.

(Sd) E. J. SINKINSON,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department, Finance, No. 212. F., dated Simla, 12th May 1877.

Copy of the above forwarded to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, for information, with referenc to his Officiating Secretary's letter No. 7803—F. 127, dated 4th November 1876.

By Order, &c.,
F. C. DAUKES,
Offg. Asstt. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 2108—FINL. 15, DATED BANGALORE, 30TH MAY 1877.

ORDERED to be communicated to the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division for communication to Srinivas Rao.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner of Ashtagram Division.
„ Commissioners, Nundydroog and Nagar Divisions.
„ Deputy Accountant General.

PART I.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

1	2	3	4	5	6
dex Nos. of the ceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1	*Relief kitchens.* Calling attention to the necessity of preventing the migration of distressed persons from one kitchen to another.	No. 1083—31, dated 1st May 1877.	..	...	1
2	*Relief works.* Calling upon District Officers to explain the causes which have led to the falling off in the attendance on the same.	No. 239—72, dated 1st May 1877.	...	...	2
3 to 4	*Relief to village Tolis, &c.* Approving of their employment as gangsmen on relief works.	No. 1237—18, dated 4th May 1877.	...	*Vide* Vol. of Proes. for April 1877, Part I, "Rev., Agriculture and Commerce," Index Nos. 15 to 16.	2
5 to 6	*Removal of Mysore Coolies from the Districts of the Madras Presidency bordering this Province.* Communicating Chief Commissioner's remarks on the subject to the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, and the Madras Government.	No. 1288—18, dated 7th May 1877.	...	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part I, "Rev., Agriculture and Commerce," Index Nos. 3 to 4.	3 to 4
7 to 8	*Statistics of Jails, &c.* Forwarding communication from the Government of India on the subject to the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department and the Judicial Commissioner.	No. 1349—144, dated 9th May 1877.	...	...	5 to 9
) to 10	*Codes of the Financial Department.* Distributing copies.	No. 1423—37, dated 11th May 1877.	...	...	9
l to 12	*Reports on the condition of the distressed Districts.* Directing their submission to the Government of India.	No. 1494—39, dated 12th May 1877.	...	...	10
to 14	*Works carried out under the orders of the officers of the Department Public Works.* Forwarding copies of a schedule of rates allowed for such, to Commissioners of Divisions and other local officers with instructions.	No. 353—161, dated 12th May 1877.	...	...	10
to 16	*Imposition of a fine by the Amildar of Kavaledurga on the Archik of the Pranadevaru temple.* Passing orders in the case.	No. 1581—41, dated 16th May 1877.	...	...	11
to 19	*Government kitchens in the Ashtagram Division.* Placing a further sum of Rs. 10,000 at the Commissioner's disposal subject to a	No. 403—193, dated 17th May 1877.	...	...	11 a to 11 b

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page
	discrepancy as denoted being explained.				
19 to 20	*Destitute children.* Directing the constitution of a Government Asylum for their admission, &c.	No. 1725—193, dated 18th May 1877.	...	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part I, "Rev. Ag. & Com. Index Nos. 23 to 24.	12
21	*Condition statements submitted by Amildars of Taluks.* Reviewing those received for the four weeks ending 21st April 1877.	No. 411—197, dated 18th May 1877.	...	...	13 to
22	Do for week ending 28th April 1877.	No. 435—207, dated 21st May 1877.	...	...	18 to
23 to 24	*Conservancy.* Laying down rules for small towns and villages.	No. 1793—46, dated 21st May 1877.	...	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part I, "Genl." Index Nos. 6 to 7.	20 to
25	*Famine relief.* Intimating that the allowance of 45 tolas of ragi flour comprises a day's diet.	No. 1834—48, dated 22nd May 1877.	...	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 1877, Part I, "Genl." Index Nos. 36 to 37.	21
26 to 27	*Statistics of tea and coffee cultivation.* Communicating letter from the Government of India on the subject to the Commissioners of Divisions, District Officers and Superintendent of Coorg for information and guidance.	No. 1852—49, dated 22nd May 1877.	...	...	22 to
28 to 29	*Issue of coffee patlas.* Passing orders on a reference from the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan, on the subject.	No. 1849—21, dated 22nd May 1877.	...	...	24
30 to 31	*Rules issued by Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, for the guidance of officers in charge of relief works and kitchens.* Approving of the same generally.	No. 465—228, dated 23rd May 1877.	...	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 1877, Part I, "Genl." Index Nos. 36 to 37.	25 to
32	*Frontier line of this Province adjoining the Malabar District.* Letter to Madras Government on the subject.	No. 2016—25, dated 24th May 1877.	...	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Jan. 1877, Part I, "Genl." Index Nos. 13 to 14.	30 to
33	*Major Cole.* Appointing him to carry out a systematic inspection of relief operations in progress in the Nundydroog Division.	No. 2021—30, dated 25th May 1877.	...	...	39
34 to 35	*Famine Relief Works, Ashtagram Division.* Passing orders on a reference from Ashtagram Commissioner on the subject.	No. 485—238, dated 25th May 1877.	...	*Vide* Vol. of Progs for March 1877, Part I, "Genl." Index No. 27.	40 to 4

No. 1083—GENL. 31, DATED BANGALORE, 1ST MAY 1877.

ORDER.—The Chief Commissioner desires that the attention of the Deputy Commissioners and of all officers engaged in supervising Government relief kitchens should be at once directed to the necessity of preventing, by all practicable means, the migration of distressed persons from one kitchen to another.

2. The reports which have been received at this office shew that there are considerable numbers whose habit it is to move about the country, seeking relief in any form in which they can obtain it. The habit is traceable rather to a restless disposition on the part of the people than to any defect in the measures which have been taken to provide gratuitous relief to all persons in need of it, but it is probable that adequate precautions are not taken by the officials in charge of relief centres to provide employment for persons whose condition has sufficiently improved to admit of their being discharged from the kitchens, and that those who have been so discharged take to wandering about in search of promiscuous relief.

3. It is certain that deaths from disease and exhaustion have occurred chiefly among vagrant paupers, and it is important therefore that efforts should be made to check a practice which is attended with serious consequences to the vagrants themselves, and is conducive to the spread of disease through the country, more especially at Bangalore and in other large towns to which the vagrant poor chiefly resort in the hope of obtaining relief both at the several kitchens opened by Government and from the more wealthy and charitably disposed members of the community.

4. The Chief Commissioner is aware that in some relief centres the officers in charge have made efficient arrangements by which the evil has been checked. The people in receipt of relief have not been permitted to roam about at will, and, when in a fit condition to labor, they have been distributed to the relief works going on in the neighbourhood. The system is one which, if followed generally, would put an effectual stop to the habit of vagrancy, which is fostered by the laxity too often allowed to prevail.

5. It should be made the duty of the officers in charge of relief centres to see that persons who have been relegated to relief works are admitted to such works, and to keep a list of such persons for the inspection of the superior officers during their tours. The relief officers should for this purpose be placed in control of the relief works in progress within the area of their charge, and where the works happen to be under the charge of Public Works Department officers, the nominal list of persons assigned to them should be furnished to those officers, whose care it will be to keep them on the works so long as they are fit to labor, and otherwise to send them back to the relief officer.

6. The Commissioners of Divisions are requested to issue such further detailed instructions as may be requisite to give effect to the intentions above expressed, and to notice in their monthly condition reports, the progress made in repressing the habits of vagrancy adverted to.

7. Another point which calls for prompt attention in connection with the management of the relief kitchens is the necessity of ensuring that the daily allowance of food, in accordance with the scale recently prescribed, is really given to those fed at the kitchens. For this purpose it will be desirable that the cooked food should be served out in a mould or measure expressly adapted to the quantity allowed at each meal, and that the recipients should thus be satisfied that they have received their dole to which they are entitled. This allowance has purposely been regulated with reference to the bare requirements of each adult individual, and it is obvious that, if the utmost vigilance is not exercised in the arrangements made for dispensing the food, the recipients of this needful relief as well as the Government itself will be seriously defrauded.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
„ Chief Engineer, P. W. D.
„ President, Central Executive Famine Relief Committee.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 4th May 1877.

No. 239—GENL. 72, DATED BANGALORE, 1ST MAY 1877.

ORDER.—On a review of the returns shewing the daily average number of coolies employed on works in progress under Revenue officers for the past four weeks, an abstract of which is appended in the margin, it is observed that there has been a gradual decrease in all the Districts except Chitaldroog, while the number of persons gratuitously fed is on the increase. In calling upon District officers to explain the causes which have led to this falling off in the attendance on relief works, the Chief Commissioner remarks that, unless the strictest vigilance is exercised, there will be an increasing migration from relief *works* to relief *kitchens*.

Districts.	No. of persons employed during the week ending —			
	31st March 1877.	7th April 1877.	14th April 1877.	21st April 1877.
Bangalore	18,807	13,604	7,705	4,709
Kolar	8,499	4,150	4,040	4,451
Túmkúr	8,434	5,654	5,773	3,781
Mysore	2,306	220	145	341
Hassan	4,733	1,468	1,111	1,046
Shimoga	854	510	779	731
Kadur	2,175	1,643	1,860	2,637
Chitaldroog	8,709	4,139	7,426	9,424
Bangalore Municipality ...	979	536	320	566
Mysore do ...	191	123	...	...
Total.....	55,687	32,047	29,159	27,686

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

From the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 49, dated Bangalore, 20th April 1877.

With reference to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 515 of the 19th ultimo, on the subject of affording relief to the village Totis, &c., I have the honor to state that the absence of any remarks on my part when submitting the question was an oversight. With regard to these classes there appear to be only two ways of relieving them, namely, by the remission of the jodi on their service inams, or by feeding them when it is impossible to employ them.

2. With reference to the first point, I beg to state that I have submitted the matter for consideration in my letter marginally noted, and as regards the other mode of relief I beg to submit that in all relief works the Totis and Talaris in the vicinity can be appointed gangsmen, and those in the vicinity of kitchens can be made watchmen, and fed. If there are others at a distance who are destitue, they may be given a small weekly allowance of grain to be issued only on a ticket signed by the Taluk Amildar.

No. 5, dated 9th April 1877.

3. Captain Ludlow has relieved considerable numbers heretofore by employing them as gangsmen and watchers.

No. 1237—GENL. 18, DATED BANGALORE, 4TH MAY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—The remission of jodi payable by Totis, Talaris and Nirgantis has already been sanctioned in this office Proceedings No. 782—10, dated 20th April last.

2. The Chief Commissioner observes that the arrangements already adopted in the Túmkúr District of providing employment for Totis, Talaris, &c., as gangsmen on relief works in the vicinity of their villages, and as watchers at relief kitchens, are very suitable and may be introduced in the other Districts. It may be expected that in this manner all destitute persons of these classes will be provided for, without having recourse to the system of issuing grain on tickets, which will be liable to great abuse.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.
„ Commissioners of Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions, for guidance with reference to para 2.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 7th May 1877.

From the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 57—Genl. 27, dated Camp Gundlupet, 28th April 1877.

With reference to the correspondence noted in the margin, I have the honor to state that I telegraphed and wrote to the Collector of Malabar requesting information regarding the number of coolies that might be expected and on what roads they would be sent, but I have as yet received no reply.

No. 13151—222, dated 26th March 1877.
No. 62—2, dated 5th April 1877.
No. 475—27, dated 12th April 1877.
No. 578—9, dated 14th " "

The Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, was directed to make preparations to receive them on the boundary where an officer was to meet any official deputed by the Madras authorities to make over the coolies; but as it would appear from the enclosed correspondence with the Commissioner of the Nilgiris that the latter expect a Mysore officer to assist in hunting up the coolies on each estate, I request to be informed if the Chief Commissioner wishes this to be acceded to, or if it will be sufficient for the Mysore officer to receive the coolies at the boundary as proposed by me.

*No. 68, dated 23rd April 1877, from Deputy Commissioner, Mysore.
No. 125, dated 19th April 1877, from acting Commissioner, Nilgiris, to Dy. Commissioner, Mysore.
Circular No. 32, dated 23rd April 1877, from Dy. Commissioner, Mysore, to Messrs. Shanmugavelu Pille, Krishna Mûrti and Lawrance.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, To the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, No. 68, dated 23rd April 1877.

Has the honor, in continuation of this office No. 56 of 19th instant, to forward for information and approval copy of circular letter to the Assistant Commissioners and of the correspondence from and to the Commissioner, Nilgiris, on the subject of receiving Mysore coolies at the border.

From the acting Commissioner, Nilgiris, To the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, No. 125, dated Ootacamund, 19th April 1877.

With reference to G. O. No. 1117 of 31st March 1877, I have the honor to inform you that nominal rolls of destitute coolies have been called for and will be sent to you as soon as received.

2. To save time however, I have the honor to state that there are some destitute coolies in the Chiterloney Valley, and to suggest that you should depute an officer to proceed to that locality (it is near Gudalur) to take the people back to their villages.

3. On hearing from you that the officer has started, I will send a Revenue Inspector to meet him at Gudalur and proceed to each estate in the valley and collect those that are to be taken away.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, To the Commissioner, Nilgiris, No. 94, dated Mysore, 23rd April 1877.

In reply to your letter No. 125 of 19th instant, requesting that an officer may be deputed under the recent orders of Government to receive destitute Mysore coolies, I have the honor to inform you that officers have been already told off for the duty and will be ready to start when so instructed on receipt by me of detailed information from you or the Collector of Malabar: they will receive any coolies made over to them with the nominal roll, on the Mysore border.

2. As there are three main roads from Mysore Territory to Nilgiris and Wynad, I must request you will be good enough to give me such timely notice of the strength of gangs and the dates at which they will be handed over the border as will enable the officer to be there with sufficient funds or provisions for the feeding of the party as well as guards to prevent the escape and return of any of those made over to them.

From the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, To Messrs. E. C. Shanmugavelu Pille, P. N. Krishna Mûrti and Lawrance, Circular No. 32, dated Mysore, 23rd April 1877.

In continuation of my No. 20 of 17th instant, I beg to forward you further correspondence for your information, and, as apparently any day some coolies may be expected and I have not yet received sanction for the funds applied for, I send you an order to draw Rs. 500 from the taluk treasury as an advance subject to future adjustment, for the feeding of coolies received, or the purchase, if need be, of grain, &c., to accompany the party or for the entertainment of such a number of men as guards at a daily

pay as the strength of the gang of coolies may require, and which guards you may yourself entertai locally.

From the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 60—Genl. 29, dated Camp Nanjangúd, 2nd May 1877.

In continuation of my letter No 57—27, dated 28th ultimo, I have the honor to forward for th information of the Chief Commissioner copy of a telegram dated 30th ultimo from the Collector o Malabar, intimating that many of the Mysore coolies supposed to be lingering in Wynad in a very desti tute state have returned to their homes and that the remainder have obtained employment on estates.

There are none to be removed, and the deputation of an officer for that duty is unnecessary.

To (Station). Mysore.
To (person). Commissioner.

From (Station). Calicut.
From (person). Collector.

dated 30th April 1877.

Your telegram, 17th, no present necessity for deputing officer, deport Mysore coolies from Wynad. Improved prospects at home, and outbreak cholera imported from Mysore have induced many people return home. Remainder get estate employment. Will inform you should future necessity arise.

No. 1288—Genl. 18, dated Bangalore, 7th May 1877.

Order.—In compliance with the request of the Madras Government, the Commissioner of the Nilgiris, and the Collectors of the Madras districts bordering on Mysore Province, were asked on the 4th April last, to indicate the localities at which the destitute persons belonging to Mysore, whose removal is deemed expedient, could be conveniently collected, in order to their being made over to the officer deputed by the several Deputy Commissioners for that purpose.

2. From his letter No. 125 of the 19th April 1877 to the address of the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore, it would appear that the Commissioner of the Nilgiris has misapprehended the intention of the measures adopted. He states that there are "some destitute coolies" (presumably belonging to Mysore) in the coffee estates in the Ochteriony Valley, and he proposes that the officer deputed from the Mysore District should accompany the Revenue Inspector and visit each estate in search of such persons.

3. The offer made by the Chief Commissioner to meet the views of the Madras Government as regards the removal of Mysore people, did not apply to persons working or subsisting by other means on coffee estates, but solely to those who had become wholly destitute and were in receipt of gratuitous relief at the kitchens opened by Government in the adjoining districts. As regards these, there will be no difficulty, it is presumed, in collecting them, as desired in this office letter to the Commissioner of the Nilgiris of 4th April last, at certain definite localities, whether on or near the frontier, whence they can be removed by an officer of this Administration.

4. In his telegram to the Commissioner of Ashtagram Division dated 30th April 1877, the Collector of Malabar has, after a long interval, confirmed the report made by him to Sir R. Temple that there are no persons whose removal to the Mysore country is called for, many having returned to their homes, while others have obtained employment on the plantations.

5. Ordered, that a copy of these Proceedings be communicated to the Chief Secretary to Government of Madras for information.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 9th May 1877.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 46, (Sanitary),—under date Fort William, the 23rd March 1877.

READ again—

Home Department orders Nos. 12—1265 to 12—1267, dated 22nd July 1876, to the Governments of Madras and Bombay and the Chief Commissioner of British Burmah, requesting among other things that duplicate copies of the monthly and annual returns of jails in those Provinces should be sent to the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India in view to their being included in his annual report as desired by the Secretary of State in his despatch No. 20 (Statistics and Commerce), dated 23rd March 1876.

Despatch from the Secretary of State No. 51 (Statistics and Commerce), dated 15th June last, drawing attention to the suggestion of the Army Sanitary Commission that the time and labor of Sanitary Commissioners in India should be confined to purely sanitary work and not taken up with the preparation of statistics.

Despatch to the Secretary of State No. 19 (Sanitary), dated 26th October 1876, proposing for approval certain measures in view to relieving the several Sanitary Commissioners of some portion of their statistical duties.

Despatch from the Secretary of State No. 125 (Statistics and Commerce), dated 14th December 1876, approving the measures proposed by the Government of India.

RESOLUTION.

The Government of India has repeatedly declared that practical sanitary work is the main duty of the several Sanitary Commissioners, and has directed that their time and attention should not be taken up with the preparation of statistics. Nevertheless in view of all the considerations involved, the Governor General in Council is of opinion that the time has not yet arrived when the Sanitary Commissioners ought to be altogether relieved of the duties connected with the registration of births and deaths. The great object of all sanitary work is, as stated by the Army Sanitary Commission, the carrying out of practical reforms ; and such reforms must to a great extent be carried out by the people themselves. But if it rests with the people themselves, it is quite clear that the first step is to educate them—to teach them the value of such reforms. This must be a work of time ; it must be done judiciously, and in the hope that, if progress is necessarily slow, it may be sure. For the attainment of this object the most important means are the mortuary statistics. They afford the means of proving that the mortality is much higher than it ought to be, and that much of it is preventible ; and this is the strongest practical argument for inducing the people to take preventive measures. In this view the proper supervision of these special statistics is a most important part of the practical work of a Sanitary Commissioner. Eventually a separate officer may be required in each Province to undertake the duties of a Registrar General, but this does not at present seem called for, and would involve much unnecessary expense. The returns indeed are not yet sufficiently accurate to warrant such appointments. Nor would a Registrar General, moreover, be able to effect anything in making the statistics more accurate, which cannot be effected equally well by the Sanitary Commissioners.

2. It is very desirable, however, that Sanitary Commissioners should not be occupied with statistics more than necessary. In this view the Secretary of State was informed that as the annual statistics of jails in the three Presidencies are to be compiled in the office of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India in compliance with the wishes expressed in His Lordship's despatch No. 20, dated the 23rd March last, it would be a waste of time, labor and money to compile them in Madras and Bombay also, and it was therefore proposed that their separate compilation in those Presidencies should be discontinued. The Government of India also suggested that the same principle might with advantage be extended to the annual statistics of the Native Troops of all three Presidencies.

3. The Secretary of State has now approved of these proposals, but His Lordship desires that it may be understood by the Sanitary Commissioners of Madras and Bombay that while it forms no part of their duty to present in their annual reports any figured statements of sickness and mortality among native troops and prisoners, it will still be expected of them to include in their reports descriptive sections on those subjects as well as with respect to European troops as laid down in his *despatch No 4, dated 13th January 1876.

* *Vide* Home Department circular Nos. 1—48 to 58, dated 7th March 1876.

4. Under the arrangement now approved by the Secretary of State the Sanitary Commissioners of Madras and Bombay will be relieved of considerable statistical work; the statistics will be concentrated;

less establishment as a whole will be required; and the results, being all compiled on the same princip will certainly be more accurate and satisfactory. The annual statistics of jails hitherto compiled for t sanitary reports of Madras and Bombay are now unnecessary, and the Governments of those Preside cies are requested to issue instructions for their discontinuance. The Military Department will iss such orders as may be necessary for the discontinuance of the separate compilation in Bengal, Madras a Bombay of the annual statistics of native troops in those Presidencies.

No. 1—56.

ORDER.—Ordered that this resolution, and a copy of the despatches marginally noted * be forwar ed to the Military Department with reference to para 4 and continuation of office memorandum No. 389, dated 2nd Nove ber last; also, that the resolution and a copy of the despatch marginally noted† be forwarded to the Governments of Madr and Bombay for information and guidance and to the other L cal Governments and Administrations and to the Sanita Commissioner with the Government of India.

* From Secretary of State No. 4, dated 13th January 1876.
From Secretary of State No. 125, dated 14th December 1876.

† From Secretary of State No. 51, dated 15th June 1876.
To Secretary of State No. 19, dated 26th October 1876.
From Secretary of State No. 125, dated 14th December 1876.

(True Extract).

ARTHUR HOWELL,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of Indi

To—The Chief Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg.

No. 51 (Statistics and Commerce), dated India Office, London, the 15th June 1876.

From—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

To—His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

In forwarding for your information a copy of a memorandum by the Army Sanitary Commission the last published India Office report on sanitary measures in India, I desire to direct your attention to the point on which great stress is laid by the Commission, not only in this paper, but in some which were transmitted to you last year, and in several others of this year which will shortly be forwarded, namely, the importance of the time and labor of the several Sanitary Commissioners being confined to directly sanitary work, and not taken up with the preparation of statistics. It certainly appears to me that this suggestion of the Army Sanitary Commission is most just, and demands attention.

2. I understand, by a resolution of the Bombay Government, dated the 16th December 1875, that some measure of this sort is in contemplation, if not already effected, at that Presidency. The resolution in question embodied a copy of a letter addressed to you by the Government of Bombay on the subject of the subordination of the Vaccination Department to the Sanitary Commissioner, in para 10 of which it was stated that the amalgamated office was intended to include "a clerk who will be able to look after the compilation of registration and other returns."

3. I shall be glad to be informed whether this arrangement has been sanctioned for the Government of Bombay, whether it will enable the view expressed by the Army Sanitary Commission to be acted on, and whether it is proposed to afford any similar relief to the Sanitary Commissioner with your Government.

Memorandum of the Army Sanitary Commission on the report on sanitary measures in India in 1873—74, together with miscellaneous information up to June 1875 (Vol. VII.), dated the 3rd May 1876.

The form of this report differs to some respects from that adopted in preceding years, and, as some change has been made, it may be suggested whether in future years a more complete record of practical sanitary work might not be introduced.

The adoption of this proposal depends, of course, on sufficient information being transmitted from India to shew the nature and extent of sanitary works and measures carried out at stations of British and native troops, jails, municipal towns, and among the civil population generally. For several years past the Army Sanitary Commission has called attention to the apparently large share of time allotted to statistical work by the local sanitary authorities in India, and the small amount of information about sanitary proceedings in the reports. They have, moreover, pointed out repeatedly that keeping statistics is no proper part of the duty of sanitary officers, and that time can only be given to this by abstracting

it from what is of far greater importance, namely, saving life. Statistical facts are nevertheless of essential value in all sanitary reports, but only when they are placed in the hands of the Sanitary Commissioners for their information and guidance, and when compared with the sanitary condition of the localities to which they refer, and the works and measures carried out for improving them.

Holding these views, the Commission would beg to suggest whether the present is not a fitting opportunity for the India Office to direct attention to this subject, for if the changes pointed out are adopted in India, the results would not only be of great use to the Commission in their advising capacity, but they would enable the India Office to shew distinctly year by year, in their annual reports, the practical steps taken and the progress made in improving the sanitary condition of the country, which, in the view of the Commission, is the most important use of sanitary reporting.

No. 19, dated Simla, the 26th October 1876.

From—The Government of India.

To—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

We have the honor to acknowledge Your Lordship's despatch No. 51 (Statistics and Commerce), dated 15th June, forwarding a memorandum by the Army Sanitary Commission on the last published India Office report on sanitary measures in India; also copy of despatch No. 16 of the same date to the address of the Government of Bombay.

2. The main suggestion in these papers is the desirability of relieving the several Sanitary Commissioners of their statistical duties. The Army Sanitary Commission think that these officers should not attend to mortuary registration, and Your Lordship enquires in the despatch addressed to the Government of Bombay whether the appointment of a clerk proposed by that Government will meet the difficulty.

3. From the enclosed copy of our letter * to the Government of Bombay on the subject of the amalgamation of the Sanitary and Vaccination Departments in that Presidency, it will be seen that the proposal to appoint a special clerk on the establishment of the local Sanitary Commissioner has been sanctioned. With the assistance of this clerk and of the Superintendents of Vaccination, who will now act as Health Officers under the Sanitary Commissioner, the compilation of statistics so far as required need not interfere with his more practical sanitary duties.

* No. 183, dated 17th July 1876.

4. We are fully alive to the importance of the time and labor of the several Sanitary Commissioners being confined to practical sanitary work and not taken up with the preparation of statistics, but we are of opinion, after full consideration of the whole question, that the time has not yet arrived when the Sanitary Commissioners ought to be altogether relieved of the duties connected with the registration of births and deaths. We fully admit that the great object of all sanitary work is, as stated by the Army Sanitary Commission, the carrying out of practical reforms, and that such reforms may to a great extent be carried out by the people themselves. The view which we have always taken as respects such reforms in towns and villages is in accord with this suggestion, but if it rests with the people themselves, it is quite clear that the first step is to educate them—to teach them the value of such reforms. This must be a work of time; it must done judiciously, and in the hope that if progress is necessarily slow, it may be sure. For the attainment of this object the most important means are the mortuary statistics. They afford the means of proving that the mortality is much higher than it ought to be, and that much of it is preventible; and thus afford the strongest practical arguments for inducing the people to take preventive measures. In this view the proper supervision of these statistics is a most important part of the practical work of a Sanitary Commissioner. Eventually a separate officer may be required in each Province to undertake the duties of a Registrar General, but this does not at present seem called for. To appoint a separate Registrar General to each Province would involve much expense, which is most undesirable especially at the present time, and the returns are not yet sufficiently accurate to warrant such appointments. A Registrar General moreover could do little to make the statistics more accurate. Their improvement can be effected equally well by the Sanitary Commissioner, and indeed in Bombay he is much more likely to succeed in this matter than any one else, because he has now a staff of assistants who travel all over the country and are able to inspect registers, and generally see that the system is put in good working order.

5. It is very desirable, however, that Sanitary Commissioners should not be occupied with statistics more than necessary. We have accordingly directed the attention of the Bombay Government to

the statement made by their Sanitary Commissioner in his last annual report* that he intends in future to prepare statements of sickness and mortality among European troops in Bombay, similar to those which are prepared in the office of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India. It is a needless expenditure of time and labor to prepare the same statistics in two offices, and as there must always be some differences in the results, the effect is confusing. Statistics of European troops in Bombay used to be given in the Bombay annual sanitary reports, but they have been omitted for some years on the ground that they are given much more fully in our Sanitary Commissioner's reports, and Your Lordship evidently approves of this course, as in your despatch to the Madras Government, No. 2, dated 13th January 1876, you direct that as the statistics of European troops in Madras are fully given by the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, they should in future be omitted from the Madras reports. To prepare a series of tables such as the Bombay Sanitary Commissioner speaks of will cost a considerable sum in establishment, and the recommencement of such statistics in Bombay would be entirely opposed to the suggestions of the Army Sanitary Commission.

* Page 122.

6. We are also of opinion that as the annual statistics of jails in the three Presidencies are to be compiled in the office of our Sanitary Commissioner in compliance with the wishes expressed in Your Lordship's despatch No. 20, dated the 23rd March last, it is a waste of time and labor and money to compile them in Madras and Bombay also, and we therefore propose that their separate compilation in those Presidencies be discontinued. We believe that the same principle might with advantage be extended to the annual statistics of the Native troops of all three Presidencies. By the adoption of this plan the Sanitary Commissioners of Madras and Bombay would be relieved of considerable statistical work; the statistics would be concentrated; less establishment as a whole would be required; and the results, being all compiled on the same principle, would certainly be more accurate and satisfactory. The Indian Medical Departments in the three Presidencies would still receive returns of sickness and mortality, and any unusual events under either head could be dealt with promptly on these returns. They would also submit the current information regarding the health of the troops which is desired by the military authorities in each Presidency, but the annual statistics would be prepared in the office of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, copies being forwarded as early as possible for the information of the Governments of Madras and Bombay. It is to be remembered that the annual statements cannot be ready for some months after the year closes, and that they are required not for immediate practical action in relation to any unusual outbreak of disease, but for dealing with great questions connected with the public health, on which opinions can be formed only on a mass of collated evidence.

7. If Your Lordship should approve of these views, we shall issue the necessary instructions.

8. Your Lordship appears to be under some misapprehension when you enquire whether it is intended to afford relief in statistical work to the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India. As Your Lordship is aware, there is a Statistical Officer attached to our Sanitary Commissioner's Office. His duties, however, are not to compile statistics of the general population, but of the European troops throughout the three Presidencies and of Native troops and prisoners in Bengal. To these, in accordance with Your Lordship's despatch already referred to, the prison population of Madras and Bombay has now been added. There only remain the Native troops of these Presidencies, and by adding them also as above proposed, the statistical branch of our Sanitary Commissioner's office will be able to prepare a complete annual record of the statistics of sickness and mortality among the troops and prisoners throughout India. One efficient statistical office will in every respect be preferable to the present system which, although costly, is unsatisfactory. This arrangement moreover will have the effect of considerably relieving local Sanitary Commissioners in the direction recommended by the Army Sanitary Commission.

9. Considering the many important questions which are referred to our Sanitary Commissioner, on which full information is required before any correct opinion can be formed, it is necessary that the Statistical Officer should remain, as he now is, directly attached to our Sanitary Commissioner.

No. 125 (Statistics and Commerce), dated India Office, London, the 14th December 1876.

From—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

To—His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

I have received your Home (Sanitary) letter dated the 26th October, No. 19, relative to the question raised by the Army Sanitary Commission of relieving the Sanitary Commissioners in India of statistical duties.

2. I approve of the compilation in future of statistics relating to the Native troops and jails of Madras and Bombay in the office of the Sanitary Commissioner with your Government, the Commissioners in those Presidencies being entirely relieved of that duty. At the same time it must be distinctly understood

by these last-mentioned officers that, while it forms no part of their duty to present in their annual reports any figured statements of sickness and mortality among Native troops and prisoners, it will still be expected of them to include in their reports descriptive sections on those subjects as well as with respect to European troops as laid down in my despatch No. 4 of the 13th January last.

3. There will still remain the question of the compilation of statistics in regard to the general population, a question which has, however, been already satisfactorily solved in Bombay. The importance of these statistics to the more directly sanitary work of the local Commissioners cannot be over-rated, but it would doubtless be a great advantage if this preparatory work could be entrusted to separate hands. While, therefore, quite appreciating the difficulty you point out on the score of expense, I desire that you will bear in mind the expediency of carrying out in the several Provinces, as means and opportunities may present themselves, some system similar to that inaugurated at Bombay.

No. 1349—GENL. 144, DATED BANGALORE, 9TH MAY 1877.

ORDERED, that a copy of the Government of India resolution recorded above be communicated to the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, for information and guidance. It is observed that the compilation of the annual statistics of jails in the three Presidencies will in future be reserved for the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, but this order is not applicable to Mysore and Coorg, for which such statistics will continue to be furnished as heretofore.

2. The statistics of Native troops will, under present instructions, be omitted in the annual medical reports submitted by the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Deputy Surgeon General, I. M. D.,
Mysore Division and Ceded Districts.
„ Judicial Commissioner.

READ—

Memo from the office of Superintendent of Government Printing (No. 8, Hastings street, Calcutta,) No. 184, dated 26th April 1877, forwarding 50 copies of the Codes of the Financial Department with addenda and corrigenda.

No. 1423—GENL. 37, DATED BANGALORE, 11TH MAY 1877.

	Allotment.
Judicial Commissioner	1
Survey and Settlement Commissioner.	2
Inam Superintendent	1
Commissioner of Ashtagram Division.	1
Commissioner of Nundydroog Division	1
Commissioner of Nagar Division ...	1
Deputy Commissioners	8
Military Assistant	1
Surgeon, Mysore Commission ...	1
Civil Surgeon, Nagar Division ...	1
Civil Surgeon, Mysore	1
Conservator of Forests	2
Director of Public Instruction ...	2
Judge, Small Cause Court ...	1
Town and Cantonment Magistrate, Bangalore	1
President, Municipality of Mysore ...	1
Inspector General of Police ...	1
Superintendent, Central Jail ...	1
Anche Bakshi	1
Public Works Secretary and Examiner, Public Works Accounts ...	20
Coorg Superintendent	1
8 Police Assistant Commissioners ...	8
Chief Commissioner's Offices ...	6

ORDERED, that copies of the above be distributed as marginally denoted. Heads of offices are requested to see that these copies are duly entered in their office library lists.

"By Order,"
T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 12th May 1877.

READ—

Nundydroog Division Commissioner's docket No. 701 of the 27th March 1877.

Ashtagram Division Commissioner's letter No. X—1 of the 21st March 1877.

Nagar Division Commissioner's No. C., dated 29th March 1877.

} Submitting reports on the condition of the several Divisions for the fortnight ending 15th March 1877.

Letter No. 62, dated 13th March 1877, from the President of the Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee, submitting a report on the working of the kitchens in Bangalore.

Nundydroog Division Commissioner's No. 60, dated 25th April 1877, submitting a report on the condition of the Division for the month ending 7th April 1877.

Ashtagram Division Commissioner's No. 11, (Camp) dated 25th April 1877, submitting a similar report for the month ending 15th April with appendix.

Nagar Division Commissioner's No. 2, (circuit) dated 18th April 1877, submitting a similar report for the fortnight ending 15th April 1877.

No. 1494—GENL. 39, DATED BANGALORE, 12TH MAY 1877.

ORDERED, that the reports above recorded which contain much interesting information relative to the condition of the distressed districts be printed and submitted to the Government of India for information.

2. The Commissioners of Divisions are requested to expedite the submission of the report called for in para 3 of this office letter No. 13344—299 of the 29th March last, regarding the requirements of their Divisions in the matter of food supply for the next three months.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

DISTRICT FUNDS.

READ—

Schedule of rates allowed for works carried out under the orders of the officers of Department Public Works in the several Districts of the Mysore Province and in Coorg, received with docket No. 788—1324, dated 4th May 1877, from Chief Engineer, Department Public Works.

No. 353—161, DATED BANGALORE, 12TH MAY 1877.

ORDERED, that copies be communicated to Commissioners of Divisions, Deputy Commissioners of Districts, Superintendent of Coorg, and President of the Bangalore Town and Cantonment Municipalities, with a request that, in framing estimates for works to be carried out under Civil officers, the rates specified in the schedule be adhered to; and that, whenever higher rates are deemed necessary, the reasons for recommending the same be clearly stated for the information of the sanctioning authorities.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
„ Superintendent of Coorg.
„ President, Bangalore Town and Cantonment Municipalities.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
16th May 1877.

READ—

Rubkari No. 167, dated 24th April 1877, from the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District.

No. 1581—GENL. 41, DATED BANGALORE, 16TH MAY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—In this case the Amildar of Kavaledurga fined the Archik of Pranadevaru temple at Mahishi in the sum of Rs. 2, for not having performed his duties properly. On appeal the Deputy Commissioner of Shimoga District remitted the fine on the ground that, as the temple was not under Muzrayi officer's management, the Amildar had no control over the Archik, and that the inam lands attached to the temple may be resumed if the purposes for which they were granted were not fulfilled.

2. Considering the object with which the lands were granted in inam to the temple, the Chief Commissioner considers that it should be brought under the control of the officers of Government, and that mere irregularities or derelictions of duty by a member of the temple establishment such as the Archik, should be restrained, without recourse to the threat of resumption of the endowment.

3. In the present case it is not alleged by the Deputy Commissioner that the fine was unjustly imposed, and unless this was shewn to the satisfaction of the Deputy Commissioner, the Chief Commissioner sees no sufficient reason for authorizing the refund of the amount.

4. The Chief Commissioner considers that, in the case of all muzrayi establishments under Government management, the Muzrayi officer may be empowered to fine any member of it, for misdemeanours or irregularities which do not require severer notice, within a limit of Rs. 5 in each instance. The order will be subject to reversal by the Deputy Commissioner on appeal.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Dy. Commissioners of * Districts.

* Shimoga, returning the bill.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 17th May 1877.

From the Commissioner of Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 17, dated Camp Hassan, 9th May 1877.

I have the honor to submit for the information of the Chief Commissioner a memo on the working and expenditure in the Government kitchens in this Division.

2. The total number of Government relief kitchens in operation in this Division is 36:—

Mysore Town	1
Mysore District	15
Hassan District	20
Total....	36

3. The total amount of receipts from all sources in these kitchens from commencement was Rs. 33,567—2—10.

	Private Subscription.			Government Grant.			Total.		
Town of Mysore	10,946	4	1	9,825	4	1	20,771	8	2
Mysore District	5,599	5	2	1,885	0	4	7,484	5	6
Hassan District	1,811	5	2	3,500	0	0	5,311	5	2
Total.....	18,356	14	5	15,210	4	5	33,567	2	10

4. Out of this Rs. 27,237—5—7 was expended.

	Rs.	As.	P.	
Town of Mysore	15,744	10	8	up to 28th April 1877.
Mysore District	7,163	6	10	Do.
Hassan District	4,329	4	1	up to 21st April 1877.
Total....	27,237	5	7	

leaving a balance of Rs. 6,329—13—3 in hand.

	Rs.	As.	P.	
Kitchen in the Town of Mysore..	5,026	13	6	on the night of 28th April 1877
Mysore District	320	14	8	Do.
Hassan District	982	1	1	on the night of 21st April 1877
Total....	6,329	13	3	

5. The average daily number of persons fed in these kitchens was 6,767.

	Adults.
Kitchen in the Town of Mysore	3,001
Mysore District	1,257
Hassan District	2,509
Total.....	6,767

6. Further particulars are given in detail in the memo and I have now only to state that it i apparent that distress is much on the increase especially in the Hassan District, and that with the in creasing number of applicants for relief it has now become necessary to apply for larger grants whic will be utilized with every precaution against abuse or extravagance.

7. The number of persons fed during the 3rd of April in the Hassan District exceeded that of th previous month by 1,252, and all officers concur in saying that, although it is difficult to predict the nun bers who may during the next three months be found to need gratuitous relief, it is certain that they wi rapidly increase till the early crop is reaped.

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8. The present weekly expenditure in the Mysore District, exclusive of the town of Mysore, is about Rs. 360, and that of the Hassan District nearly 800 Rs., and as I consider that Rs. 2,500 per month will now be required for the Districts I request that a sum of Rs 5,000 may be sanctioned as soon as possible with a further grant of Rs. 5,000 for the relief kitchen in Mysore town.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Town of Mysore.

The general relief kitchen in this town was opened on the 25th October 1876.

Receipts.

The amount of private subscriptions up to date was Rs. 10,946—4—1 and the Government grant Rs. 9,825—4—1, making a total of Rs. 20,771—8—2.

Expenditure.

The expenditure up to the 28th of April 1877 was Rs. 15,744—10—8 or nearly ¾ per cent of the total amount of receipts :—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Up to 31st March 1877	10,878	9	4
1st week ending 7th April 1877	945	4	7
2nd do 14th do	878	0	2
3rd do 21st do	965	7	11
4th do 28th do	2,077	4	8
Total....	15,744	10	8

The particulars of the expenditure were as follows :—

	Gram.			Condiments.			Wages of the Establishment.			Sundries and Contingencies.			Total.		
Up to 31st March 1877	8,646	2	8	199	5	11	179	13	0	1,853	13	9	10,878	9	4
1st week ending 7th April 1877 ...	377	3	11	9	2	0	21	8	0	537	6	8	945	4	7
2nd do 14th do ...	599	14	1	13	1	7	...	...	...	265	0	6	878	0	2
3rd do 21st do ...	862	5	11	30	5	0	...	...	...	72	13	0	965	7	4
4th do 28th do ...	1,773	15	4	2	5	4	38	11	7	262	4	5	2,077	4	8
Total.....	12,259	9	11	254	3	10	240	0	7	2,990	12	4	15,744	10	8

The large expenditure during the week ending 28th April 1877 was due to the purchase at favorable rates of large quantity of grain of which only a portion was issued during the week, the remainder being stock in hand.

Balance.

The balance in hand on the night of the 28th April 1877 was Rs. 5,026—13—6.

Number fed.

The average daily number fed was:—

	Adults.	Children.	Total.
Up to 31st March 1877	1,342	917	2,259
1st week ending 7th April 1877 .. .	1,236	1,018	2,254
2nd do 14th do	1,577	1,659	3,236
4th do 28th do	1,473	1,528	3,001
Total....	7,168	6,546	13,714

Compared with March 1877 the increases in the number of persons fed have been as follows:—

	Adults.	Children.	Total.
2nd week ending 14th April 1877..	235	742	977
3rd do 21st do	198	507	705
4th do 28th do	135	611	742
Total....	564	1,860	2,424

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The average cost of feeding the above persons daily was—

	Adult per head.	Children per head.	Total.
During 1st week ending 7th April 1877	0 0 6¼	0 0 3¾	0 0 10
Do 2nd do 14th do	0 0 9	0 0 3	0 1 0
Do 3rd do 21st do	0 0 8	0 0 3	0 0 11
Do 4th do 28th do	0 0 8	0 0 2½	0 0 10½

being within the scale laid down by the Chief Commissioner which will be adhered to strictly in future.

Taluk Kitchens.

The total number of the taluk kitchens in operation in the Mysore District is 15, exclusive of the town of Mysore :—

No.	Names of Roads.	No.	Names of Taluks.	Genl. No.	No.	Names of Kitchens.
1	Mysore-Mercara	1	Mysore	1	1	Yelwal.
				2	2	Húnsúr.
		2	Periyapatna	3	3	Periyapatna.
2	Mysore-Manantoddy ...	1	Heggaddevankote ...	4	1	Hampapur.
				5	2	Karapur.
3	Yelwal-Ramnathpur ...	1	Yedatore	6	1	Haliyur-Hosur.
4	Mysore-Bangalore ...	1	Ashtagram	7	1	Seringapatam.
				8	2	Mandya.
		2	Mandya	9	3	Maddur.
5	Malvalli-Kankanhalli ...	1	Malvalli	10	1	Malvalli.
6	Mysore-Hassan	1	Ashtagram	11	1	Daraskuppe.
7	Mysore-Bellary	1	Ashtagram	12	1	French-Rocks.
8	Hasnur-ghat	1	Chamrajnagar	13	1	Chamrajnagar.
9	Nilgiri	1	Gundlupet	14	1	Gundlupet.
10	Seringapatam-Yelwal ...	1	Ashtagram	15	1	Palhalli.

These are exclusive of private kitchens in operation on these roads, which are entirely under the control and management of private individuals.

Receipts.

The total amount of receipts from all sources in the Government kitchens above mentioned from date of their institution to 28th of April 1877 was Rs. 7,484—5—6.

	Rs.	A.	P.
From Government grant	1,800	0	0
District Fund..	85	0	4
Private subscriptions	5,599	5	2
Total...	7,484	5	6

The private subscriptions consisted partly of grain and partly of cash. The largest amount of private subscriptions received in a single kitchen was Rs. 1,971—4—4 in the kitchen at Gundlupet on the Mysore-Nilgiri and Wynaad roads, and the smallest Rs. 3 in the kitchen at Hampapur on the Mysore-Manantoddy road.

The largest proportion of the Government grant was *Rs. 330 in the kitchen at Gundlupet, and the smallest Rs. 45—0—0 in the kitchen at Karapur and Hamapapur on the Mysore-Manantaddy road.

* Plus Rs. 200 remitted by the Famine Relief Committee, Mysore.

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Expenditure.

The amount expended up to 28th April 1877 was Rs. 7,163—6—10, including the expenditure out of the private subscription for which no separate accounts are kept, or 95 per cent of the total amount of receipts from all sources :—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Up to 31st March 1877	5,848	12	10
During the week ending 7th April 1877 ..	311	1	7
Do do 14th do ..	338	12	5
Do do 21st do ..	310	12	5
Do do 28th do ..	353	15	7
Total...	7,163	6	10

The expenditure prior to 31st March 1877 was about Rs. 250 weekly. The outlay in the month f April 1877 varied from Rs. 312 to Rs. 354 weekly.

The expenditure in each kitchen varied from Rs. 1—3—0 to Rs. 68—2—3 weekly, the smallest mount of outlay being in the kitchen at Hampapur on the Mysore-Manantoddy road, and the largest the kitchen at Gundlupet on the Mysore-Nilgiri road.

The largest expenditure from commencement up to the 28th of April 1877 was Rs. 2,263—13—8 the kitchen at Gundlupet, and the smallest Rs. 20—13—7 in the kitchen at Halayur on the Yedatore-amnathpur road. Compared with March 1877 there has been a slight falling in the expenditure in the itchens of Daraskuppa on the Mysore-Hassan road, Palhalli on the Seringapatam-Yelwal road, únsúr on the Mysore-Mercara road, Karapur on the Mysore-Manantoddy road and Gundlupet on the lysore-Nilgiri road; while there has been an increase more or less in the remaining kitchens.

Number of persons relieved.

The average daily number of persons fed in the Government kitchens up to 31st March 1877 was 1,853 or 1,294 adults, and 559 children, against 1,257 in April, which are 601 less than the former :—

	Nos.	Difference.	
1st week ending 7th April 1877 ..	1,858	6	Increase as compared with the previous week.
2nd Do 14th do ..	1,427	431	Decrease as compared with the 1st week.
3rd Do 21st do ..	1,306	121	Decrease as compared with the 2nd week.
4th Do 28th do ..	1,257	49	Decrease as compared with the 3rd week.

The number of persons fed in each kitchen was:—

No.	Names of Roads.	No.	Names of Kitchen.	Average Daily Numbers		Difference.
				Up to 31st March 1877.	During the week ending 28th April 1877.	
1	Mysore-Mercara ...	1	Yelwal ...	88	116	+28
		2	Húnsúr ...	194	113	—81
		3	Periyapatna ...	83	82	— 1
2	Mysore-Manantoddy ...	1	Hampapur ...	8	11	+ 3
		2	Karapur ...	22	18	— 4
3	Yelwal-Ramnathpur ...	1	Halayur .. Hosur	10	10	
4	Mysore-Bangalore ...	1	Seringapatam ...	34	50	+16
		2	Mandya ...	44	83	+39
		3	Maddur ...	21	71	+50
5	Malvalli-Kankanhalli...	1	Malvalli ..	456	300	—156
6	Mysore-Hassan ...	1	Daraskuppa ...	142	92	—40
7	Mysore-Bellary ...	1	French-Rocks ...	270	112	—158
8	Hasnur-ghat ...	1	Chamrajnagar ...	53	60	+ 7
9	Nilgiri ...	1	Gundlupet ...	475	134	—341
10	Seringapatam-Yelwal...	1	Palhalli ...	39	..	Transferred to a private individual who looks after the kitchen.
			Total.....	1,853	1,257	

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The number of persons fed in a single kitchen varied from 456 to 8 daily up to 31st March 1877, and that in April from 300 to 11.

The largest number of persons relieved up to date was in the kitchen at Gundlupet, and the smallest in that at Halayur on the Yedatore-Ramnathpur road.

Compared with March 1877 the number of persons fed during the month of April 1877 has increased in the undermentioned kitchens:—

No.	Names of Roads.	No.	Names of Taluks.	No.	Names of Kitchens.	No. of Persons.
1	Mysore-Mercara ...	1	Mysore ...	1	Yelwal ...	+ 28
2	Mysore-Manantoddy ..	1	Heggaddevankote ..	1	Hampapur ...	+ 3
3	Mysore-Bangalore ...	1	Ashtagram ...	1	Seringapatam ...	+ 16
			Do	2	Mandya ...	+ 39
		2	Mandya ...	3	Maddur ...	+ 50
4	Hasnur-ghat ...	1	Chamrajnagar ...	4	Chamrajnagar ...	+ 7

The decrease in the remaining kitchens varied from 300 to 1 per kitchen.

Cost of Feeding.

The information regarding the cost of feeding will be submitted on receipt of the detailed statement called for from the Districts.

Balance.

After deducting the expenditure the balance in hand on the 28th of April 1877 was Rs. 320—14—8, plus private subscriptions obtained subsequently; the balance in each kitchen varied from Rs. 8 to Rs. 130, the largest amount being in the kitchen at Malvalli, and the smallest at Mandya.

There were no balances in the kitchens at Darshuppa on the Mysore-Hassan road, Hunsur and Periyapatna on the Mysore-Mercara road, except the small amount of subscription obtained from 28th of April 1877 up to date which are not included in the above mentioned figures.

Hassan District.

Total Number of Kitchens.

The total number of Government kitchens in the Hassan District was 19 up to 31st March 1877. An addition of one was made in April 1877, so that the total number of Government kitchens now in operation is 20, exclusive of the private kitchens under the control and management of private individuals:—

No.	Names of Roads.	No.	Names of Taluks.	General No.	No.	Names of Kitchens.
1	Mysore-Hassan	1	Attikuppa	1	1	Attikuppa.
			Do	2	2	Kikkeri.
		2	Channaraypatna	3	3	Channaraypatna.
		3	Hassan	4	4	Grama.
		5	Do	5	5	Hassan.
2	Mysore-Belliary	1	Nagamangala	6	1	Nagamangala.
			Do	7	2	Nelligere.
3	Hassan-Mysore *viâ* Narsipur.	1	Narsipur	8	1	Narsipur.
4	Hassan-Arkalgúd	1	Arkalgúd	9	1	Arkalgúd.
5	Hassan-Saklespur... ..	1	Hassan	10	1	Palyam.
		2	Manjarabad	11	2	Saklespur.

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No.	Names of Roads.	No.	Names of Taluks.	General No	No.	Names of Kitchens.
6	Hassan-Belur	1	Belur	12	1	Halebid.
			Do	13	2	Belur.
7	Hassan-Harnhalli	1	Hassan	14	1	Dud.
		2	Harnhalli	15	2	Harnhalli.
8	Bangalore-Shimoga ...	1	Do	16	1	Arsikere.
			Do	17	2	Gandasi.
9	Kittankere	1	Do	18	1	Halkur.
10	Other cross roads ...	1	Channaraypatna	19	1	Nuggihalli.
			Do	20	2	Naule.

Receipts.

The total amount of receipts from all sources in these kitchens up to the 21st of April 1877 was Rs. 5,311 5 2 :—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Private subscriptions	1,811	5	2
Government grants	3,500	0	0
Total...	5,311	5	2

The Government grant shewn here is Rs. 1,300 in excess of the amount (Rs. 2,200) allotted to the District. The Deputy Commissioner has been requested to explain the cause of this.

The largest amount of private subscriptions obtained up to 21st April 1877 in a single kitchen was Rs 466—14—0 in the kitchen at Channaraypatna, and the smallest Rs. 4—0—0 at Palyam and Halebid lately opened.

The largest amount of Government allotment in a single kitchen was Rs. 460 at Harnhalli, and the smallest Rs. 15 at Halebid.

Expenditure.

The total amount expended up to the night of the 21st April 1877 was Rs. 4,329—4—1, or 81 per cent of the total amount of receipts:—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Up to 31st March 1877..	2,506	14	5
During the week ending 7th April 1877 .	454	4	3
Do do 14th April 1877 ..	586	13	0
Do do 21st do ..	781	4	5
Total....	4,329	4	1

The outlay under different heads was as follows:—

Particulars of Expenditure.

Items.	Up to 31st March 1877.			Up to 7th April 1877.			Up to 14th April 1877.			Up to 21st April 1877.			Total.		
Grains	2,206	11	9	407	9	10	501	2	1	689	11	4	3,805	3	0
Condiments	123	3	10	28	14	1	43	3	1	46	6	3	241	11	3
Wages of the establishment	104	6	7	6	5	7	21	0	4	11	11	2	143	7	8
Sundries and Contingencies	72	8	5	11	6	9	21	7	6	33	7	8	138	14	2
Total.....	2,506	14	5	454	4	3	586	13	0	781	4	5	4,329	4	1

The total expenditure in each kitchen varied from Rs. 565—11—4 to Rs. 1—12—0 up to 21st of April 1877, the largest amount of expenditure Rs. 565—11—4 being in the kitchen at Channaraypatna, and the smallest Rs. 1—12—0 in that at Halebid.

Number of persons fed.

The average daily number of persons fed was 1,257 up to 31st March 1877 against 2,509 on the 21st of April 1877 :—

	Adults.	Children.	Total.
Up to 31st March 1877 ..	708	549	1,257
1st week ending 7th April 1877 ..	792	741	1,533
2nd Do 14th do .	996	907	1,903
3rd Do 21st do ..	1,290	1,219	2,509
Total....	3,786	3,416	7,202

Compared with March 1877, the increase in the number of persons fed have been as follows:—

	Adults.	Children.	Total.
1st week ending 7th April 1877...	84	192	276
2nd do 14th do ..	288	358	646
3rd do 21st do ..	582	670	1,252
Total ...	954	1,220	2174

The average daily number of persons fed in each kitchen was as follows :—

No.	Names of Roads.	No.	Names of Kitchens.	Average Daily Number. Up to 31st March 1877.	During the 1st week ending 7th April 1877.	During the 2nd week ending 14th April 1877.	During the 3rd week ending 21st April 1877.
1	Mysore-Hassan ...	1	Attikuppa	40	32	31	38
		2	Kikkeri	18	42	37	35
		3	Channaraypatna ...	98	138	166	175
		4	Grama	46	52	64	58
		5	Hassan	218	194	213	176
2	Mysore-Bisle ...	1	Nagamangala ...	125	97	80	74
		2	Nelligere	68	90	106	124
3	Hassan-Mysore *viâ* Narsipur	1	Narsipur	13	12	15	23
4	Hassan-Arkalgúd ...	1	Arkalgúd	32	37	61	75
5	Hassan-Saklespur ...	1	Palyam	53	47	49	52
		2	Saklespur	55	46	65	98
6	Hassan-Belur ...	1	Halebid	...	...	...	41
		2	Belur	79	54	60	47
7	Hassan-Harnhalli ...	1	Dud	35	14	89	116
		2	Harnhalli	183	140	148	204
8	Bangalore-Shimoga ...	1	Arsikere	148	174	145	227
		2	Gandasi	88	99	140	180
9	Kittankere ...	1	Halkur	77	101	133	351
10	Other cross roads ...	1	Nuggihalli	66	84	146	142
		2	Naule	8	80	155	273
			Total.....	1,257	1,533	1,903	2,509
						Increase...	+1,252

The number of persons fed in each kitchen up to 31st March 1877 varied from 8 to 218 daily, while the number in the month of April 1877 ranged from 12 to 194 in the first week ending 7th April 1877, from 15 to 213 in the 2nd week ending 14th idem and from 23 to 351 in the 3rd week ending 21st April 1877.

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The largest number fed in a single kitchen during the week ending 21st April 1877 was 351 at Halkur, and the smallest 23 at Narsipur.

Compared with March 1877, there have been increases in the undermentioned kitchens:—

	Kitchens.	Increase No.
1.	Kitchen at Kikkeri	17
2.	Do at Channaraypatna	77
3.	Do at Grama	12
4.	Do at Nelligere	56
5.	Do at Narsipur	10
6.	Do at Arkalgúd	43
7.	Do at Saklespur	43
8.	Do at Halebid	41
9.	Do at Dud	81
10.	Do at Harnhalli	21
11.	Do at Arsikere	79
12.	Do at Gandisi	100
13.	Do at Halkur	274
14.	Do at Nuggihalli	76
15.	Do at Naule	265
	Total..	1,195

Balance.

The balance on the night of the 21st of April 1877 was Rs. 982—1—1. The largest balance in a single kitchen being Rs. 201—2—8 at Channaraypatna, and the smallest Rs. 1—3—2 at Nuggihalli.

From the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Dept., Camp No. 23, dated Camp Hassan, 9th May 1877.

In continuation of my letter No. 17, dated 9th instant, reporting on the working and expenditure in the kitchens in this Division, I have the honor to state for the information of the Chief Commissioner that, pending sanction for the further assignment therein applied for, a sum of Rs. 1,000 is placed at the disposal of the Deputy Commissioners, Mysore and Hassan, for expenditure in the kitchens in which the receipts have been almost exhausted. The amount will be drawn out of the famine relief fund allotted to this Division subject to adjustment hereafter.

No. 403—Genl. 193, dated Bangalore, 17th May 1877.

Order thereon.—The Government grant for kitchens made up to date is stated in the first of the letters above read to be Rs. 15,210—4—5, whereas the amount actually sanctioned is Rs. 13,825—4—5 as noted in the margin.

For the town of Mysore ...	Rs. 9,825—4—5
For the Mysore and Hassan Districts, *vide* Proceedings No. 48, dated 15th December 1876 and No. 443, dated 8th March 1877 ..	„ 4,000—0—0
	13,825—4—5

Subject to this discrepancy being explained, a further sum of Rs. 10,000 is placed at the Commissioner's disposal for kitchens and debited to 9th lakh grant of 11th May 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.
„ Deputy Accountant General.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
18th May 1877.

READ—

Letter, dated 5th May 1877, from the Right Reverend Dr. Chevalier, Roman Catholic Bishop, Bangalore, with enclosure.

No. 1725—GENL. 193, DATED BANGALORE, 18TH MAY 1877.

ORDER.—The statement furnished by the Right Reverend Dr. Chevalier shews that 40 destitute children have been made over to the charge of the Roman Catholic Mission under instructions from the Deputy Commissioner of Bangalore, between the 2nd March and 27th April 1877.

2. The Chief Commissioner cordially recognizes the prompt and benevolent action of that Mission in taking measures to provide for these children; and though the proceedings of the Deputy Commissioner in this matter were not authorized, the explanation offered by Mr. Ricketts, that he availed himself of the ready means thus afforded of preserving life, is accepted.

3. There are obvious objections, however, to any action being taken by Government in this matter which would associate it with the objects of an institution of the kind in question, and the Chief Commissioner desires that, in accordance with the instructions contained in this office order No. 671—19, dated 18th April last, measures may be taken to constitute a Government asylum for the admission of destitute children who may be found by the executive authorities in need of relief. The Chief Commissioner considers that one of the existing relief kitchens in Bangalore might be utilized for this purpose, a respectable matron being engaged for their especial care, while the arrangements as regards feeding, &c., may be left to the Superintendent of the kitchen. These instructions should be carried out at once, in communication with the Central Executive Famine Relief Committee, and such of the children, now in charge of the Roman Catholic asylum, as the Mission may not wish to retain, should be transferred to the Government asylum.

4. To compensate the Roman Catholic Mission for the charges they have incurred under the circumstances stated in para 1 above, the Chief Commissioner authorizes a grant-in aid of Rs. 300 being paid from the famine relief grant to Dr. Chevalier. The amount will be debitable to the 9th lakh grant of 11th May 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretar

To—The Right Revd. Dr. Chevalier.
" Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.
" President, Central Executive Relief Committee.
" Town and Cantonment Magistrate, Bangalore.
" Deputy Accountant General.

No. 411—Genl. 197, dated Bangalore, 18th May 1877.

Order.—On a review of the condition statements submitted by Amildars of taluks for the four weeks ending 21st April 1877, the Chief Commissioner observes that there are numerous discrepancies and errors as noted below.

2. The numbers entered in the return of one week differ from those shewn for the same period in the subsequent return, as shewn in the subjoined statement :—

Daily average number of coolies employed on works under Revenue officers.

Taluks.	For the week ending 24th March 1877.		For the week ending 31st March 1877.		For the week ending 7th April 1877.	
	As per return dated 24th March 1877.	As per return dated 31st March 1877.	As per return dated 31st March 1877.	As per return dated 7th April 1877.	As per return dated 7th April 1877.	As per return dated 14th April 1877.
Devanhalli	2,042	5,642	4,003	9,646	...	...
Gumpayakanpalya... ...	664	738	...	...	...	...
Hanjarabad	689	682	...	...	...	...
Hankuppa	437	412	...	...	358	396
Harnhalli	...	...	..	...	672	813

3. In the return of the Talkad Taluk for the week ending 7th April, the daily verage number of persons employed on works was not entered in column 5, although a um of Rs. 52 is shewn to have been expended.

4. The sums entered under this head in some of the later returns are less than those entered in the returns of the previous weeks, as shewn below :—

Amount sanctioned for works nder Revenue officers.

Taluks.	Heads.	Amount as per return for week ending 24th March 1877.	Amount as per return for week ending 31st March 1877.	Amount as per return for week ending 7th April 1877.	Amount as per return for week ending 14th April 1877.	Amount as per return for week ending 21st April 1877.
Hulbagal ...	Relief works	9,688	8,036	...	...	...
Gumnayakanpalya ...	Total amount	16,047	9,073	...	...	...
Hikballapur ...	Relief works	5,467-3-0	5,467	...	..	...
Hira	Do	24,565-6-1	23,722-9-3	23,722-9-3	...	...
Harsipur ...	Total amount	4,532	4,330	...	...	...
Harikere ..	Relief works	2,495	384	...	...	...
	Minor agricultural works ...	817	690	...	...	...
	Other works	594	136	...	...	...
	Total amount	6,159	4,437	...	...	...
Nagamangala ...	Miscellaneous works ...	419	389	...	...	...
Sidlagatta ...	Minor agricultural works ...	...	...	14,971	14,854	...
Bangalore ...	Relief works	...	...	...	15,102	14,704
Dodballapur ...	Do	..	...	...	32,884	3,884
Chiknayakanhalli ...	Do	...	...	...	7,383	2,333
Channagiri ...	Minor agricultural works ...	...	...	...	4,359	3,488

5. In his report for the week ending 21st April, the Amildar of the Bangalore Taluk has omitted to include the amount sanctioned and expended on account of a work the supervision of which was transferred to Mr. Lacey. The Deputy Commissioner should arrange to prevent these discrepancies. The returns for the seven road side kitchens should either be separately submitted by the Deputy Commissioner or the required statistics should be promptly furnished to the Amildar for entry in his return.

6. In the return of the Closepet Taluk for the week ending 7th April, a sum of R 1,863—13—0 was entered as having been appropriated in anticipation of sanction. A the Amildar was not competent to do so, the amount has been struck out in this office

7. Some of the Amildars have omitted to enter the amount of sanction an expenditure on works which have been completed, and the attention of the Deputy Com missioners is drawn to para 1 of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 82—22 of th 11th April 1877 on the subject.

8. The expenditure in the following taluks exceeds the grants sanctioned, as shewn below :—

Expenditure on above works.

Taluks.	Week to which the return relates.	Description of work.	Amount sanctioned	Amount expended.
Sidlagatta	Week ending 31st March 1877.	Miscellaneous works ...	1,518	1,607
Goribidnur	Do	District Fund works ...	2, 25	2,412
Manjarabad	Do	Relief works ...	5,000	5,669
Chikballapur	7th April	Minor agricultural works ...	1,299	1,339
	14th April	Do ...	1,299	1,339
Honnali	14th April	District Fund works ...	12,530	12,574

9. The returns of the following taluks shew a decrease in the amount of expenditure when compared with the returns of the previous week :—

Taluks.	Week to which the return relates.	Description of works, &c.	Amount of decrease.
			Rs.
Gumnayakanpalya ...	Week ending 31st March	Total amount of expenditure ..	17
Honnavalli	Do ...	Miscellaneous works ...	114
Narsipur	Do ..	Total amount of expenditure ...	297
Hoskote	7th April	Miscellaneous works ...	42
	14th April	Relief works	8,711
Closepet	7th April	District Fund works	308

10. In the report of the Devanhalli Taluk for the week ending 14th April, it is stated that no accounts were received from the Munsiff of Yelahanka for works under his charge. There is evidence in this circumstance of the arrangements not having been well organized, and the attention of the Deputy Commissioner is drawn to the point.

Daily average number of persons gratuitously fed at kitchens.

11. The *total* number of persons fed during the week is given in the returns of some of the taluks, instead of the *daily average*. The Amildar of Malur has omitted to state the number gratuitously fed during the week ending 14th April.

12. In the returns of the Attikuppa, Belur, Nagamangala and Chamrajnagar Taluks for the week ending 7th April, the average daily number of persons gratuitously relieved is shewn to be 278, 55, 97 and 395 respectively, but no expenditure is shewn to have been incurred on their account. The reports of the Heggaddevankote and Chiknayakanhalli Taluks shew that a daily average of no less than 167 and 1,207 persons have been fed during the week ending 7th April, whereas the expenditure shewn is only Rs. 2 and 9½ respectively.

13. The number of persons receiving gratuitous relief is increasing from week to week except in the Túmkúr and Kadur Districts as shewn in the subjoined statement. The cause of increase should be explained in the weekly returns :—

Districts.	Daily average No. of persons relieved during the week ending—				
	24th March 1877.	31st March.	7th April.	14th April.	21st April.
Bangalore	14,240	16,753	19,315	24,969	36,174
Kolar	5,371	6,805	7,199	7,561	9,126
Túmkúr	16,198	16,092	13,678	13,204	12,956
Mysore	1,979	2,800	2,639	2,811	2,372
Hassan	1,963	2,122	1,997	2,158	2,786
Shimoga	436	490	533	1,134	1,307
Kadur	1,102	1,572	1,352	1,140	1,084
Chitaldroog	2,329	2,803	4,005	5,519	6,040
Town of Bangalore	6,612	6,330	6,470	6,909	7,691
Town of Mysore	2,241	2,207	2,256	3,236	2,965
Total.....	52,471	57,974	59,444	68,641	82,501

Grants on account of gratuitous relief.

14. Notwithstanding the repeated orders issued from this office, the Amildars of Belur and Davangere have omitted to shew separately the "private subscriptions" and "Government grants" in their returns for the week ending 21st April 1877, and the Amildars of Heggaddevankote, Gundlupet, Malvalli, Arkalgúd and Shimoga have simply noted in the column of "Remarks" the amount of private subscriptions collected and the expenditure incurred without entering the figures under the appropriate heads "Grant" and "Expenditure." The reports of the Amildars of the Yedatore and Honnali Taluks shew that contributions are made in kind, but the value thereof is not given. These omissions should be supplied in future returns.

15. The amounts entered as grants made on account of kitchens in the following taluks are less than those shewn in the returns of the previous weeks :—

Taluks.	Week to which the return relates.	Head.	Decrease as compared with the previous week.	Remarks.
			Rs.	
Davangere ...	Week ending 31st March 1877 ...	Government grants ...	68	These sums represent the difference between the figures given in the return received from the Deputy Commissioner for the week ending 24th March 1877 and those entered in the Amildars' returns for the following week.
	Do ...	Private subscriptions ..	24	
Hosdurga ...	Do ...	Government grants ...	100	
	Do ...	Private subscriptions ..	1	
Pavagada ...	Do ...	Do ...	57	
Channagiri ...	Do ...	Do ...	305	
	7th April 1877 ...	Do ...	232—12—0	
	21st do ...	Do ...	150	
Chiknayakanhalli ...	7th do ...	Government grants ...	40— 8—0	
Nanjangúd ...	7th, 14th, and 21st April 1877 ..	Do ...	90	

16. The expenditure in the following taluks exceeds the grants as shewn below:—

Expenditure on account of Kitchens.

Taluks.	Week to which the return relates.	Grant.	Expenditure
Nelamangala	Week ending 31st March 1877 ...	3,086	3,903
	Do 7th April do ...	4,086	6,267
	Do 14th do do ...	4,086	8,937
Koratagere	Do 7th do do ...	3,866	3,940
Honnavalli	Do 7th do do ..	4,004	4,058
	Do 14th do do ..	4,004	4,458
Harnhalli	Do 7th do do ..	700	798
Kadaba	Do 14th do do ...	4,242	4,369
Heggaddevankote	Do 14th do do ...	46	48
Manjarabad	Do 14th do do ...	150	160

17. The reports of the Periyapatna and Nanjangúd Taluks do not shew any fres expenditure during the week ending 31st March last in column 9 of the return, but it said that on an average 837 and 398 persons respectively were fed daily. The cost feeding was presumably borne from private sources, and the details should have bee given.

18. The reports of the Periyapatna and Nagamangala Taluks for the week endin 7th April and that of the Banavar Taluk for the week ending 21st idem shew a decreas of expenditure as compared with the previous weeks' figures, which should be explaine

19. The figures relating to the same period have been entered differently in th returns of two consecutive weeks as shewn below:—

Taluks.	Expenditure up to 7th April 1877.		Expenditure up to 14th Apr 1877.	
	As per return dated 7th April 1877.	As per return dated 14th April 1877.	As per return dated 14th April 1877.	As per retur dated 21st April 1877.
Kankanhalli	1,276 2 1	1,219 9 2	1,454 6 6	1,386 8 7
Hiriyur	513 7 10	316 8 0	...	...

20. In column 9 of the report of the Periyapatna Taluk for the week ending 21st April, Rs. 248—10—5 are entered as having been spent up to that date both from Government grants and private subscriptions, and again on the back of the return, rupees 61—12—7 and Rs. 51 are separately shewn as expended from private subscriptions during the week. It is not clear whether these sums have or have not been included in the figures entered in column 9. The return of the Maddagiri Taluk shews a sum of Rs. 3 as having been spent during the week ending 21st April 1877, but the number of persons fed is not stated.

21. The condition statements received from the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District for the weeks ending 24th and 31st March last do not agree with the reports received direct from Amildars as shewn in the statement below:—

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 18*th May* 1877.

Talukas.	No. of Works on contract.		Sanction for District Fund Works.			Expenditure on Works.								Private Subscriptions for gratuitous relief.			Expenditure on Kitchens.		
						District Fund Works.			Miscellaneous Works.		Minor Agricultural Works.			As per District report for—			As per District report for—		
	As per District report for week ending 31st March 1877.	As per Taluk report for week ending 31st March.	As per District report for—		As per Taluk return for week ending 31st March.	As per District report for—		As per Taluk return for week ending 31st March.	As per District report for week ending 31st March.	As per Taluk report for week ending 31st March.	As per District report for—		As per Taluk return for week ending 31st March.	As per District report for—		As per Taluk return for week ending 31st March.	As per District report for—		As per Taluk return for week ending 31st March.
			Week ending 24th March.	Week ending 31st March.		Week ending 24th March.	Week ending 31st March.				Week ending 24th March.	Week ending 31st March.		Week ending 24th March.	Week ending 31st March.		Week ending 24th March.	Week ending 31st March.	
Mysore ...	4	2	1,771	1,721	1,771	558	1,195	1,771	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chamrajnagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,990—10—6	2,919—10—6	1,384	1,331	1,331	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.	135	...	Nil.	221	...	...	...	...	...	...
Periyapatna ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	150	Nil.	150	...	...	...
Heggaddevankote ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27—2—0	...	42—14—0
Gundlupet ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	732	Nil.	1,732	300	1,971	2,031
Yedatore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14—12—3	Nil.	Nil.	10—5—1	22—11—10	10—5—1

22. The errors in calculation noticed in some of the returns are noted below :—

Taluks.	Week to which the Return relates.	Column of Return.	Amildars' figures.	Correct figures.
Chikballapur ...	14th April 1877 ...	Total of column 3	32	27
Bangalore ...	21st Do ...	Column 5	519	267
Gumnayakanpalya ...	31st March 1877...	Total of column 6	12,673	9,073
Manjarabad ...	Do ...	Do do	1,538	15,381
Devanhalli ...	Do ...	Column 7, miscellaneous works ...	6,039	639
,,	7th April 1877 ...	Number gratuitously fed ..	16,302	16,402
Channagiri ..	31st March 1877...	Total of column 7	18,687	18,677
Honnali ...	Do ...	Do	17,917-4-3	17,916-10-3
,,	Do ...	Column 7, district fund works ...	1,184	11,184
,,	7th April 1877 ...	Column 2, total	32	34
Kankanhalli ...	Do ...	Total of column 7	8,763	8,765
,,	21st Do ...	Do	9,535	9,435
Betmangala ...	14th Do ...	Do	7,580	3,580
Tarikere ...	Do ...	Daily average number gratuitously fed	79	72
,,	21st Do ...	Do	105	101
Honnavalli ...	Do ...	Total number gratuitously fed ...	1,468	1,268

23. In communicating the above remarks to Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners, the Chief Commissioner again desires that effectual steps may be taken to ensure the submission of these weekly returns with proper care. The disregard by the Amildars of some taluks of the instructions repeatedly issued will, if persisted in, receive severe notice.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
,, Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

No. 435—GENL. 207, DATED BANGALORE, 21ST MAY 1877.

ORDER.—The condition reports received from Amildars of taluks for the week ending 28th April 1877 having been tabulated in this office, the Chief Commissioner observes that there are several discrepancies in them as noted below.

Number of works in progress under Revenue officers.

2. The total number shewn under this head is 434 more than that of the previous week, and the increase was chiefly in the Kolar, Mysore, and Chitaldroog Districts. The Amildar of Chikballapur has omitted to fill in columns 2 and 3 of his return.

Number of coolies employed on works under Revenue officers.

3. The daily average number under this head was 30,070 against 27,686 of the previous week. The Amildar of Devanhalli has entered, in column 4, 85,922 as the daily average number employed, which is obviously an error.

Amount sanctioned for works under Revenue officers.

4. The Amildar of Sorab Taluk has left column 6 blank, although Rs. 522 and 384 were shewn in the previous week as sanctioned on account of muzrayi and municipal works.

Expenditure on works under Revenue officers.

5. In the report of the Channagiri Taluk, Rs. 7,603—12—6 are entered as having been spent on account of relief works, as against Rs. 7,610—12—6 shewn in the previous return. In the return of the Chikballapur Taluk, the expenditure on minor agricultural works exceeds the sanctioned amount as noted in the margin.

Sanctioned Amount.			Expenditure.		
1,298	13	1	1,338	13	1.

Government grants for gratuitous relief.

6. The sum of Rs. 90 shewn under this head in the return of the Nanjangúd Taluk for week ending 31st March 1877 has not been entered both in the taluk and district reports for the week under review.

Amount of private subscription for gratuitous relief.

7. In the returns of the Malur, Gundlupet, Malvalli and Shimoga Taluks, the total amount of subscriptions collected and the expenditure therefrom up to date of return have not been entered in columns 8 and 9 respectively. Compared with the return of the previous week, the amount shewn in the report of the Banavar Taluk for the week under review exhibits a decrease of Rs. 6. The amount entered in the return of the Periyapatna Taluk is Rs. 227—7—10, while that given in the district report is only Rs. 77—7—10. A sum of Rs. 91—0—4 is entered in the return of the Mandya Taluk under the head of "private subscriptions," whereas in the district report, it is put down as Rs. 271—0—4.

8. The expenditure in certain taluks exceeds the grants as noted in the margin. The expenditure shewn in the returns of the Chamrajnagar and Arkalgúd Taluks is less than that of the previous week as particularized below :—

Expenditure on account of Kitchens.

	Sanction.	Expenditure.
Hoskote ...	4,200 0 0	4,399 1 1
Nelmangala ...	6,086 0 0	14,963 0 0
Closepet ..	4,527 0 0	4,827 14 4
Anekal ...	6,154 8 0	6,197 12 5
Maddagiri ...	3,322 8 0	3,417 4 5
Honnavalli ...	5,504 8 0	5,883 0 3

	Expenditure from Government Grant.	
	As per last report	As per present report.
Chamrajnagar	30—0—0	28—13—4
Arkalgúd..	18—4—7	16— 3—6

The Amildar of the latter taluk has omitted to include in column 8 the amount of subscriptions (Rs. 68—13—11) shewn in column 9. The expenditure in the Ashtagram and Periyapatna Taluks as entered in the Amildars' reports do not tally with that entered in the return of the Deputy Commissioner as shewn in the margin. The Amildar of Mudgere has shewn an expenditure of Rs. 4 in his report, but the number of persons relieved is not stated. The Amildar of Davangere gives only the expenditure incurred *during the week* and not the *total expenditure from date of the establishment of the kitchens up to date of return*, which is what is required.

Taluks.	As per District report.	As per Taluk report.
Ashtagram Taluk	227— 5—0.	31—11—8.
Periyapatna Taluk	155—14—2.	330—15—8.

9. Errors in calculation occur in the reports of the following taluks, and it is requested that the necessary corrections may be made in the office copies of the several returns :—

Taluks.	Col. of return.	Amildars' figures.	Correct figures.
Honnali ..	Col. 5	57 0 0	59 0 0
Kankuppa ..	Total of Col. 5	835 0 0	808 0 0
Sidlagatta ..	Do 6	26,155 0 0	29,090 0 0
Harnhalli ..	Do	16,273 12 9	16,291 12 9
Do	Do 7	14,414 4 3	14,450 8 6
Tarikere ..	Do 7	6,071 4 10	6,092 8 10
Banavar ..	Do 7	16,069 1 7	13,069 1 7
Gudibanda ..	Do 9	1,148 8 4	1,148 12 4
Periyapatna ..	Do 9	330 14 10	330 15 8

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Dy. Commissioners of Districts.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
21st May 1877.

No. 1793—Genl. 46, dated Bangalore, 21st May 1877.

Order.—With reference to para 3 of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings, No. 238, dated 7th April 1877, the following rules for the conservancy of small towns and villages where municipal regulations have not been fully introduced are communicated to the Commissioners of Divisions and Deputy Commissioners of Districts for guidance.

Copies of the Kanarese version of these rules will shortly be furnished for distribution to Amildars and village officers, who will be held responsible that they are duly enforced.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
„ Dy. Commissioners of Districts.
„ President, Municipal Board.
„ Deputy Surgeon General, I. M. D.

Rules for the conservancy of small towns and villages, where Municipal Regulations have not been fully introduced.

1. The houses and streets of the towns and villages must be kept as clean as possible, and all the filth and impurity collected therefrom removed to a safe and sufficient distance.

2. Cesspits and deposits of filth within compounds of houses or in front of towns and villages should be prohibited.

3. No person should be allowed to ease himself in or about the village.

4. Whenever land is required for the formation of new villages, it should be selected on a high dry ground, but not near paddy fields, where people are liable to get fever. The streets should, at least, be ten yards broad so as to admit plenty of air. Neem trees may be planted, which will not only give healthy shade but add to the beauty of the village.

5. The practice of excavating mud for the walls of houses from the ground in their immediate vicinity should be strictly prohibited, as these excavations are used for throwing village sweepings and filth of all sorts into them, which, during the rainy season, form stagnant pools of an unwholesome and offensive character.

6. No person should be allowed to bathe or wash his clothes, cattle, &c., in any well or reservoir used for drinking purposes.

7. Every well within the village or near a road or path should be fenced round with a wall made of stone or mud, so as to prevent any one falling into it.

8. All uninhabited buildings which are in a dilapidated and dangerous condition should be dismantled, and the walls razed to the level of the ground.

9. Persons afflicted with loathsome or infectious disease should be prohibited from vending or exposing for sale any articles of food in the bazars.

10. The practice of feeding milch kine and slaughter cattle on stable litter and other refuse should be strictly prohibited.

11. The village bound hedge must be kept properly trimmed, and means taken to prevent its being made a cover for the commission of nuisances. The lower branches of all large trees to the height of 6 feet from the ground should be cut, so that there may be a free circulation of air below.

12. The sale of tainted meat and fish, as also of unwholesome fruits and vegetables, should be prohibited.

13. Burial grounds should be set apart at a reasonable distance from the village, and no one should be allowed to bury or burn dead bodies by the side of any stream or reservoir the water of which is used for drinking purposes. The burying or burning of dead bodies in the beds of rivers or tanks or in nallas, which form water courses after rain falls, should be strictly prohibited.

14. When a dead body is buried, the grave should be of sufficient depth to allow a full space of 6 feet between the body and the level of the ground, and graves should be excavated at not less than 2 feet apart.

15. When a corpse is disposed of by burning, no part of the body should be left unconsumed, and care should be taken that, when the death has been caused by cholera or small-pox or other infectious disease, every part of the deceased's clothes should be also burnt or buried.

16. In the event of an outbreak of cholera in a village, prompt steps must be taken to cleanse it by removing all filth that may have accumulated in the backyards of houses as well as in the streets. The dwelling house of the person attacked should be thoroughly disinfected and whitewashed and the clothes used by him either buried or burnt or disinfected by boiling with sulphate of iron. Fresh earth should be strewed around the dwelling, more particularly where any discharges from the infected person are likely to have been thrown. It is advisable to destroy the hut in which the case occurred, especially if it is built of mud and has a thatched roof. At all events, before it is again inhabited, it should be thoroughly cleaned and whitewashed, and no one should be allowed to occupy it for at least 15 days. Should the disease spread, it will be advisable for the inhabitants to disperse for a time, and not to return till the epidemic has ceased. An outbreak denotes however that exciting causes exist, arising mainly from impurities in the soil or water of the locality, and it is important that no efforts should be spared to remove these.

17. When small-pox is prevalent, similar precautions are needed; but the most effective safeguard against this disease is vaccination, for it is well established that people, who have been vaccinated, are either exempt from attack or get the disease only in a very mild form.

18. When cattle disease breaks out, the owners of the cattle should be required to keep their sick cattle segregated and far removed from the village. In most cattle diseases there is a running from the nose or mouth or a purging, and if a sick animal is kept amongst other healthy animals, this running and purging by falling on the ground or mixing with the straw, &c., will give the disease to the rest. If infected cattle are at once separated, the loss of large number of cattle by an epidemic of this kind may be prevented. The bodies of cattle that have died of any disease should be buried at once, and not thrown, as is too commonly the practice, into the nearest nalla. By this means, people whose practice it is to eat the flesh of dead animals will be prevented from so doing.

19. The Patel or head man of the village will be held responsible that the instructions contained in these rules are duly carried out; any infringement thereof being duly reported through the taluk authorities to the Deputy Commissioners for such action and orders as may appear called for.

No. 1834—Genl. 48, dated Bangalore, 22nd May 1877.

Order.—A question having been raised whether the allowance of 45 tolas' weight of ragi flour authorized in Proceedings No. 13278—295, dated 29th March last, for an adult of either sex who is physically unfit to work, is intended for a single meal or for a whole day's consumption, the Chief Commissioner desires it to be clearly understood that the said allowance comprises a day's diet, whether it be divided into one or two meals each day.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
" Dy. Accts. General.
" Dy. Commissioners of Districts.
" President of the Central Famine Relief Committee.
" Presidents, Bangalore and Mysore Municipal Commns.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 22nd May 1877.

From the Offg. Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, (Statistics), To the Chief Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg, No. 244, dated Simla, the 10th May 1877.

In continuation of the circular from this Department, No. 241, dated the 17th June 1872, I am directed to say that the Government of India desire to be placed annually in possession of statistics illustrative of the position of tea cultivation throughout the Empire.

2. I am therefore to request that you will be good enough to arrange for the submission to this Department of statements in the form annexed, which slightly differs from that previously circulated shewing the state of the cultivation in Mysore and Coorg in the past two official years, 1875—76 and 1876—77; and that arrangements may be made to furnish similar returns for each official year in future within three months after the expiry of the year.

3. I am also to request that you will at the same time furnish the Government of India with full particulars, as in the case of tea, of the coffee produce in Mysore and Coorg during the past two and each future official year.

Statement illustrative of the state of tea culture in (name of Province) in (year)

Province.	District.	Number of plantations.	Approximate average elevation.		Area in Acres.				Approximate yield in lbs.			Average yield in lbs. per acre of mature plant.	Cost of cultivation per acre in the Province.	Cost of manufacture per pound in the Province.
			From—	To—	Mature plants.	Immature plants.	Taken up for planting, but not yet planted.	Total.	Black.	Green.	Total.			

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 22nd May 1877.

No. 1852—GENL. 49, DATED BANGALORE, 22ND MAY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—Copy of the above is communicated to the Commissioners of Divisions and the Superintendent of Coorg for information and guidance.

2. The cultivation of tea, except to a very limited extent in the Kadur District, is not carried on either in Mysore or Coorg; but as regards coffee the statistics called for by the Government of India for the past two official years, 1875—76 and 1876—77, should be submitted as early as possible.

3. The returns should in future be submitted so as to reach this office not later than the 31st of May in each year.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioners of Divisions.
" Deputy Commissioners of Districts.
" Superintendent of Coorg.

READ—

Letter No. 8, dated 12th April 1877, from the Deputy Commissioner of Hassan, stating that the delay in the delivery to Ira *alias* Manda and Jadiya of Nellule village in the Manjarabad Taluk, of his coffee patta which was signed and returned by the Chief Commissioner in May last, was, owing to the non-receipt of a reply to a reference made to the Commissioner of Ashtagram Division in regard to the recovery of stamp penalty under the provisions of the Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 348 of 16th February 1875.

No. 1849—GENL. 21, DATED BANGALORE, 22ND MAY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—The Chief Commissioner observes that there was no necessity for the reference said to have been made to the Commissioner. In para 2 of the Chief Commissioner's Notification dated 16th February 1875, it is clearly stated that documents executed since 10th January 1870 may be stamped without payment of penalty if presented before 1st April 1876. The coffee pattas referred to in the Deputy Commissioner's letter under reference were submitted to the Chief Commissioner long before the expiration of the period mentioned in the notification though they were signed and returned in May 1876. No penalty could therefore be levied on them.

2. In Chief Commissioner's order No. 11694—333, dated 16th February last, it was ruled that a document must be stamped before it is executed. As the pattas alluded to above were returned signed before the order of 16th February was passed, the Deputy Commissioner should take steps to have them stamped as usual and delivered to the parties concerned without further delay.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner of Ashtagram.
" Deputy Commissioner of Hassan.
" Commissioner of Nagar Division for information.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
23rd May 1877.

From the Commissioner of Nundydroog Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, No. 92, dated 7th May 1877.

Adverting to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 510 of the 17th of March last, I have the onor to submit for the Chief Commissioner's information, the accompanying copy of rules issued from his office for the guidance of officers, &c., in charge of relief works and kitchens in the taluks; and to .ate that, as the systems adopted in the District were at variance in some essential points, it was thought dvisable to issue these general instructions at once.

Rules for the guidance of Officers, &c., in charge of Relief Works and Kitchens in the Taluks.

RELIEF WORKS.

1. The relief officer appointed to assist the Amildar should inspect every relief work at least nce in ten days, and ascertain for himself that the laborers have been properly paid, and that the ble-bodied poor are provided with continuous work.

2. The relief officer should make himself acquainted with all particulars regarding the condition of the people, the state of the market, the water supply, &c., &c., and report all details to the *Amildar and the *Sub-Division or *District relief officer frequently.

* Deputy Commissioners will inform the utsaddi in charge of each kitchen through hom he should report.

3. He should also submit a diary every 10 days to the Deputy Commissioner who will send it ith his remarks and instructions to the Sub-Division or special officer supervising relief works.

4. He should constantly test the measurement of relief works completed or in progress.

RULES FOR KITCHENS.

1. The relief officer should supervise unceasingly the distribution of both cooked and uncooked ood, and see that there is no trickery or fraud and that the scale of food prescribed in the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings of the 29th of March last is adhered to. He should also see that the kitchens, eds, &c., are kept clean and that samtation is attended to. None but the destitute poor who are nable to work, and children of either sex whose friends or relatives cannot take care of them, should be lmitted to the kitchens, and all these should be given tickets to be issued only by special relief officers or others appointed by the Deputy Commissioner for the purpose.

2. The Mutsaddi in charge of the kitchen should keep a register in the accompanying form shewing all who are admitted to the kitchen. A blank register to be furnished to the Mutsaddi by the Amildar or kitchen supervising officer sealed and signed on every page.

3. The kitchen should invariably be outside the town, at some distance off the road, and should oe divided into compartments for the accommodation of the different castes.

4. One meal daily should be distributed invariably before 2 P. M. to those in health. A horn may oe sounded at noon when admissions by tickets may commence.

5. The scale of food laid down in the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 13278—295 of the 29th March last to be followed: —

I. For each adult of either sex $\frac{2}{3}$rds of a seer of ragi flour or half a seer of rice with condiments of the average value of 3 pies per head. The above quantity of cooked food should be issued by a standard measure which should be verified by the relief officer at irregular intervals.

II. For children under 10 years of either sex, half the above daily rations.

6. The sick are to receive two meals daily at about 11 A. M. and 5 P. M. Cases requiring special ndulgence may be given due consideration, but great abuses may arise if extra precautions are not taken on this point.

7. For the accommodation of the sick, separate sheds should be constructed at a distance from the kitchens, and the paupers should, if possible, be prevented from moving beyond certain limits. Village Totis or Talaris may be employed on small pay to enforce this rule.

8. Mat latrines should be provided at some distance from every kitchen, 1 for males and 1 for females on the trench system. Sweepers to be constantly employed in filling in with dry earth. The latrine to be removed as soon as the trench is full. No filth should be allowed on any account to accumulate near the kitchens. Deputy Commissioners may employ village Totis and others to supervise and carry out these arrangements.

9. Lingayats or men of the higher castes should be employed as cooks and watermen in the kitchens. This establishment should be kept down as much as possible and regulated according to the numbers fed.

10. Light labor should be exacted from all who are capable of work.

11. Those who have been fed for sometime should be shewn to the inspecting relief officers, and, if strong enough, should be at once relegated to the relief works.

12. A cholera shed should be erected in the vicinity of every kitchen for the accommodation, if required, of cholera patients.

13. Un-cooked food should only be distributed to very limited numbers, and under very special circumstances, and each kitchen Mutsaddi should keep a list of the people who receive raw food shewing the particular circumstances under which such distribution was considered advisable, and he must send in weekly a copy to the Deputy Commissioner through the Amildar, and keep his own list ready for the inspection of the relief officer at a moment's notice. Accounts in the appended form should be sent in daily to the Amildar or supervising officer of the kitchen.

No. 465—Genl. 228, dated Bangalore, 23rd May 1877.

Order thereon.—The Chief Commissioner approves generally of the rules issued by the Commissioner, but would suggest the following emendations and additions thereto :—

I. In para 10 of the rules, it would be well to indicate what sort of labor should be exacted from those who are capable of work, leaving it to the discretion of the relief officer or other official in charge of the kitchen to apportion the work.

II. Para 12 provides for the erection of a cholera shed. When small-pox is prevalent separate sheds will be needed for patients of this class.

III. The instructions conveyed in para 13 do not provide sufficiently against abuses. Where raw grain has to be issued to persons or families, their necessitous condition should be certified to by the Amildar, after proper enquiries have been made.

IV. Form B of the account current, to be kept by Mutsaddis in charge of kitchens, might be so modified as to give the particulars of expenditure required to enable the Amildar to compile the accounts in the form prescribed in the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 13278—295 of the 29th March last.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner of Nundydroog Division.
„ Commissioners of Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions.
„ Dy. Commissioners of Districts.

Daily Account Current of Relief Kitchen in the Taluk for 1877.

A.

Particulars of Attendance.

	Males.	Females.	Children.	Total.
Number at the close of previous day	500	300	100	900
Add number admitted during the day as follows:— No. newly admitted. Previous days' Absentees present. Total. 10 25 35	22	10	3	35
Total.....	522	310	103	935
Deduct absentees, &c. for the day	10	12	3	25
Balance actually served with food	512	298	100	* 910

*Sick people 10, not sick 900, total 910.

B.

Particulars of Expenditure.

	In Cash.			Rice.	Ragi.	
	Rs.	As.	P.	Seers.	Flour.	
Balance in hand at the close of the previous day ...	23	14	0	400	400	
Received from Amildar during the day	50	0	0	100	100	
Total.....	73	14	0	500	500	
Deduct expenditure as follows:—						150 males, † 50 females and all children supplied with rice.
Usual expenditure	13	7	0	† 125	406⅔	
Extra expenditure on account of sick people ...	0	10	0	...	...	For milk and sundries.
Total Expenditure.....	14	1	0	125	406⅔	
Balance.....	59	13	0	375	93⅓	

Signature of Mutsaddi.

Weekly Diary of the Relief Officer in the *Taluk.*

Month and Date.	Villages visited.	General condition of villages.	Price of cholam, ragi and rice in market towns.	Water supply.	No. of persons fed in Kitchen.		Remarks on Kitchen.	Number of coolies employed on relief works.		Remarks as to the proper execution of relief works, punctual payment of coolies, &c.	General Remarks.	Remarks by the Special Relief Officer.
					Adults.	Children.		Adults.	Children.			

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department,
23rd May 1877.

Monthly return of the distribution of cooked food at the Nundydroog Division in the District of Kolar for the month of August 1877.

General No.	Ticket No.	Residence.	Sex.	Age.	Caste	Date of Admission.	Particulars of attendance. On the date of 1st of the month.	" 2nd.	" 3rd.	" 4th.	" 5th.	" 6th.	" 7th.	" 8th.	" 9th.	" 10th.	" 11th.	" 12th.	" 13th.	" 14th.	" 15th.	" 16th.	" 17th.	" 18th.	" 19th.	" 20th.	" 21st.	" 22nd.	" 23rd	" 24th	" 25th.	" 26th.	" 27th.	" 28th	" 29th.	" 30th.	" 31st.

A separate register should be open for the distribution of uncooked food to paupers.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 24th May 1877.

Genl. No. 2016.
G. „ 25.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Dated Bangalore, 24th May 1877.

FROM

MAJOR T. G. CLARKE,
OFFG. SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF MYSORE.

To

THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT,
REVENUE DEPARTMENT,
FORT ST. GEORGE.

SIR,

Adverting to Mr. Carmichael's letters marginally noted, and subsequent correspondence on the subject of the settlement of the frontier line of this Province, adjoining the Malabar District, I am directed by the Chief Commissioner to forward copy of letter No. 61—30 of 3rd instant and of its enclosures from the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division reporting the result of a conference held on the spot, and which was attended by the officers named in the margin.

No. 601—92, dated 11th May 1876.
No. 858—277, dated 26th June 1876.

On the part of the Madras Government—

Mr. Logan, Collector of Malabar.
Captain Freeth, Deputy Supt., Revenue Survey.
Mr. McGregor, Deputy Collector.
Mr. Peet, Deputy Conservator of Forests.

On the part of Mysore—

Major C. J. Pearse, Dy. Commissioner, Mysore District.
Captain G. J. van Someren, Conservator of Forests.
Mr. I. Macpherson, Deputy Conservator of Forests.

2. Lieutenant-Colonel Hay has in his report furnished so comprehensive a summary of the points under discussion, that it is needless, the Chief Commissioner conceives to recapitulate the facts, and the conclusions deduced therefrom, with regard to the second or "Mavinhalla" dispute, upon which a decision has to be arrived at. The Commissioner has adopted in this case the view taken by the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, and has, it seems to Mr. Saunders, demonstrated very clearly that the boundary determined by the Commission of 1868 is defined by the line which runs from Kalhalla to the junction of the Mavinhalla with the Kanagal stream about 3 miles north of the Pongani stream. This view receives substantial confirmation from the evidence afforded by Captain van Someren who was a member of the Commission of 1868, and the Chief Commissioner will be glad to learn that it is one which His Grace the Governor in Council, after the facts and arguments adduced on both sides have been considered, can assent to as a final settlement of the dispute.

3. With regard to the first or "Rampur" dispute, the conference of officers has, it will be observed, arrived at an agreement (as detailed in a joint memo by the Collector of Malabar and the Deputy Commissioner of Mysore) by which the settlement at that point will, if approved by the Madras Government, be definitively settled.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 24th May 1877.

From the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Dept, Genl. No. 61—30, dated Mysore, 3rd May 1877.

I have the honor to forward for submission to the Chief Commissioner, the accompanying copy of a report from the Deputy Commissioner of Mysore (with enclosures as per margin) on the results of a meeting between the Madras and Mysore officers, for the settlement of the boundary disputes between Mysore and Malabar, referred to in the correspondence terminating with Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 10474—Rev. 73, dated 18th January 1877.

No. 1200, dated 19th March 1877, with enclosures F. G. H. and I.

2. The first of these is described as the "Rampur dispute," and involves the determination of the boundary line between the points marked Rampur and Devattikabetta on the survey map A. This had apparently been in dispute for some years prior to 1855, when an attempt to demarcate it, on behalf of both Governments, was made by Messrs. Todd and Stephens who agreed upon a line, which however was modified in 1859 by Dr. Cleghorn, whose proposals were accepted by both the Madras and Mysore Governments.

3. The question has since been re-opened in consequence of the proceedings of Mr. Peet, the Assistant Conservator of Malabar, and on representations that the boundary stones had been removed and encroachments made on the Malabar frontier, and the object to be attained now is, to trace and fix the line proposed by Dr. Cleghorn and approved of by the Madras Government and the Chief Commissioner of Mysore.

4. The boundary hitherto claimed by Mysore is marked by stones, but has been found not to coincide entirely with Dr. Cleghorn's description of his proposed line, the general features of which have been identified and found to correspond approximately with that claimed by Malabar; the difference being accounted for by boundary stone No. 2 having been unaccountably removed by some native subordinates of both Governments in 1859. It is admitted by Mr. Logan, the Collector of Malabar, that there is nothing to shew that the Mysore officials have at any subsequent period tampered with the boundary stones, and he and Major Pearse concur that the boundary may now be permanently fixed as detailed in the joint memo which accompanies Major Pearse's letter.

5. The remaining part of Dr. Cleghorn's line is unquestioned, and terminates at a point called the "Yeremavan' tree, west of the Shigebetta trigonometrical station, where his last boundary stone was fixed, but at that place, a second contention has arisen, which is styled in the report, the "Mavinhalla" boundary dispute.

6. For the settlement of this, Messrs. Fullerton, and Underwood of Malabar on the part of Madras, and Captain van Someren, and Mr. Wellesley on that of Mysore, went over the line in 1868, and submitted proposals which were accepted by the Madras Government in September of that year, but as no boundary stones were fixed, the question has never been finally settled, and the present proceedings have had in view the identification of the points fixed by them and accepted as the boundary.

7. This line was described by them as running direct W. N. W. from the "Yeremavan" tree at Dr. Cleghorn's last stone to a small stream flowing into the Mavinhalla, and again in a direct line, thence to the junction of the Mavinhalla and Kanagalhalla.

8. The Commissioners have agreed upon the first two points, though the second was wrongly described in the report, and the question left to be decided is, the point of junction of the "Mavinhalla" with the Kanagal."

9. The dispute in 1868 was the division of the land lying between the Pongani to the south and the Mavinhalla to the north, Mysore claiming the Pongani, and Malabar the Mavinhalla, as the boundary, and looking at the maps sent in by the officers at the time, it is evident that the junction was a point where a large stream called the Mavinhalla falls into the Kanagal, about three miles north of the Pongani.

10. Captain van Someren has recognized a place, as the point reached by himself and the other officers in 1868, and recollects a large tree upon which a mark cut at the time is still visible, and the cleared line leads up towards it.

11. Mr. Underwood, as appears from para 37 of Colonel Cloete's memorandum enclosed in the Chief Commissioner's order No. 10474—Rev. 73 of 18th January 1877, could not with any certainty point out the line decided on, but seems to think that a place named Bommankatte, considerably to the north of the Mavinhalla, was the final point reached in 1868. No identifying marks have however been pointed out, nor can any conclusions be drawn from arrow heads cut on trees, since these have been cut in all directions by the Kurubars, and Captain van Someren states that the trees were merely blazed as the party went along.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 24th May 1877.

12. The only difficulty in the case is, from the incorrect compass bearings given in 1868. The Kalhalla which is the point intermediate between Dr. Cleghorn's last stone at the "Yeremavan" tree, and the junction, is stated to be W. N. W. instead of nearly north, as is now ascertained, and the line from that point to the junction of the Mavinhalla and Kanagal is given by one officer as "direct," and the other as N. W. The first error is immaterial as the actual place has been recognized and settled, and the second mistake can be readily understood by referring to the trigonometrical survey map, which is the only guide the officers had at the time. Captain van Someren in his memo explains that from the Kallahalla, they made their way to the Mavinhalla junction, looking occasionally at the compass till they reached the large tree at the junction already referred to, and it is apparent that in reporting on the subject, the course of the Mavinhalla, as erroneously laid down in the trigonometrical survey map, was taken as correct and the general direction given as N. W. throughout, instead of, as it really is, W. for some distance, before it turns to the N. W.

13. It is understood from the Deputy Commissioner's report that Mr. Logan is of opinion that another stream called the Ankalhalla considerably lower down the Kanagal, which has never before been alluded to and is distinct from the places shewn by either Mr. Underwood or Captain van Someren, is the Mavinhalla, originally the northern disputed boundary, but it is not apparent upon what grounds this surmise is based, and I have no doubt that the Deputy Commissioner is correct in considering that the line proposed and accepted in 1868 is that described by him, as running from Kalhalla to the large tree at the junction of the Mavinhalla and Kanagal, recognized by Captain van Someren.

From the Deputy Commissioner of the Mysore District, To the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, No. 1200, dated Mysore, 19th March 1877.

With reference to Proceedings of Government marginally noted, I have the honor to report that the meeting for the settlement of the boundary dispute between Mysore and Malabar was arranged for the 22nd January 1877.

No. 6477—230 of 6th November 1875.
No. 1177 of 6th April 1876.
No. 3290—95 of 1st July 1876.
No. 5081—158 of 18th August 1876.
No. 3936—98 of 17th July 1876.
No. 10474—73 of 18th January 1877.

2. On the 21st idem Mr. Logan, the Collector of Malabar, accompanied by the officers noted in the margin,* arrived at Kampur, where Captain van Someren, Conservator of Forests, Mr. Macpherson, Deputy Conservator in charge of the Forests wherein the disputes lay, and myself were already encamped, having arrived the previous evening.

* Captain Freeth, Deputy Superintendent, Revenue Survey.
Mr. McGregor, Deputy Collector of Manantoddy.
Mr. Peet, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Wynad.

3. I beg to enclose two sheets of the Madras Revenue Survey maps marked A and B and a sketch map marked C, kindly prepared by Captain Freeth on the spot.

4. It will be convenient to a clear understanding of the disputes to mention that they are two in number and wholly distinct from each other, that the one is comprised in map A and may be called "The Rampur Ford dispute," while similarly that on maps B and C "The Mavinhalla dispute."

5. It will be seen from the following report that as to the first or Rampur dispute Mr. Logan and I were able to arrive at a decision, which we believe correctly enforces Dr. Cleghorn's settlement of 1859, and which consequently we can submit for confirmation to Government.

6. The settlement of the second or Mavinhalla dispute which was under orders of Government referred to us in continuation of the former, involves more important interests (*viz*, a fine teak forest) than those of the Rampur claim, and as we found it impossible to literally carry out the settlement of 1868, accepted by Madras and Mysore, or to agree on a compromise that both could recommend, we resolved to submit our reports of facts found and opinions formed to our respective Governments.

1*st*—*Rampur Dispute.*

7. I now proceed to make a few observations to set the Rampur Ford dispute in as clear a light as I can before the Chief Commissioner.

1*st*. In 1855 Messrs. Todd and Stephens on behalf of Madras and Mysore respectively effected a settlement of the boundary from the Rampur Ford to the Mavinhalla.

2*ndly*. From various causes this was reopened, and in 1858 Dr. Cleghorn representing both Governments visited the spot to decide what the former settlement had been.

3*rdly*. His decision was accepted by both Governments as per marginal references.

No. 424 of 30th March 1859, from the Secretary to Government, Fort St. George, to the Commissioner of Mysore.
No. 5 of 4th April 1859, to do. from do.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 24th May 1877.

4thly. In 1859 he (Dr. Cleghorn) with General (then Captain) Clerk visited the spot in order to carry out the placing of the boundary marks or stones on the accepted line.

5thly. With this intention, *vide* paras 2 and 3 of his letter No. 886 of 26th December 1859 to the Chief Secretary to Government, (Madras), he cleared the line from the Rampur Ford and then left, deputing to native subordinate officials of both Governments the removal to the cleared line of certain boundary stones, and from them received reports that the removals contemplated had been carried out.

6thly. There the matter rested till lately when Mr. Peet, Deputy Conservator of Wynad, being unable to reconcile the present position of the boundary stones and that of the Mysore forest hut with Dr. Cleghorn's boundary of the two Districts, assumed the commission of certain acts which being accepted and commented on by the Revenue Board led the two Governments to nominate the present Commission to enquire into and dispose of the question.

7thly. The decision arrived at between Mr. Logan and myself will shew that though the claim of Madras for a rectification of boundary is substantially correct, the hitherto undetected error, however it occurred, has been in existence since 1859; a date prior to the formation of the Mysore Forest Department in 1864, which merely accepted the boundary as then found and whose officers erected their hut within that boundary on the Mysore side.

8thly. On the survey map (A) the track is shewn to the south of the hut and out-houses, but this is entirely owing to the scale which precludes absolute correctness when only a matter of a few yards one way or the other is in question.

8. The settlement arrived at by Mr. Logan and myself is given in the accompanying memorandum, and as a concluding remark on the "Rampur Ford dispute," I deem it right that I should mention that Mr. Logan intimated to Mr. Macpherson, Deputy Conservator of Ainur-Ma-

Enclosure I.

rigudi forests, clause I of our joint agreement, at the same time regretting that he used the expressions from being misled as to facts.

The 2nd or Mavinhalla Dispute.

9. In 1868 a commission of four officers (* marginally noted) two from Mysore and two from Madras were directed to settle the dispute then pending.

* *Mysore.*
Captain van Someren and Mr. Wellesley, M. C. S.
Madras.
Lieutenant Fullerton, R. E.
Mr. Underwood, Deputy Collector.

10. What the dispute was there can now be no question, *vide* maps D and E submitted with the reports of the settlement officers to their respective Governments and which settlement was accepted by both Governments, *vide* marginal references.

Madras Government order No. 103, dated 24th April 1868.
Commissioner for the Government of the Territories of Mysore, No. 48—1, dated 2nd April 1868.

11. The sketch maps sent up by Captain van Someren and Lieutenant Fullerton were identical being simply traces of the trigonometrical map on a larger scale; so also apparently is map F sent with marginally noted letter from Lieutenant Fullerton to the Officiating Conservator of Forests in Mysore, the year previous to the settlement, in which he in defining the area in dispute gives the name "Maminula" for "Mavinhalla," *i. e.*, mango stream, the former being possibly the supposed Hindustani translation "Amkinala" of the Kanarese equivalent.

Marked D and E.
38 of 22nd June 1867, enclosure F. (1).

12. The Madras Government lithographed E. the explanatory notes thereon read with the map shew, without question, the boundaries and the area of the tract then in dispute, and what both the Mysore and Madras Governments *then* understood they accepted as a final settlement of the boundary and dispute, and which acceptance by the Madras Government was Lieutenant Fullerton's *map E.* and Captain van Someren's "*description*" indicated in his para 5, *vide* the Government orders marginally quoted.

No 605—P. 21 order thereon 27th April 1868.
No. 1129—103, dated 24th April 1868.

13. The said map and description, in spite of all their errors (to be referred to hereafter) undeniably delineate the same tract of country, and read by the light of maps (B, C, and F.) the evidence is overwhelming that the *then* dispute was to draw a division line so as to divide the forest land lying between the "Mavinhalla" on the north and "Pongamitod" on the south between Mysore and Madras. As will hereafter appear, it is very necessary that what the actual dispute of 1868 was should be established beyond doubt, as the settlement to be effected by Mr. Logan and myself on behalf of our respective Governments, as I read the correspondence, was solely the determination of the 1868 decision or accepted boundary and not the opening up of fresh questions or the rectification of other boundaries or disputes.

14. The Commission of 1868 accepted as their starting point the Yeremavan tree, at the foot of which stood and now stands Dr. Cleghorn's stone No. 5, though called by him and them (see reports) the Shigebetta tree.

(*a*). Their second point was one said to be W. N. W. where they fixed a stone at a point where a small stream named by the party of 1868 "Kalhalla" falls into the Mavinhalla.

(*b*). Thence they were supposed to draw a direct line to the junction of the Mavinhalla and Kanagalhalla which junction was the 3rd joint.

15. With reference to the first joint (as laid down on the survey map B) there was no question as to its being the starting point of the Commission of 1868, and Mr. Logan and myself accepted it as a fact.

16. As to the 2nd point "Kalhalla" there was no stream in the direction laid down W. N. W. but one lies nearly due north (which is shewn in map B. traced in by Captain Freeth, which Captain van Someren identified as that selected in 1868 and which Mr. Peet had concluded to be the one intended. Here the Mysore Forest Department have deviated 160 yards in effecting their clearing line, a fact easily accounted for as it was done by an *officer himself not present at the time of the settlement, who evidently must, by the Kurubars who were present with the party, have had the rise instead of the fall of this insignificant stream pointed out to him as the 2nd point; and cleared the line accordingly. We however accepted that in fact the junction was the 2nd point reached and determined on by the Commission of 1868.

Vide para 9 of Conservator's memo appended to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 3936—38, dated 17th July 1876.

17. The 3rd point has still to be determined. It will be seen in the letters of the Settlement Commissioners of 1868, published in the accepted proceedings of Government already referred to, that the one says the line is to be drawn "*direct*," the other *N. W.* to the junction of the Mavinhalla and Kanagalhalla, and the maps of both officers shew a direct line drawn in a north-westerly direction to the junction of the two streams to which they have given the above names, and hence arise the difficulties and errors that render an exact and implicit adherence to the settlement of 1868 impracticable.

18. It will be seen that the Mavinhalla is also called "Gumchihalla" or "tode," *vide* the reports of both Lieutenant Fullerton and Captain van Someren accepted by both Governments. The Gumchi, *vide* map B, is *not* the Mavinhalla and has no connection whatever with the Mavinhalla or northern stream of the dispute of 1868, but falls into the Yere-mavinhalla: this confusion of names seems to have originated with Dr. Cleghorn, *vide* para 19 of his No. 537 of 7th February 1859 to Secretary to Government of Madras and was accepted unquestioned by both sides in 1868, and was so considered until the present arbitration was enabled to clear it up.

19. The next error is that a line drawn from the Kalhalla to the junction of the true Mavinhalla and Kanagal would run in almost a westerly direction and would cut off from Mysore (*vide* maps B. and C.) a large tract of valuable teak forest north of the Mavinhalla which on the strength of facts and records I consider was not even claimed in 1868, while if the line were drawn N W. from Kalhalla it would touch a point several miles north of the junction of the Mavinhalla with the Kanagal where there is only a most insignificant stream, the Bomankatte halla, map C, the junction of which could by no possible presumption in my opinion have been that which the Commission of 1868 were aiming for, though subsequently believed to be the junction arrived at by Mr. Underwood, *vide* *his No. 302 of 22nd April 1876 to the Collector of Malabar.

* Enclosure G.

20. Further the trigonometrical map shews from the junction of the Kabani, a very considerable stream, as the boundary of Mysore and Malabar, which stream on personal examination and with the valuable aid of Captain Freeth I am fully satisfied has no existence whatever, and which stream Captain Freeth scored out, *vide* the Madras Revenue Survey map B. This imaginary stream of the trigonometrical map apparently was accepted by McKenzie as well as *Ward and Conner as it is so entered in the Ordnance map and Madras Survey map B. and by the Commissioners of 1868 in their sketch map D. and E. and may have been in the past the cause of doubt as to the actual or original boundary of Malabar and Mysore.

* Neither McKenzie nor Ward and Conner's maps were at our disposal and I have never seen either, and Captain Freeth could only *presume* that in the preparation of A. and B. the originals had been referred to and their old boundaries correctly laid down in A. and B.

21. I accepted the error as fully established by Captain Freeth, Deputy Superintendent, Madras Revenue Survey, in his professional capacity, but I could not undertake to rectify the error by consenting to assume that another stream "Ankal halla" map C. D. and E. not even named or referred to in connection with the dispute of 1868 on which were passed the orders of Government (already quoted) might be substituted for it, and the Ankalhalla junction be accepted by me instead of and in preference to that of the "Mavinhalla" the one to me clearly accepted by both Governments on the recommendation of the Commissioners specially appointed.

22. The errors in maps were cleared up by our visiting the several junctions. The junction of the Mavinhalla and Kanagal stream is a particularly picturesque and inviting one. The line cleared by the Mysore Forest Department runs directly up to it, while at the very junction stands a large mango tree with two marks or × × on it, one of more recent date than the other arrived there.

(*a.*) Captain van Someren expressed himself to us as perfectly satisfied that this was the junction at which the party of 1868 arrived that it was the point they aimed for, and the mark on the tree must have been that cut by the party though he could not recall the mark made, *vide* memorandum attached (H), while Mr. Peet was under the impression that one × had been made by his Kurubars ; a fact that supports the apparent difference in ages of the marks or × S. and strengthens the presumption that the older one was made by the party of 1868. The spot was in my opinion one exceedingly likely to make a lasting impression on those who actually visited it and fixed it as a boundary.

(*b.*) The junction believed by Mr. Underwood to be the one reached by the party of 1868, *vide* maps (C. G.), has nothing striking about it (Bommankatte halla in map C.). No tree with any distinct mark such as *cross or arrow head*, could be found though a tree stood on the opposite bank with a large blemish, but from what cause I would hesitate to venture an opinion, though to me it had no appearance of having been intentionally made by man.

(*c.*) The 3rd junction that of the "Siri Mavinhalla" shewn in map B. as the present Madras claim is now for the first time, as far as I could ascertain, so named, and I have only to remark that it is neither the junction arrived at as per Captain van Someren, nor the one that Mr. Underwood believes they arrived at, *viz.*, the Bommankatte halla of map C.

23. The Commissioners of 1868 only spoke of having blazed trees, but as Mr. Underwood *subsequently recalled the fact of the party having cut arrow heads along the line and *at the junction*, this point was also followed up by us : we did at first come across two or three arrow heads cut on trees along the tract we were following, but as the Kurubars informed us that this was the mark Mr Ludlow, Assistant Conservator, Mysore Forests, put on trees intended by him to be felled for timber, at Mr. Logan's suggestion we desired to be shewn similar marks on trees *in* the forests *off* the track ; this the Kurubars undertook to do and did, the existence of arrow heads on trees therefore proves nothing in support of any line followed in 1868 and none could be found at any junction.

*Enclosure G., para 5.

24. There cannot be the slightest doubt that the junction of the Mavinhalla and Kanagal streams (*vide* Survey map B) to which the Mysore Forest Department have cleared their line was that actually reached by the party of 1868. I am further of opinion that it was also the point aimed at, but Mr. Logan was of opinion that the point aimed at must have been a more northern stream or the "Dukalhalla" (map C.)

25. Captain Freeth of the Madras Revenue Survey was present as already stated with our party in January 1877. He very obligingly went up the Kanagal from its junction with the Kabani to the spot where the Mavinhalla falls into the Kanagal and traced each affluent up its course and laid them all in (*vide* map *c*); he also laid in the actual junction of the Mavinhalla and traced its course for a considerable distance, and having ascended the Halikere-betta, map B, determined the fact of the Mavinhalla and Gumchi being distinct streams, as are also the two Mavinhallas, *i. e.* the true Mavinhalla of 1868 dispute and the Yerre-Mavinhalla.

26. All the party have to thank Captain Freeth for the valuable and material assistance so cheerfully rendered them and which enable them to come to a clear knowledge of this very difficult country ; and considering that the party of 1868 had no such aid and only the compass and incorrect trigonometrical map to guide them, no fire lines cleared as are now existing, but had to cut their way step by step through long grass, and that the compass as a guide was necessarily only referred to from time to time, it is not difficult to assume that they imagined they were steadily working in a more northerly direction than that they were actually pursuing ; that further they assuming the trigonometrical map to be comparatively correct and they took it for their guide to prepare their sketch maps D and E and finding thereon a large northerly stream now proved not to exist, uncrossed by them they unhesitatingly concluding it to be the Mavinhalla drew their line accordingly north-west in D and E which, as previously explained, are mere enlargements of the said trigonometrical map, thus though in their maps and reports they assumed the stream erroneously laid down in the trigonometrical map they themselves actually kept far to the south and between the real streams forming the northern and southern boundaries of the tract *then* in dispute, and this being the case it must be accepted as an undoubted fact that, notwithstanding errors of plan and compass, the line now cleared, except the slight deviation at point 2, Kalhalla, is actually and beyond doubt that then walked and determined on by the party of 1868 already accepted by Madras and Mysore, and consequently binding on the Commission of 1877.

27. In the report of the Madras Conservator of Forests, dated 1st April 1876, it is remarked that the line has been cleared considerably to the south-west of that fixed, thereby taking in nearly

all the forest originally claimed, and that the line cleared does not run to the junction of two rivers alluded to. The latter remark is not in accord with the now existing cleared line as found by us, *vide* paras 22 and 24 of this letter, while even by the line as cleared according to the settlement then arrived at, the Madras Government got considerably the larger portion of the area in dispute, and further allowing that the errors of the former Commission were those of description *merely*, it must rest with Government to come to a decision as to whether the present line (except the corner by Kalhalla) is not, all things considered, the only fair solution of the 1868 settlement, while *at most* it appears to me that all that could be conceded by Mysore should it be put forward and pressed by the Madras Government, is that a compromise be made between the spirit and the letter of the accepted settlement of 1868 and from Kalhalla (point 2) the line should run "*direct*" to the rise, or most northern point of Mavinhalla stream or nearly W. N. W. instead of N. W., and from thence follows the southern bank of the stream to its junction with the Kanagal. This would in fact be resigning the claim of 1868 because of errors of description of a difficult country, but to carry the line N. W. or even "direct" any further than the bank of the stream would be to alienate *now* from Mysore valuable forest land not in dispute *then*.

28. Mr. Logan was unable to see how he could, on behalf of his Government, even entertain any proposal short of the following.

"Starting from the Yere-Mavin tree to draw a line west, north-west till it intersected the Mavinhalla stream thence follow it up to the ridge of the "Hallihere Betta" (Maps B and C) thence on to that of Samorakala Betta and from its highest point strike in a direct line the junction of the Ankal halla and Kanagal (*vide* above maps).

29. In defining the settlement of 1868 in 1877 I could not entertain or undertake to recommend to Government that Mysore should yield what was not in dispute in 1868, so we decided to submit our views separately and leave to Government the decision, which, under the circumstances, was beyond our instructions to finally dispose of.

F.

From the Deputy Conservator, Wynad Forests, To the Offg. Conservator of Forests, Mysore and Coorg, No. 38, dated Manantoddy, 22nd January 1867.

I have the honor to bring to your notice that the settlement of the boundary between Mysore and Wynad near Gundry is still in abeyance. I enclose for your information a sketch showing the position where the disputed portion lies. When writing to me as Assistant Conservator of the Ashtagram Division you stated that you would issue orders that the teak trees felled on the disputed spot should not be removed until the question of the boundary had been settled; your Overseer at Nisaw has however removed all these trees to the depôt at Baigur contrary to your orders.

G.

From the Deputy Collector, Wynad, To the Collector of Malabar, No. 302, dated Manantoddy, 22nd April 1876.

As requested in a * demi-official received from you, I met Mr. Fraser of the Revenue Survey and went over the boundary line cut by the Mysore authorities from the Shigebetta tree to the junction of the Kanagal and Mavinhalla streams.

* Dated 3rd February.

We were accompanied by Colonel Beddome and Mr. Peet.

I went over the boundary as it is now cut by the Mysore authorities, and find that from the tree towards the Gumchi todo, the line is cut nearly in the same direction as agreed in the settlement approved by Government in their Proceedings dated 24th April 1868, No. 103.

The line cut runs parallel to the line we blazed at the time, our line being a little north of east of the line cut.

The line cut by the Mysore authorities was evidently done by some one who could not have been at the settlement. The line stops short of the Gumchi about 200 yards and then goes almost in an east and west direction nearly to the end of the line, when for about ¼ mile it runs nearly north to connect what is there called Mavinhalla stream with the Kanagal stream.

The line as blazed by ourselves at the time ran down to the Gumchi, from thence towards Bairegade and beyond on several trees, I found the broad arrow on the blazed line. These arrows were cut by Lieutenant Fullerton and others of the party as we went along at the junction of the Mavinhalla and Kanagal streams when we came up to it we blazed a large arrow on a tree, the bark and wood of which were soft. This tree cannot now be found. I took Mr. Fraser to a place which I believe was the junction. A reference to the lithograph map will at once shew that the line as now cut is not and can-

not be the junction, the Board of Revenue and Government sanctioned our line made to the junction, if you refer to place quite close to Kalvalli and places called Sosinalla and Sisivile were considerably to the south of the junction we then went to, whereas these last two places are to the north and north-west of the present cut junction.

Lieutenant Fullerton and Captain van Someren must have understood the contention, and they both agreed to the plan sent to the Board as being correct. Lieutenant Fullerton, who was so many years in these forests, could hardly have been so far led astray as to suppose the present junction to be identical with that drawn on his map.

For, the junction he drew is only about a mile from the Kabani, whereas the cut one is from four to five miles distant and Captain van Someren will, I am sure, admit if he visits the spot, and the arrows are pointed out to him and comparing the junction to which the line has been cut with that drawn on the map, that this junction is considerably to the south and west of what was agreed upon.

H.

Memorandum by Captain G. J. van Someren, Conservator of Forests, Mysore and Coorg, giving his recollections of what occurred (1) on the day that he in company with Lieutenant Fullerton and others went over the disputed Madras and Mysore boundaries on the 23rd March 1868 (2) of his first visit in 1864 or 1865 to the Ainur Marigudi forests when he visited the boundary stones now existing.

Camp Gundri 26th January 1877.

On the 23rd March 1868, our party with one copy of the trigonometrical map reached the Yere-Mavin tree which we assumed to be the Shigebetta tree, as Dr. Cleghorn's last stone is at this tree which is between the Shigebetta and the Bomma devaru kapani betta. Thence we blazed a line to the junction of the small stream (which we called Kalhalla) with the Yere-Mavinhalla. This last Lieutenant Fullerton also called the Gumchi and we adopted the two names. We then having no evidence to guide us, and not feeling that we could trust the details of the trigonometrical map, determined to cut a line to the junction of the Mavinhalla and Karnagal streams, as we took the Mavinhalla here to be the stream which eventually joined the Karnagal. We did so because the dispute was that the Malabar frontier at the time was the Mavinhalla, while the Mysore men held that the Ponguni further south was the southern boundary of Mysore. Both streams fall into the Karnagal. We accordingly began to blaze a line, being guided by the Kurubars of both sides, to the junction of the Mavinhalla and Karnagal and checking them with a compass from time to time. We were some time at the Yere Mavin tree, and then cutting our way through jungle and high grass arrived about dusk at the junction of the Mavinhalla and Karnagal streams, at the point where on the 24th January 1877, the present the Boundary Commissioners sat down. We arrived here about dusk, cut a mark on a tree standing in the angle between the Mavinhalla and Karnagal streams, and north of the first stream. Till after my memory had been refreshed by looking at the tree, the streams and surrounding features for some little time, I could not, on being asked the question at the tree itself, state what mark we made on it. I only remembered that we marked the tree in 1868. I now feel assured that the mark we made was a cross now existing. We then crossed the Mavinhalla, went across the Karnagal immediately into the Malabar country, and arrived late at night at the Kakankote bungalow. I am sure that the junction of the Mavinhalla and Karnagal streams shewn by me to the Boundary Commissioners of 1877, is the point at which Lieutenant Fullerton and I and our party ~~arrived~~ and reached on the 23rd March 1868. We cut no arrow heads. Our impression at the time was that Malabar had got more of the disputed tract than Mysore.

(2.) When I was Assistant Conservator in Ashtagram Division, I sometime in 1864 or 1865 (date can be ascertained by reference to my old batta bills) visited the boundary of the Ainur Marigudi forest, I found it did not accord with the trigonometrical map line, but as the stones were all laid, I took it for granted that the stones were on the right line and merely laid in roughly a loop line to the south on my trigonometrical map.

I.

Memorandum of Agreement on the Rampur Ford Dispute.

Agreed—

(*a.*) That we have been able to observe a generally well defined track, leading in a westerly direction along a watershed ridge, from the Rampur Ford to Devattike Betta, corresponding in general features with the boundary line fixed on by Dr. Cleghorn and accepted by both Governments.

(*b.*) That the line shewn approximately on the accompanying survey map as that claimed by Malabar also approximately corresponds thereto.

(*c.*) That the existing boundary stones do not follow the above line.

(*d.*) That this is owing to Todd and Stephens' stones No. 2 having most unaccountably been removed to a wrong point (its present position at "Kallaragudda" see survey map) by native subordinate officials of both Governments in 1859.

(*e.*) That there is no further evidence than that on record (which is unreliable) of the subsequent removal of any of these stones.

(*f.*) That the hut and out-buildings erected by the Mysore Forest Department lie almost due west of the ford.

(*g.*) That the cart track is at this point indistinct.

(*h.*) That the stable on the southern side of the forest hut is probably standing on the boundary line as fixed by Dr. Cleghorn.

(*i.*) That at the time (1873—74) when the site of the hut was selected, the existing numbered and unnumbered boundary stones were in their present position, and that the allegations made respecting the removal of the boundary stones in 1868 and the selection of the site for the hut are unfounded.

Further agreed—

(*j.*) That we recommend to our respective Governments.

(*k.*) That the Rampur Ford No. 1 stone, which is erected under a ficus religiosa tree on the bank of the right hand side of the southern cart track from the ford, be accepted as the starting point of the boundary line.

(*l.*) That the line run thence to a point thirty feet south of the stable attached to the forest hut.

(*m.*) That it continue thence to the nearest well defined point in the cart track (about 150 yards from the river bank).

(*n.*) That from that point, it run along the track as far as the point (correctly laid down in the survey map) of its intersection with the line claimed by Mysore between the stones named in the survey map "Mavinhalla Gatta" and "Devattike Betta" (Todd and Stephens' No. 3 stone) where stone No. 2 should now be standing as fixed by Dr. Cleghorn.

(*o.*) That the existing boundary stones be removed and placed along this line at the joint expense of the two Governments.

(*p.*) That this operation be carried out under the personal superintendence of the Deputy Conservator, Wynad Forests, and the Deputy Conservator in charge of the Mysore Ainur-Marigudi State Forests.

(*q.*) And that the boundary be considered as finally settled when these two officers have submitted a joint report stating that the above operation has, within their own personal knowledge, been carried out in accordance with the instructions above given.

C. J. PEARSE,
Dy. Commissioner.

Note.—Mr. Logan, Collector of Malabar, submits a similar memo of agreement to the Madras Government.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 25th May 1877.

No. 2021—Genl. 30, dated Bangalore, 25th May 1877.

Order.—The severe distress which prevails at the present time in the three Districts of the Nundydroog Division renders it very desirable that the Commissioner should have at his disposal the services temporarily of a special officer who will aid him in carrying out a systematic inspection of the relief operations in progress; and the Chief Commissioner desires that Major Cole, Superintendent of Inam Settlements, who can devote a short time to this duty, should proceed at once on a tour which might embrace, so far as time may permit, the Túmkúr and Kolar Districts.

2. The main points, to which Major Cole's enquiry will be directed, are—1st, the sufficiency or otherwise of the relief measures adopted both as regards gratuitous feeding and employment on works, and 2ndly, the condition of the people and the character of the existing distress, as affecting the mode in which relief of both kinds can be administered hereafter, with the greatest economy as well as efficiency. With regard to the first point, it is important to learn whether the principles and intentions enunciated in the Chief Commissioner's order No. 11381—G. 226 of the 9th February last have been, and continue to be, carried out, and on the result of the enquiries under the second head will depend the determination of the question lately raised by the Commissioner as to the practicability of concentrating relief measures within narrower limits.

3. It will be unnecessary that Major Cole should seek the personal aid of the Deputy Commissioners during his tour, but it will be requisite that he should communicate with them freely, and indicate any steps which he considers necessary to be taken at once, where irregularities or grave abuses come under his notice. All matters connected with the sanitary arrangements, &c., of a relief camp and the minor details of management, Major Cole will be competent to carry out on the spot.

4. The Chief Commissioner trusts that the Commissioner will find it practicable to make a similar tour in the Bangalore District, and in so much of the Túmkúr District as he can accomplish in the time at his disposal.

5. Major Cole should be required to submit periodical reports during his tour, for transmission to this office.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.
" Dy. Commissioners, Bangalore, Kolar and Túmkúr Districts.
" Major Cole, Superintendent, Inam Settlements.
" Survey and Settlement Commissioner for information.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 25th May 1877.

From the Commissioner of Ashtagram Division, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, camp No. 45, dated Camp Hassan, 18th May 1877.

The total amount allotted to this Division on account of famine relief works is Rs. 35,000 :—

Vide Proceedings No. 8195—106, dated 15th November 1876.			5,000
Do	No. 7,836—103, dated 6th November 1876	..	10,000
Do	No. 102, dated 6th January 1877	.. ..	20,000
		Total ...	35,000

The amount allotted up to 30th April 1877 was Rs. 16,663 :—

Mysore District.

1.	Chamundi hill road	.. . ..	1,663	
2.	Mandya-Melkote „	.. .. ..	5,000	
		Total..	———	6,663

Hassan District.

1.	Kittankere road, Harnhalli Taluk Rs.	..	1,100	
2.	Harnhalli-Bangalore-Shimoga road	..	1,500	
3.	Kamasamudra road.. :	..	850	
4.	Hosur-Chandrapur road, Manjarabad Taluk	..	5,000	
5.	Tracing the Dagunda road ..	..	1,000	
6.	Channaraypatna-Bagur road ..	..	550	
		Total..	———	10,000
		Grand Total..		16,663

2. The applications submitted on the 7th of May 1877 were for Rs 4,946 :—

1.	Harnhalli-Bangalore-Shimoga road, Harnhalli Taluk	1,130	
2.	Jamagal road	1,500	
3.	Collecting metal on the Hassan-Tiptur road	791	
4.	Dud-Arsikere do	649	
5.	Filling ditch in the town of Hassan ..	876	
	Total..	———	4,946
	making a total of Rs....		21,609

The balance now in hand is Rs. 13,391

3. The amount required on account of the Hosur-Chandrapur road has to be appropriated from this on receipt of information called for from the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan, as also the sums applied for on account of collecting metal on the Narsipur-Channaraypatna road. Applications for all these appropriations will be submitted in due course in the prescribed form, but in the meantime I request the favor of instructions whether estimates connected with these famine relief works below Rs. 500 and between Rs. 500 and 1,000 should invariably be submitted to your office for sanction before the works are put in hand, or whether they may be sanctioned by the Deputy Commissioner and Commissioner, respectively, in cases in which they are within their powers of sanction, due intimation of this being given to your office in the enclosed printed form of application.

4. Under the existing practice, all estimates below Rs. 500 under the head agricultural are sanctioned by the Deputy Commissioner, while those between Rs. 500 and 1,000 are disposed of by the Commissioner, others exceeding this amount being submitted for the sanction of the Chief Commissioner. The same course may be followed in the case of famine relief works, should there be no objection to it.

5. The favor of an early reply is solicited.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 25th May 1877.

No. 485—GENL. 238, DATED BANGALORE, 25TH MAY 1877.

ORDER THEREON.—In para 1 of the above letter the Commissioner states that out of a grant of Rs. 35,000 he has allotted Rs. 16,663, leaving a balance of Rs. 18,337. The Commissioner is referred to this office No. 373—176, dated 15th May 1877, in which the discrepancies between his accounts and those kept in this office have been pointed out.

2. Four out of the five projects mentioned in para 2 of the Commissioner's letter have been already sanctioned. The estimates and plans connected with No. 2, Jamgal road, and the Hosur-Chandrapur road referred to in para 3 have been referred to the Chief Engineer for examination and check.

3. The Chief Commissioner sees no objection to the adoption of the course proposed in para 4 of the foregoing letter, but the notifications in the usual form should be submitted to this office immediately after sanction is accorded to a work. The works so sanctioned may be put in hand in anticipation of the notifications being accepted, provided the preliminaries prescribed in clauses I to V of para 5 of the Proceedings of 23rd March last, No. 546, have been complied with.

4. Projects for sums exceeding Rs. 1,000 in amount should, as a rule, be submitted for the Chief Commissioner's sanction prior to the work being commenced, as required in para 6 of the Proceedings referred to above; but if the work is of an emergent character and is absolutely necessary to provide labor to relieve existing distress in any particular locality, the Commissioner may, on his own responsibility, start the work, submitting a report without delay for the final orders of the Chief Commissioner.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.
„ Commissioners of Nundydroog and Nagar Divisions, } for guidance as to para 4.
„ Deputy Commissioners of Districts, }

PART II.

JUDICIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	A warrant for the rendition of one Nadapiga and 10 others was returned to Nundydroog Commissioner, duly signed.	2nd May 1877.	
2	A warrant for the apprehension of one Udappa was returned to Nagar Commissioner, signed.	3rd do	
3	Three warrants for the apprehension of certain individuals residing at Roydroog in Her Majesty's Territories were returned unsigned to the Commissioner, Nagar Division, for reasons assigned.	Do do	
4	Copy of Government of India, Home Department, resolution No. 5—624, relative to opinions being submitted with the record of proceedings in cases in which prisoners under sentence of death appeal to the Governor General in Council, was forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner, with two spare copies.	Do do	
5	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions relative to relieving the Kolar District jail of its surplus prisoners, were communicated to the Judicial Commissioner.—Communicated to Military Assistant, Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, and Deputy Accountant General.	4th do	
6	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was informed that, as a case of supposed theft of sandalwood was now before the Magistrate, the Chief Commissioner considered it inexpedient to record any opinion on the matter, the several points involved being left for the decision of the Magistrate, and the result reported to this office.	5th do	
7	A warrant submitted by the Commissioner, Nagar Division, was returned duly signed.	7th do	
8	A warrant for the surrender of one Vadda Hanuma and another was returned to Nagar Commissioner duly signed by the Chief Commissioner.	14th do	
9	Do do for the surrender of one Mudigu Timmagadu and another submitted by Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
10	A warrant for the apprehension and surrender of one Balagai Bhangi was returned duly signed to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	16th do	
11	Notification appointing Atchappa, Sheristedar of the Magadi Taluk, as a temporary measure, a Magistrate of the 3rd Class, with the additional powers as described, was gazetted.	21st do	
12	Do investing Sivagnanam Pille, Munsiff, Kadur Sub-Division with the powers of a Magistrate of the 2nd Class and with additional powers as described, was gazetted.	Do do	
13	Do directing Mr. B. Srinivasaiengar, Assistant Commissioner and Magistrate of the 1st Class in the Túmkúr District, to take down the evidence of complainants and witnesses in own hand in the English language under section 335 of the Code of Criminal Proceedure, was gazetted.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
14	Notification investing Gopal Rao, Acting Head Peshkar of Bangalore, with the powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class and with additional powers as described, was gazetted.	21st May 1877.	
15	Do investing certain officers with power to commit for trial under section 143 of the Criminal Procedure Code was gazetted.	Do do	
16	A warrant for the surrender of one Mallavenkata was returned to Nundydroog Commissioner, duly signed.	Do do	
17	The Madras Government were addressed with the view of copies of the translation of the new Code of Civil Procedure being furnished to this Administration.	22nd do	
18	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's opinion on certain provisions contained in the bill for the limitation of suits, &c., was submitted to the Government of India in the Legislative Department.	25th do	
19	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's observations relative to the enrollment of Pleaders who may be eligible to practice in the lower courts of this Province were communicated to the Judicial Commissioner.	28th do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, *June* 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	A duplicate title deed to be granted to one Mr. Hepburn was returned to Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, with a request that it may be engrossed on a proper stamp, under article 23, schedule I of the General Stamp Act, and re-submitted to this office.	1st May 1877.	
2	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed that an extent of wet land assessed at Rs. 1—0—0 proposed to be given in lieu of the inam land of the Gangamma Devaru temple, submerged by the Timmasani tank in the Sidlagatta Taluk, was sanctioned, and that application would be made to the Government of India for the permanent remission of the assessment.	2nd do	
3	The usual season report for week ending 3rd May was telegraphed to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	3rd do	
4	Three printed copies of the return of food grains in this Province and Coorg, for the fortnight ending 15th April 1877, were submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, to replace manuscript.	Do do	
5	The Superintendent of Inam Settlements was requested in reply to state whether inam No. 341 was entered in the accounts of 1846—47, and whether any and what allusion is made therein to the Makan denoted.	5th do	
6	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's further orders relative to the alteration of quit-rent registers were communicated to the Superintendent of Inam Settlements.	Do do	
7	The Chief Commissioner's orders on the petition of one Dod Ramanna of the Mattihalli hobli, Honnavalli Taluk, Túmkúr District, complaining that he has been unjustly deprived of his Shanbhogi hak, were communicated to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	7th do	
8	Further information in regard to a coffee patta submitted for the Chief Commissioner's signature was called for from the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District.	8th do	
9	For reasons assigned, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was informed that as a special case the Chief Commissioner sanctioned the alienation of a piece of land to Mohadin Alli of Sira on account of the tomb of Darvesh Mahomed, and that application would be made to the Government of India for the permanent remission of assessment on the said land.—Communicated to Inam Superintendent.	Do do	
10	As submitted by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the remission of land revenue amounting to Rs. 7—3—10 in the Devanhalli Taluk for 1875—76, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
11	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in this Province and Coorg, for fortnight ending 30th April 1877, was submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	9th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
12	In reply, the Commissioner, Nagar Division, was informed that the instructions issued by him to the Deputy Commissioner of Chitaldroog, authorizing that officer to give retrospective effect to the concession sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner in the case of certain toddy contractors of the Chitaldroog District, were approved.	9th May 1877.	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 1877, Part II, R. A. & C. No. 24.
13	The usual season report for the week ending the 10th instant was telegraphed to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	10th do	
14	In reply, the Superintendent of Inam Settlements was informed with certain remarks that the settlement of the inam belonging to one Subba-Shastri in the Sidlagatta Taluk, Kolar District, having been revised in accordance with orders issued from this office, no further orders now seemed necessary.	15th do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part II, R. A. & C. No 37.
15	The usual season report for week ending 17th instant was telegraphed to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	17th do	
16	The Chief Commissioner's remarks relative to the compensation payable by the Municipality for certain land in the Town of Bangalore required for widening a road, were communicated to the President, Town Municipal Commission.—Communicated to Khan Bahadur Imamuddin Mekri, the owner of the land.	18th do	
17	Three printed copies of the return of food grains in this Province and Coorg, for the fortnight ending 30th April last, were submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, to replace manuscript return already transmitted.	22nd do	
18	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the payment of Rs. 26—14—3, being compensation to the Shanbhog and Toti of the Kuppasandra village, Bangalore Taluk, in lieu of their service inam lands taken up for a public road, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
19	Certain coffee pattas received from the Kadur Deputy Commissioner were returned for correction and re-submission.	Do do	
20	The usual weekly season report was telegraphed to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	24th do	
21	A discrepancy in a remission statement was pointed out to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
22	A manuscript copy of the return of prices current of food grains in this Province and Coorg, for the fortnight ending 15th instant, was submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	28th do	
23	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders relative to the permanent employment of two Watchers on the Jogimat hill to look after the fuel plantation were communicated to the Nagar Commissioner.—Communicated to Conservator of Forests and the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
24	Captain Ludlow, Bombay, was informed by telegraph that samples of the principal varieties of wheat grown in the various Provinces of India were required for experimental cultivation at the local Government Farm, and he was requested to ascertain if such were procurable in Bombay in parcels of 20 lbs each and where.	Do do	
25	As submitted by Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, a statement of remission of land revenue of the Honnavalli Taluk for the year 1875—76, amounting to Rs. 68—8—0, was sanctioned.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
26	Under circumstances represented, the Superintendent of Inam Settlements was informed that the Chief Commissioner considered that the settlement already effected by the Inam Department of certain villages in the Chitaldroog Taluk as denoted could not now be disturbed.—Communicated to Survey and Settlement Commissioner.	28th May 1877.	
27	As solicited by the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, a statement shewing an extent of land assessed at Rs. 13—7—7, required for enlarging the village Dommasandra in the Anekal Taluk, was sanctioned, with an intimation that application would be made to the Government of India for the permanent remission of assessment.	Do do	
28	The usual season report for the week ending 31st instant was telegraphed to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	31st do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, June 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

FORESTS.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	A further report in regard to the appointment of Mr. W. King, Assistant Conservator of Forests, to officiate temporarily as Assistant Conservator, 1st grade, during the absence on privilege leave of the late Mr. N. Daly, was submitted to the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, with a request that it may be treated as a special one under the terms of para 64, Chapter 1 of the Forest Code.	5th May 1877.	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 1877, Part II, Rev.-Forests, No. 14.
2	Referring to a report submitted by the Conservator of Forests that a portion of the Devaraydurga State-forests was burnt on the 24th March last, that officer was requested to submit further particulars on the subject.	9th do	
3	On the representation of the Commissioner, Nagar Division, sanction was granted to the forest reserves at Sakrebail and Shankargudda being kept open for grazing purposes till the 30th May 1877.—Communicated to Conservator of Forests.	14th do	
4	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders approving of the action taken by the Forest Department in regard to certain sandalwood, the importation of which was not covered by proper passports, were communicated to Conservator of Forests.	Do do	
5	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was requested to specify the higher rate of duty he would propose to be levied on toppal chakke, for the several Divisions.	15th do	
6	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was informed that his proposal to revert to the license system in respect of bamboos to be cut from district forests was included in the recommendations submitted by him on a previous occasion, and which were generally approved in March last.—Communicated to Commissioners of Divisions.	18th do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 1877, Part I, R.-Forests, Index Nos. 7 to 8.
7	Under circumstances stated, the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce were moved to appoint an experienced and well qualified officer to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Nugent Daly, Assistant Conservator, 1st grade.	19th do	
8	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was requested to report in future vacancies in the grade of Forest Rangers, with a view to the transfer to that grade of such students of the Engineering school as may at the time have passed the course in the 1st class of the Lower Division.—Communicated to Director of Public Instruction.	22nd do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Jan. 1877, Part II, R.-Forests, No. 7.
9	As submitted by the Conservator of Forests, the free grant of wood to the ryots of Dubanbairanhalli and Issur of the Shikarpur Taluk, Shimoga District, to enable them to re-build their houses destroyed by fire, was sanctioned.	23rd do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
10	A copy of the *Revue des Eaux et Forets, Annales Forestiers*, for March 1877, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests, for circulation.	24th May 1877.	
11	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was requested to report in what forest or at what depôts certain doteriorated wood has been found and the writing off of which in the accounts was solicited.	Do do	
12	Copy of Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, No. 12—495, relative to the recovery of rents from Forest officers for the occupation of Government buildings, was forwarded with six spare copies to the Conservator of Forests for information and communication to the officers of his department.	28th do	
13	In returning certain original correspondence received from the Conservator of Forests, that officer was requested to be so good as to submit, when replying to this office letter of the 14th instant, a memo stating concisely the object and nature of the rules to be prescribed for the protection of Mysore Government sandalwood in view to the Madras Government being asked to take reciprocal action.	Do do	*Vide* this statement. No.
14	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions were communicated to the Conservator of Forests, relative to the ownership of two logs of timber lying in the Hirinandi Depôt on the Kabam river in the Mysore District.	Do do	
15	Copy of Government of India Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, No. 570, conveying certain suggestions on the subject of the opening out of State forests in Mysore to grazing when the circumstances of the Province render such a measure necessary, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests, for information and guidance, with an intimation that it seemed to the Chief Commissioner desirable that he should take as early an opportunity as possible of proceeding to the Central Provinces for the purpose of consulting Captain Doveton on the points to which his attention has been more than once drawn by the Government of India.	Do do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, June 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

FINANCIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	As submitted by the Nagar Commissioner, a bill for Rs. 14,508—5—0, being amount of compensation payable to Shanbhogs and Patels of the old Sâgar Taluk for the years 1875—76 and 1876—77 and to the Shanbhogs of the surveyed taluks in the Shimoga District, for the quarter ending 31st March 1877, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with bill.	1st May 1877.	
2	In reply, the Military Assistant was informed that the budget provision of last year for "Purchase of tents" under which he wished the value of some gunny bags to be met was not now available, all unexpended balances of that year having lapsed.	Do do	
3	As submitted by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, a bill for the refund of Rs. 55—15—4, recovered from the jodidars of the Vodagam village in the Kolar Taluk, in excess of the prescribed amount of jodi, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with bill.	Do do	
4	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldroog District was informed that the present arrangement by which the Muzrayi Gumasta in the district office was borne on the district establishment might continue until such time as the surplus fund would admit of the charge being defrayed out of it.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
5	Statements of pensions and gratuities sanctioned during the quarter ending 31st March 1877, were submitted to the Government India in the Financial Department.	Do do	
6	A proposal submitted by the Anche Bakshi, for opening a receiving house in Shule (Bangalore) at a monthly charge of Rs. 4, *viz.* Rs. 3 for house rent, and one for contingencies, from the 1st May 1877, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	2nd do	
7	The monthly statements of cash balances for 1st April 1877 were returned to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
8	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that the pension granted to one Seshappa was reduced by As. 2—5, as he had been suspended for three months in 1872—73 for misconduct in availing himself of leave before it was sanctioned.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part II, "Financial," No.
9	As submitted by Nundydroog Commissioner, a bill for Rs. 35, being balance of charges incurred during the past year by the Town and Cantonment Magistrate, Bangalore, for carriage hire for conveying sick to the cholera camp, and for the interment of paupers, was sanctioned, with a suggestion that the rate of interment should be fixed so as to range from 8 annas to a maximum of 12 annas.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
10	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that as Major Blair's deputation on special duty in the three Districts of the Nagar	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Division had undoubtedly entailed increased cost, he may be permitted to draw batta at the rate of 8 Rs. per diem while absent from head-quarters at Shimoga on the special duty, but that it should now terminate as Lieutenant Macintire had been posted for duty in the Chitaldroog District.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.		
11	The Commissioners of Divisions were requested to report whether the advantage gained by the annual audit and payment to jodidars, of the sayer realizations of their villages, was such as would outweigh the inconvenience felt by them.	2nd May 1877.	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Sep. 1876, Part I, "Finl.," Index Nos. 17—18.
12	Copy of Government of India, Financial Department No. 31, intimating that the practice of treating in a pension any excess over half a pie as one pie was contrary to rule and should be discontinued, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
13	As submitted by Ashtagram Commissioner, a bill for Rs. 204—8—3, on account of arrears of pay due to certain officials of the late Palhalli Judicial Assistant's Court, was sanctioned.—Communicated with bill to the Deputy Accountant General.	3rd do	
14	Statements received from the Commissioner, Nagar Division, shewing the cost incurred in the employment of temporary peons in connection with survey operations in the Shimoga and Kadur Districts, were forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.—Communicated to Nagar Commissioner.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for May 1876, Part I, "Finl." Index Nos. 11 to 12.
15	Copy of Government of India Resolution No. 2017, Financial Department, directing that ½ per cent be charged throughout India on transfer receipts granted by treasury officers to officers in civil employ, on the issue of pay, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General, for publication in the local Gazette with the necessary instructions.	Do do	
16	As solicited by the Judicial Commissioner, the re-appropriation of Rs. 525 for the purpose of purchasing copper vessels for the use of the Kolar jail, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
17	As submitted by the Conservator of Forests, a bill for Rs. 104—15—0, being cost incurred in weighing sandalwood in connection with a late fraud case in the Shimoga sandal koti, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	4th do	
18	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the further temporary employment of 12 peons in the Division and Bangalore District offices till the revision of the office establishment, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	5th do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Aug. 1876, Part II, Finl. No. 90.
19	Rs 87—4—0 were remitted to the Station Master, Bangalore, on account of fare for the conveyance of 8 packages of tent poles from Delhi to Bangalore.	Do do	
20	As solicited by the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, a special permanent advance of Rs. 50 to meet expenses of dieting, &c., of patients in the hospital shed at the pettah Bangalore, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
21	As submitted by the Commissioner, Nagar Division, a bill for the refund of Rs. 10, being amount paid for license for teak logs required for the construction of the toll house at the Agumbe ghat, but which license was not issued, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with bill.	7th do	
22	Under circumstances represented by Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, a statement of remission for Rs. 6—5—11, being the amount of jodi for 1875—76, on two pieces of dry lands enjoyed by certain Pujaris in the Rajapur and Hanagod villages, Periyapatna Taluk, Mysore District, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
23	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, three bills aggregating Rs. 39—6—6, to meet charges incurred in conveying patients to the cholera camp, small pox shed, feeding kitchens and Bowring Hospital, were sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	7th May 1877.	
24	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nagar Division, the continuance of the famine allowance of 8 annas each, to the coolies employed on the Government cinchona plantations for three months from 1st April 1877, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Jan. 1877, Part II, "Financial," No. 78.
25	As solicited by the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, the temporary employment of an additional Toti at the Bowring Hospital was sanctioned for three months.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
26	In reply to a communication from the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, recommending the payment of batta to the Measurers of the Revenue Survey Department who are employed under Mr. Meiklejohn, in connection with famine operations in the Túmkúr District, that officer was requested to furnish this office with a statement of the officials and the nature of the duites on which they are severally employed.	8th do	
27	The budget estimates of the Bangalore Experimental Farm for the year 1877—78, with a file of papers, were forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General, for opinion on the point denoted.	Do do	
28	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the retention by Mr. Betham of the three peons of the Revenue Survey Department who accompanied him to the Túmkúr District was sanctioned as a temporary arrangement.—Communicated to Superintendent, Revenue Survey, and the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
29	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, sanction was accorded to an advance of Rs. 500 being drawn by the Bangalore Town and Cantonment Magistrate for the interment and conveyance of paupers.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
30	As submitted by Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, a statement from the Túmkúr Deputy Commissioner shewing the expenditure incurred during 1876—77 on account of interring paupers, and soliciting sanction to the disbursement of Rs. 548—6—11 therein mentioned, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
31	Under explanation furnished by the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division, a bill presented by the Jahagirdar of Yalandur on account of court fees levied in his jahagir during the months of October, November and December 1876, amounting to Rs 55—3—0, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with bill.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 1877, Part II, "Financial," No. 36.
32	As solicited by the Amche Bakshi, the disbursement of Rs. 1—8—0 per mensem, for a house for the Amche Mutsaddi's office, Heggaddevankote Taluk, till a new amche house had been built, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
33	As solicited by the Superintendent, Mysore Government Museum, sanction was granted to a number of gold and silver coins to the value of Rs. 180, obtained from the Chief Commissioner's treasury, being presented to the Museum.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
34	The Deputy Accountant General was requested to pay the sum of Rs. 12,000 into the Madras Branch Bank at Bangalore to the credit of Mr. D. Brewty, being the purchase money of the house occupied by the Superintendent, Central Jail.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part II, "General," No. 194.
35	As submitted by the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, a bill for Rs. 6—2—1 for extra servants engaged for the use of the cholera patients in the Civil Hospital at Shimoga during the month of March 1877, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
36	On the representation of the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, the payment of a compensation gratuity of Rs. 90 to Thomas Cole, a Compositor in the Mysore Revenue Survey Department, was sanctioned, chargeable in the proportions denoted to the Bombay and Mysore Governments.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	8th May 1877.	
37	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner was informed that the removal of about 200 prisoners from the Central Jail to the out-houses of the Raja's Palace, Bangalore, was sanctioned, as also the temporary entertainment of an establishment as denoted at a monthly cost of Rs. 230 to guard the prisoners while located there.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do	do
38	Copy of Government of India, Home Department Resolution No. 125, relating to the travelling allowances of an Inspector of Police when in charge of a District or Assistant Superintendent's office, was forwarded to the Inspector General of Police.	Do	do
39	In reply, the Superintendent, Mysore Government Museum, was informed that Rs. 55—13—0 would be disbursed to him by the Deputy Accountant General on application in payment of charges incurred for an assortment of birds' and fishes' eyes received from England.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do	do
40	An estimate submitted by the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division amounting to Rs. 115, for executing repairs to the Kolar chatiram, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	9th	do
41	Copy of Government of India, Financial Department No. 139, relating to the travelling allowances of police officers, was forwarded to the Inspector General of Police for information and for communication to the officers of his department.	Do	do
42	As requested by the Judicial Commissioner, the payment of Rs. 608—15—6, being excess expenditure incurred in the Chitaldroog District Jail during March 1877, was sanctioned, to be adjusted against savings under head "Law and Justice" in 1876—77.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do	do
43	An application from the Military Assistant for the purchase of a thorough bred English stallion for the Kunigal stud at a cost of Rs. 4,000 was negatived, as the Chief Commissioner was not prepared to recommend it in the present condition of the finances of this State.	Do	do
44	In reply, the Anche Bakshi was requested to submit to this office a supplemental indent for such quantity of French foolscap paper as might be required during the current year.	10th	do
45	The Deputy Accountant General was informed that of the budget grant of Rs. 4,400 for contingencies of the Anche Department, Rs. 3,600 have been placed at the Anche Bakshi's disposal to be drawn by him on contingent abstracts from the Treasury during the current official year.—Communicated to Anche Bakshi.	Do	do
46	As solicited by the Conservator of Forests, the purchase of certain tools required for the working of the fuel plantations in the Nundydroog Division was sanctioned, the amount Rs. 52—6—0 being met from the funds allotted therefor in the current year's budget.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	11th	do
47	The Chief Commissioner's orders relative to the batta payable to Savars and Barr Sepoys who proceeded on duty to Delhi were communicated to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do.	do
48	In reply, the Deputy Accountant General was informed that the circular issued by him relative to the privilege of granting transfer receipts to civil officers was approved.	12th	do

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
49	As solicited by the Judicial Commissioner, a further re-appropriation of Rs. 481—3—4½, to cover the excess expenditure incurred in the taluk lock-ups in the Túmkúr District, during March last, was sanctioned, the charge being debited to savings in the budget provision for 1876—77, under "Law and Justice."—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	14th May 1877.	
50	As submitted by Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, a bill for Rs. 31—9—10, being the acting allowance to Peshkar Súrappa who acted as Amildar of the Kunigal Taluk from 31st December 1876 to 27th January 1877, was sanctioned,—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with bill.	Do do	
51	As solicited by the Director, Government Gardens, the purchase of a pair of bullocks for Rs. 112 for the use of the gardens, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
52	As submitted by the Deputy Accountant General, three bills from the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, for Rs. 1,600 expended on the 1st January last, Proclamation day, were sanctioned.	Do do	
53	In reply, Messrs. Jefferson and Payne, Solicitors, Bombay, were informed that a fresh engrossment of the deed for the property sold by Mr. W. Brewty had been received and that the sum of Rs. 12,000 had been paid into the Bangalore Branch of the Madras Bank to Mr. Brewty's account.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part II, Genl. No. 194 and this statement No.
54	In reply, the Judicial Commissioner, who solicited a re-appropriation of Rs. 15,000 to meet expenditure in the Túmkúr District jail during the current year, was requested to authorize the Nundydroog Commissioner to enter the fresh appropriation applied for in the prescribed quarterly statement.	15th do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part I, "Finl." Index No. 7 to 8.
55	In reply, the Inspector General of Police was informed that the Chief Commissioner observed that the reasons adduced by Mr. Hewetson, for the grant to him of an allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem as house rent, did not appear sufficient to justify an application to the Government of India.	16th do	
56	In reply, the Nundydroog Commissioner was informed that, for reasons assigned, the Chief Commissioner declined to admit a bill of costs presented by Messrs. Barclay and Morgan, Solicitors, in connection with the revision of the deed of agreement relative to the mining operations in the Kolar District.	Do do	
57	As submitted by the Deputy Accountant General, a power of attorney to convey authority for the sale of 3 lakhs additional of Mysore invested funds, was returned duly signed by the Chief Commissioner, and with the intimation that the Deputy Accountant General was authorized to apply to the Accountant General at Madras for early payment of the principal of two lakhs of debentures which will fall due on the 1st June next in part of the amount.	17th do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part II, "Financial," No. 67.
58	Copy of a statement received from the Government of India, Financial Department, giving particulars of extensions of leave or permission to return to duty by Her Majesty's Secretary of State, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests.—Gazetted.	Do do	
59	As solicited by the Conservator of Forests, an expenditure of Rs. 3—15—0 on account of police guards in addition to the amount already authorized was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Feb. 1877, Part II, "Financial," No. 18.
60	As solicited by the Conservator of Forests, the purchase of certain tools at a cost of Rs. 365—12—0, required for the Mastagaddi teak and Mayihalla sandal plantation in the Mysore Range, was sanctioned, the amount being debited to head A VI (c) "Plant and Tools," &c., in the current year's budget.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
61	A memorial from Gundappa, late Amildar of the (abolished) Sarjapur Taluk, was submitted with the Chief Commissioner's observation for the orders of the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	17th May 1877.	
62	In reply, the Nundydroog Commissioner was informed that the grant of the extra famine allowance, authorized in Chief Commissioner's Notification of March last, may be extended as a special case to jail contingent guards.—Communicated to Commissioners, Ashtagram and Nagar Divisions and the Deputy Accountant General.	18th do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 187 Part II "Financial" No. 74.
63	As solicited by the Conservator of Forests, the purchase of certain furniture at a cost of Rs. 72 for the use of the Deputy Conservator's office at Mysore was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
64	In reply, the officer in charge of the Chief Commissioner's Treasury was informed that the Chief Commissioner sanctioned an amount of Rs. 831—6—1, being charges incurred in the remittance of small silver and copper coins to the Shimoga and other treasuries in March last, being met from the general savings of the budget of 1876—77.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	21st do	
65	As solicited by the Anche Bakshi, the purchase of three almirahs at Rs. 35 each for securing the stationery of his department, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	22nd do	
66	As solicited by the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, an advance of Rs. 2,000 being drawn by the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, to meet expenditure on account of the interment of paupers was sanctioned, and he also was authorized to adjust a sum of Rs. 38—7—6 in the accounts of 1876—77, being amount spent in excess of the allotment for the purpose.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
67	In reply the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was informed that the payment of only the ordinary batta at 3—10ths of salary to all subordinate officials employed on special duty in connection with famine relief outside Bangalore, when their duties are not such as to require them to move about constantly, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	23rd do	
68	On the representation of the Superintending Engineer, Roads and Buildings' Branch, Department Public Works, the payment of an invalid gratuity amounting to Rs. 112, under section 65, rule 3 of the Civil Pension Code, to Nasir Homed, Daffedar attached to the Executive Engineer's office, Túmkúr Division, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
69	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was informed that, for reasons assigned, the issue of clothing to the inmates of the Lunagarkhana at Bangalore could not be sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	24th do	
70	A file of papers relating to Doctor Henderson on the subject of his pay as Superintendent, Central Jail, and his claim to free quarters, &c., was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
71	As solicited by the Director of Public Instruction, an expenditure of Rs 5 per mensem, for the rent of the Hindustani school at Hassan, chargeable to the provision under that head in the educational budget, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
72	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed that the charges for the additional Clerks sanctioned for his office should be included in his next quarterly re-appropriation statement.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part II, "Financial," No. 28.
73	As solicited by the Kadur Deputy Commissioner, a bill amounting to Rs. 30 for furniture, &c., required for the Muzrayi Gumasta, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with bill.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
74	Rs. 9 remitted by the Conservator of Forests were returned to that officer with an intimation that payment should not be made for copies of the "Manual of Family Medicine" until the Government of India had complied with the requisition.	24th May 1877.	
75	As solicited by the Inspector General of Registration, the purchase of six teakwood boxes at a cost of Rs. 88, for certain registry offices, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	25th do	
76	Rs. 297—12—0, in adjustment of the cost of the 50 copies of the Codes of the Financial Department, including the annual subscription for the addenda and corrigenda, were remitted to the Superintendent, Government Printing, Calcutta.	Do do	
77	As submitted by the Commissioner, Nagar Division, a supplemental estimate for Rs. 26—4—0, for repairing the cinchona propagating house at Santaveri, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
78	As solicited by the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, the payment from the keddah accounts of Rs. 26—8—0, being famine allowance at one rupee each to the attendants of the eight tame elephants supplied for service in the keddah at Chamrajnagar during October and November 1876, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
79	A bill of refund amounting to As. 8, submitted by Nagar Commissioner, was duly sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with bill.	28th do	
80	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the grant of an invalid gratuity of Rs. 120, on behalf of Mahomed Husen, peon in the Judicial Assistant's Court, Túmkúr District, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General with the first page of the application.	29th do	
81	In reply, the Manager, Calcutta Central Press Company, Limited, was requested to return a sum of Rs. 50, lying at the credit of the Chief Commissioner on account of the "Ornithology of our Indian Empire," as the probable date of the issue of the work was uncertain.	Do do	
82	A further report on certain points connected with the Civil Travelling Allowance Code was submitted to the Government of India in the Financial Department in reply to letter No. 1287, dated 7th March last.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part II, "Finl.," No. 11.
83	On the representation of the Anche Bakshi, the payment of an invalid gratuity amounting to Rs. 92—0—2 to Runner Venkatramana of the Shrinivaspur Taluk was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with first page of application.	Do do	
84	On the representation of the Director of Public Instruction, an application for a superannuation gratuity amounting to Rs. 480 on behalf of Shamachari, late Sub-Deputy Inspector of Hobli Schools, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with first page of application.	Do do	
85	On the representation of the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the grant of gratuities aggregating Rs. 455—14—8 to certain individuals as denoted, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with the first pages of the several applications.	Do do	
86	The Chief Commissioner's instructions relative to the destruction of certain rogue elephants in the Kakankote and Begur forests were communicated to Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.—Communicated in reply to Conservator of Forests.	Do do	
87	As solicited by the Superintendent of the Mysore Government Press, sanction was granted to an appropriation being made from general savings to meet an excess of Rs. 621—3—4 over the budget grant	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	for printing materials for 1876—77.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.		
88	As solicited by the Commandant, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, a bill for Rs. 55, on account of expenses incurred during the Delhi Assemblage by the Company of Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	29th May 1877.	
89	As solicited by the Military Assistant, the disbursement of Rs. 50, on account of charges incurred in procuring gunny bags from the Central Jail was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
90	A public service remittance transfer receipt for Rs. 24, received from Ashtagram Commissioner, being value of rain gauges supplied to his Division, was forwarded to the officer in charge of Chief Commissioner's Treasury, for realization and credit.	Do do	
91	As submitted by Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, a bill of refund amounting to Rs. 77, on behalf of two individuals on account of a vacant piece of ground taken up for the construction of a chattram in Channapatna, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with bill.	Do do	
92	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, an advance of Rs. 450 being drawn by the Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District, to meet current expenditure on account of the interment of paupers, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	30th do	
93	Rs. 25 in adjustment of 10 copies of the "Ayur Veda Sangraha" were remitted to the Director of Public Instruction.	Do do	
94	As solicited by the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, the disbursement of Rs. 50—14—4 to muzrayi stipendiary Krishnacharya, being arrears due to him, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
95	Copy of an order directing that the pay and allowances of a Clerk deputed from this office for supervising the relief kitchen denoted, being debited to the famine relief grant, was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	31st do	
96	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, a bill for Rs. 40, on account of contingent charges incurred in the months of January to 4th April last, by Mr. Meiklejohn, Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey, on special duty at Túmkúr, was sanctioned, debitable to the relief grant of the Túmkúr District.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General and Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
97	On the representation of the Commissioner, Nagar Division, a pension of Rs. 17—8—0 per mensem on behalf of Ramappa, Revenue Head Record-Keeper, Shimoga District office, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
98	On a reference from the Deputy Accountant General, the Chief Commissioner's orders on a batta bill submitted on behalf of the officers of the Mysore Horse who proceeded on duty to Delhi were communicated to that officer and the Military Assistant.	Do do	*Vide* this statement No.

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, June 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

GENERAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, was requested to furnish printed copies of the statements and appendices of the Cantonment Municipality for 1877—78.	1st May 1877.	
2	As solicited by the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, the entertainment temporarily for three months of a Mestri for the Nelamangala Taluk on Rs. 20 per mensem plus Rs. 7—8—0 horse allowance, was sanctioned debitable to the famine relief grant of the Bangalore District.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts, and the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
3	As submitted by Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, two estimates amounting in the aggregate to Rs. 97, for matting and taping cots of the 2nd class travellers' bungalow at Attikuppa, were sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General with copies of estimates.	Do do	
4	As submitted by the President, Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee, a bill for Rs. 2,810—12—0, on account of charges incurred in the Binnamangala kitchen from 26th February to 31st March 1877, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
5	In reply, the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, was informed that the monthly contingent bills should be submitted to this office as directed in para 5 of Proceedings of April last, and that the charges incurred for printing forms should be included in a separate bill and treated as distinct from the ordinary contingent charges.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part I, "General," Index No. 27.
6	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed that an offence under Act XIII of 1859 was not one of those mentioned in Schedule II of Act XI of 1872 (the Extradition Act,) and he was requested to explain the grounds on which a warrant for the apprehension and surrender of one J. R. Turnbull for an offence under it was submitted for signature.	Do do	
7	Notification relative to the constitution of the new taluk of Mudgere in the Kadur District, Nagar Division, with lists of villages, was forwarded to the Compiler, Mysore Gazette, for publication in three issues in English and Kanarese.	Do do	
8	Notification intimating that certain villages with the hamlets thereto annexed have been transferred from the Lakvalli to the Chikmagalur Taluk of the Kadur District, with effect from 1st April 1877, was forwarded to the Compiler, Mysore Gazette, for publication in three issues in English and Kanarese.	Do do	
9	Copy of a communication from the Chief Engineer, reporting upon a plan and estimate for constructing a filter at Siralkoppa, Shikarpur Taluk, Shimoga District, was forwarded to Commissioner, Nagar Division, for an explanation of the reasons which have led to the proposed filter being projected in lieu of wells which are less expensive and apparently better adapted to the circumstances of large villages.	2nd do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
10	Notifications of sanction from Nos 686 to 691, aggregating Rs. 3,933, for certain relief works in the Bangalore District, were returned to Nundydroog Commissioner, duly accepted.	2nd May 1877.	
11	Do do Nos. 306 to 316 for Rs. 1,570.	Do do	
12	Referring to a map submitted shewing the localities more or less affected by famine in the Nundydroog Division, the Commissioner was requested to furnish a statement shewing the area affected in each taluk in square miles	Do do	
13	A statement shewing the particulars of the metal collected on several roads in the Túmkúr District was returned to Nundydroog Commissioner, for explanation as to certain discrepancies pointed out	Do do	
14	The Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was requested to state why an amount of Rs. 500 for collecting metal on the Túmkúr-Bellary road was debited to the ordinary relief grant when a separate grant has been made for the purpose.	Do do	
15	Referring to an application from Apothecary D'Cruz of the local service for promotion to the senior grade, the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, was requested in reply to report the period at which it has been usual for 1st class Apothecaries in the Madras Medical Service to attain the rank of Senior Apothecary.	Do do	
16	Copy of Government of India resolution No. 1741, Financial Department, relative to Mr. G K. Betham's name being included in the supplementary list of officers to be recommended to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, for admission to the benefits of the more favorable leave rules for uncovenanted officers, was forwarded to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner for communication to Mr. Betham.	Do do	*Vide* Vol of Progs for Sept 1876, Part II, "General," No. 32
17	Notification appointing under the authority of the Government of India, D Namakal Rao, Munsiff, 2nd grade to act as an Assistant Commissioner, 6th class, roll B, and posting him to the Túmkur District, as Police Assistant, was gazetted and copies sent to officers concerned.	Do do	
18	The Chief Commissioner's orders in revenue special appeal No 75 of 1876—77 were communicated in reply to Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.	Do do	
19	As requested, five copies of Act V of 1866 were forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner, with an intimation that spare copies of Act XXVII of 1860 were not available.	Do do	
20	In reply, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was informed that probationary Amildar Lakshman Modaliar having passed such of the revenue tests as he was not exempted from might be allowed to appear for examination in the Indian Penal and Criminal Procedure Codes only.	Do do	
21	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nagar Division was informed that although the grounds on which an increased rate of travelling allowance urged by him on behalf of district officers were undoubtedly entitled to some consideration, still the Chief Commissioner was not prepared in the present state of the finances to authorize a measure which would involve a similar concession to the officers in the other divisions and departments of this Administration.	Do do	
22	Two notifications of sanction for Rs 840 and 756 respectively for opening roads in the Hiriyur and Kankuppa Taluks were returned to Nagar Commissioner, duly accepted.	Do do	
23	Notifications of sanction from Nos 1 to 5 for certain relief works in the Bangalore District for Rs. 1,929 were returned to Nundydroog Commissioner, duly sanctioned.	3rd do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
24	Notifications of sanction from Nos. 1 to 5 for certain relief works for Rs. 1,671 in the Kolar District.	3rd May 1877.	
25	In reply, the President, Central Famine Relief Committee, was informed that the payment of Rs. 10,000 from the 8th lakh grant of 21st April 1877, as a grant-in-aid to the kitchens under the supervision of the Central Famine Relief Committee, was sanctioned with a remark that the Chief Commissioner hoped that private charity will be further exerted to meet such proportion of the expenditure in feeding the poor of Bangalore itself, as the community should be well able to bear.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
26	The Chief Commissioner's orders on the budget estimates of the kasba municipalities of the Hassan District for the year 1877—78 were communicated to the Deputy Accountant General, and the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division.	Do do	
27	An application was submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, for the extension of the new Registration Act III of 1877 to this Province in lieu of Act VIII of 1871.	Do do	
28	The Superintendent of the Government Press was requested to revise the Kanarese translation of the bill to amend the Registration Act 1871, with the new Registration Act No. III of 1877, and that a copy containing such alterations be submitted to this office.	Do do	
29	In reply, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was informed that the Mysore Deputy Commissioner might procure an ordnance map of his district from the Madras Publishers charging the cost to his office contingencies.	Do do	
30	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was requested to report further in regard to the conduct of Mahomed Ali Hazari, Amildar of the Honnavalli Taluk.	Do do	
31	In reply, the Anche Bakshi was informed that permission to frank official covers may be granted to officials in charge of relief kitchens, but that the right would extend only to letters addressed to the Amildars of taluks in which the officer is employed or to the Deputy Commissioner or Sub-Divisional Officer.—Communicated to Commissioners of Divisions for the information of district officers.	Do do	
32	Notification appointing certain Peshkars in the Bangalore District, Sub-Registrars, under the provisions of sections 5 and 6 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, was gazetted, and copy sent to the Inspector General of Registration.	4th do	
33	Under circumstances stated, the Deputy Superintendent, Revenue Survey and Settlement, was authorized to purchase 25 reams of superior royal printing French paper, and he was requested to furnish particulars as to the weight per ream of the required description of paper for insertion in the Europe indent now under preparation.	Do do	
34	Abstract form C, shewing the number of deaths registered from different causes in Mysore and Coorg for October last, was forwarded to the Compiler, Mysore Gazette, for publication.	Do do	
35	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that as soon as replies were received from all Commissioners on the reference of October last, a set of rules would be prepared and issued for the guidance of muzrayi officers and committees entrusted with the management of temples and chattrams.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for, Oct. 1876, Part I, "R. A. and C.," Index Nos. 3 to 4.
36	In reply, the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, was informed that a memo of propositions to be laid before the ordinary meeting of the Cantonment Municipal Commission to be held on the 23rd instant, had been recorded.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
37	In reply, the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission, was informed that the proceedings of an ordinary meeting of the Cantonment Municipal Commission held on the 12th April last, had been recorded.	4th May 1877.	
38	Notifications of sanction Nos. 1 to 14 amounting to Rs. 1,381 were returned to Nundydroog Commissioner, duly accepted.	5th do	
39	Do Nos. 15 to 29, for Rs. 2,285.	Do do	
40	A statement of the expenditure incurred in the kitchens in the Kolar District from 1st February up to 31st March 1877 was returned to Nundydroog Commissioner for re-submission prepared in the prescribed form.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 1877, Part I, "General," Index Nos.
41	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was informed that the work of sinking a well in the division office calculated to cost Rs. 999 was hardly one to which relief funds should be applied, but that it was sanctioned on the understanding that the charge could be met from some other source to be pointed out by the Commissioner.	Do do	
42	Notifications of sanction Nos. from 41 to 60, for relief works in the Bangalore District amounting to Rs. 3,611, were returned to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, duly accepted.	Do do	
43	Do Nos. from 218 to 231 amounting to Rs. 1,511 for relief works in the Túmkúr District.	Do do	
44	Do Nos. from 30 to 40 amounting to Rs. 910 for relief works in the Bangalore District.	Do do	
45	Notifications of sanction Nos. from 200 to 217 aggregating Rs. 3,772 for certain relief works in the Túmkúr District were returned to Nundydroog Commissioner, duly accepted.	Do do	
46	Do do Nos. 1 to 15 amounting to Rs. 3,185 for relief works in the Kolar District.	Do do	
47	A plan and estimate amounting to Rs. 5,691 for constructing a bridge over the surplus channel of the Gubbi tank on the Gubbi-Hebbur road, Túmkúr District, were returned to Nundydroog Commissioner, with copy of a communication from the Chief Engineer reporting on the project.	Do do	
48	Ten copies of a Compendium of Medicine in Kanarese were transmitted to the Under-Secretary of State for India, India Office, London.—Intimated to the Government of India in the Home Department.	Do do	
49	Under circumstances brought to notice, the Commissioner, Nagar Division, was informed that the Chief Commissioner sanctioned the reduction of Amildar Gangadhara Rao, from the 4th to the 5th grade.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	7th do	
50	A monthly tabular statement of vacancies and a register of effective and non-effective officers employed in this Province and Coorg, with proportionate return for 1st May 1877, was submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	Do do	
51	The Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, was requested to report the number of prisoners now in the Chitaldroog Jail, and whether it was in excess of the authorized complement.	Do do	
52	A representation was made to the Madras Government relating to the question of restricting the manufacture of earth salt in this Province.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 1876, Part I, R. A. & C. Index Nos. 3 to 4.
53	The Superintendent of the Government Press was requested to strike off certain forms as specified, and to forward the same direct to the Secretary, Department Public Works.—Communicated to Secretary, Department Public Works.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
54	As solicited by the President, Town Municipal Commission, the appropriation of Rs. 1,465—9—11 realized by the sale of waste sites, as funds were emergently required to meet current charges, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	7th May 1877.	
55	The Compiler, Mysore Gazette, was directed to forward a copy of the Gazette free to Captain J. R. McCullagh, R. E, Officiating Deputy Superintendent in charge No. 8 Party, Mysore Topographical Survey.—Communicated to Captain McCullagh in reply.	Do do	
56	As solicited, 1½ reams of dockets, large size, were forwarded to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
57	In reply, certain articles of stationery were forwarded to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, for the Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District.	Do do	
58	The Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was requested to report on certain points in connection with relief works in the Bangalore District.	Do do	
59	The grant of two months' privilege leave of absence from the 20th instant to Mr. T. Inman, Local Fund Assistant Engineer, Shimoga District, was gazetted, and copy sent to Nagar Commissioner.	Do do	
60	A notification of sanction of a supplemental estimate for Rs. 195, for the construction of the Mysore-Talkad road was returned to Ashtagram Commissioner, duly accepted.	Do do	
61	Do for Rs. 55—5—0 for the purchase of copies of the Public Works codes and sundries.	Do do	
62	Do for Rs. 60 for repairing a well at Gandasi in the Harnhalli Taluk.	Do do	
63	Copies of a distribution statement of relief grants received from Nundydroog Commissioner were forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General and Examiner, Public Works Accounts.		
64	As solicited by the President, Town Municipal Commission, a statement for Rs. 558, being the amount of famine batta proposed to be granted to such municipal servants as are on receipt of Rs. 15 and under, for April, May, and June, was sanctioned, the charge being defrayed from the budget provision under "Extraordinary Public Works."—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
65	In continuation of previous letter on the subject, the Madras Government were informed that, on taking the necessary steps for the removal of a pauper woman belonging to this Province, from the Gudalur Hospital at Wynaad, it had been ascertained from the medical officer in charge that she was not at the hospital.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Jan. 1877, Part II, "General," No. 136.
66	Notifications of sanction Nos. 61 to 80 amounting to Rs. 2,054 for certain relief works in the Bangalore District were returned to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, duly accepted.	8th do	
67	In reply, the Nundydroog Commissioner was informed that a plan and estimate amounting to Rs. 22,985, for constructing a road from Mulbagal to Shrinivaspur in the Kolar District, would be referred to the Chief Engineer for check and opinion, and he was authorized as the work was in progress to appropriate Rs. 7,320 required on earth work, out of the relief grants made to the Kolar District, or out of the sum at his disposal.—Communicated to Chief Engineer with plan and estimate, and Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
68	The Commissioner, Nagar Division, was requested to re-submit to this office the plan and estimate for the construction of the Harihar-Harpanhalli road.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
69	In reply, the Nundydroog Division Commissioner was authorized to raise the imprest from 500 to 1,000 Rs. in the Nelamangala and Devanhalli Taluks, and to allow an imprest of Rs. 500 to each of the relief officers as denoted.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General and Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	8th May 1877.	
70	Notifications of sanction Nos. 81 to 100 amounting to Rs. 2,796 for certain relief works in the Bangalore District were returned to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, duly accepted.	Do do	
71	Copies of certain forms and proceedings were forwarded to the Commissioners of Divisions for distribution to the Deputy Commissioners.	Do do	
72	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, was informed that blank forms of the weekly famine return and envelopes had been supplied to the Amildars in his District direct from this office.	Do do	
73	In returning original papers relating to the instructions issued to relief officers, the Commissioner, Nagar Division, was requested to state whether the levy of a subscription at the rate of one rupee per house, referred to in para 1 of the Chitaldroog Deputy Commissioner's Circular of 17th February last, was compulsory.	Do do	
74	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions relating to the appropriation of funds on account of the collection of metal in the Kolar road were communicated to Nundydroog Commissioner.	Do do	
75	The Chief Commissioner's remarks and suggestions regarding the supervision of relief kitchens and works were communicated to the Commissioners of Divisions.	Do do	
76	The Chief Commissioner's orders on the budget estimates of six municipalities, as denoted, in the Kadur District, were communicated to the Commissioner, Nagar Division, and Deputy Accountant General.	9th do	
77	Referring to an estimate submitted amounting to Rs. 160, for repairing a bridge, the President of the Cantonment Municipal Commission was requested to intimate whether it was within or without municipal limits.	Do do	
78	Notification investing Mr. E. Chitambram Iyer, Officiating Judicial Assistant Commissioner, Kadur, temporarily with the powers of a Magistrate of the 1st Class within the meaning of section 19 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act X of 1872) and with the additional powers referred to in Clauses 2 and 5 of Section 27 (*a*) of the Act, was gazetted, and copies sent to the Judicial Commissioner and Commissioner, Nagar Division.	Do do	
79	Copy of Government of India No. 960 G, sanctioning the continuance of the appointment of Adjutant and Drill Instructor of the Mysore Horse for a further period of 2 years with effect from 1st April 1877, together with copy of the letter from this office on the subject, was forwarded to the Military Assistant for information and communication to Captain Morant.	Do do	
80	Three printed copies of the special famine report of this Province for the week ending 28th April last were forwarded to the Madras Government.	Do do	
81	An application from the public servants of the newly constituted Taluk of Múdgere, for a free grant of wood for building purposes, received through the Commissioner, Nagar Division, was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests, for opinion.	Do do	
82	The Chief Engineer, Department Public Works, was requested to have the building in the Pettah of Bangalore recently occupied by the Judicial Assistant's and Munsiff's Courts examined by an officer of his	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Department and a report submitted whether in its present condition the building is habitable.		
83	In reply, three printed copies of the special famine report No. 7, together with a printed copy of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings dated 29th March 1877, prescribing the new scale of diet, were submitted to the Government of Madras.	9th May 1877.	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March Part I, "General," Index Nos. 35 to 37.
84	In reply, the Nundydroog Commissioner was informed that the grant by him of an additional sum of Rs. 2,000 to the Kolar Deputy Commissioner for expenditure on kitchens during the current month, was approved.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	10th do	
85	On the representation of the Commissioner, Nagar Division, the construction of a well in the 2nd class travellers' bungalow at Kadur was sanctioned, the charge being debited to "26 Miscellaneous," civil budget.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part II, Genl. No.
86	Under circumstances represented by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, was authorized to pass an additional sum of Rs. 300 incurred on the up-keep of the Yalahanka-Goribidnur road during 1876—77.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
87	In reply, the Commissioner, Nagar Division, was authorized to carry out such emergent repairs as are necessary to the 1st class travellers' bungalow at Chikmagalur and to re-submit an estimate for thoroughly repairing the building later in the year with such modifications as may be warranted by the intermediate repairs.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
88	As solicited by Commissioner, Nagar Division, the appointment of a Kotval on Rs. 8 and a Dandi on Rs. 6 per mensem, in the locality indicated in the Múdgere Taluk of the Kadur District, was sanctioned, provision being made for the charge temporarily for one year in the Kadur district fund budget for 1877—78.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
89	Certain errors occurring in a statement shewing the area affected in each taluk in the Nagar Division were pointed out to the Commissioner.	Do do	
90	A statement shewing the local cess collections in this Province for the half year ending 31st March 1877 was forwarded to the Compiler, Mysore Gazette, for publication.	Do do	
91	Estimates for stationery required by the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, on payment, on account of district fund works in his office, for the years 1877—78 and 1878—79, were returned duly corrected to that officer.	Do do	
92	On the representation of the Military Assistant, the sale by auction of the horse "Tantia Topy" was authorized, as the animal was unsuited for a stallion.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
93	The special famine report of the Mysore Province for the week ending 28th April 1877, was submitted to the Honorable T. C. Hope, Additional Secretary, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
94	In reply, the Commissioner, Nagar Division, was requested to institute a further enquiry in special revenue appeal No. 3 of 1877—78.	11th do	
95	An extract from the Amche Bakshi's report relative to the congregation of poor people at Lakvalli was forwarded to the Nagar Commissioner, for enquiry as to the facts stated and a brief explanation of the circumstances if correct.	Do do	
96	Copies of the condition report of the Province for week ending 28th April last, No. 12, were circulated to all heads of departments.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
97	A copy of the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings under date 7th instant relative to the removal of Mysore paupers from the relief kitchens in the Nilgiris and Wynad was submitted to the Madras Government.	12th May 1877.	*Vide* Part I. of this Vol. "General" Index Nos.
98	A packing account of stores per "Cedric the Saxon" was returned to the General Superintendent of Stores, Madras, duly filled up and signed by the Superintending Engineer of Irrigation.	Do do	
99	In reply, the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, was informed that the construction of an additional shed for patients at the Bowring Civil Hospital might be proceeded with, an estimate of the cost of the proposed building being submitted before formal sanction is accorded.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
100	The sanction of the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce was solicited to the temporary transfer to this Administration of the services of 5 or 6 Hospital Assistants for a period of six months on the same terms on which similar officials have been lent to the Madras Government.	Do do	
101	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that certain proposals for the promotion and postings of Amildars were generally approved, and that as Mr. Panchanatha Rao retains his position as an Amildar. 3rd grade, Venkatramaiya will be treated as a supernumerary of the 5th grade.—Gazetted.	Do do	
102	In reply, the Government of India in the Home Department were informed by telegram of the despatch of 21 copies each of the enclosures of this office communication relative to the revision of school text books.	Do do	
103	In reply, the President, Bangalore Town Municipal Commission, was informed that a copy of the Proceedings of an ordinary meeting held on the 25th ultimo had been recorded.	Do do	
104	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's remarks on the subject of the allotment and expenditure of funds on relief works in the Bangalore District were communicated to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
105	A notification of sanction for tools and plant debitable to the budget allotment of 1876—77 was returned to Nagar Commissioner, duly sanctioned.	Do do	
106	An error in his season report for the week ending the 18th idem was pointed out to Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District.	Do do	
107	The Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, was requested to report why no provision had been made for the Dagunda road in the Hassan district fund budget for 1877—78 submitted by him.	Do do	
108	Notification transferring certain Amildars in the Nagar Division was gazetted and copy sent to the Commissioner, with an intimation that the proposal to reduce Mahomed Tayar from the 2nd to the 3rd Grade of Amildars, on account of indifference evinced by him in his famine duties, was sanctioned.	Do do	
109	A letter from the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, commenting on the laxity shewn by the Munsiff Muddukrishna Naidu in supervising the relief kitchens at Chanagiri, was forwarded to the Judicial Commissioner for perusal and return.	Do do	
110	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's orders on additional special appeal case No. 77 of 1876—77 were communicated to the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.	Do do	
111	Three copies of the annual appropriation and outlay accounts for public works from local funds for this Province for 1875—76, together with the Chief Commissioner's review thereon, were submitted to the Government of India in the Department Public Works.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
112	As submitted by Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, a bill for Rs. 103—10—8, being additional charge incurred in supplying grain to the inmates of the Langarkhana at Bangalore for March 1877, was sanctioned, the amount being met from the relief grant at the Commissioner's disposal.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	12th May 1877.	
113	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that the further retention of the Assistant Surveyor on relief works in the Shimoga District was sanctioned.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 1877, Part II, "General," No. 122.
114	Order directing that, in anticipation of the Government of India sanction, emergent applications for famine relief operations be met from an additional grant of one lakh of Rs. and that the grant be styled the ninth lakh grant of 11th May 1877, was communicated to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part II, "R. A. and C.," No. 30.
115	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner, who requested that Rs. 2,560 might be included in the district fund budget of the current year for constructing the Hindu chattram at Chikmagalur, was informed that the district fund budget for 1877—78 would not admit of the further appropriation asked for.	14th do	
116	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that the transfer of the 3rd Munshi of the Davangere Munsiff's Court, as a temporary measure to do duty in Lieutenant Macintire's office, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts, and Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
117	A duplicate packing account of Mysore Stores per "Mofussilite" was forwarded to the Secretary and Chief Engineer, Department Public Works, for signature and return to this office if the stores referred to have been received.	Do do	
118	The Deputy Commissioner, Túmkúr District, was requested to take measures for the punctual submission of his weekly season reports to this office on every Wednesday.	Do do	
119	In reply, the Deputy Accountant General was informed that, as the actual balance at the credit of the Shimoga irrigation cess fund on 1st April 1877 was Rs. 1,23,351, the Chief Commissioner confirmed the orders already passed on the budget of that District.—Communicated to Nagar Commissioner.	Do do	
120	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that a proposal from him to reduce the amount of appropriation on the work denoted in the Chitaldroog District was sanctioned, as also certain notifications of sanction Nos. 1341 to 1346.	Do do	
121	An estimate for Rs. 2,390, for repairing the Madarasanakere tank in the Chikmagalur Taluk of the Kadur District, was returned to Nagar Commissioner duly sanctioned, the charge being met from the relief grant at the Commissioner's disposal.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts, and Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
122	An estimate amounting to Rs. 600, for constructing stone tunnels on the Kotigere-Kalasa line in the Kadur District, submitted by Superintending Engineer, Roads and Buildings' Branch, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
123	A return of appropriations made from the Mysore district fund budget grants of the past year from 1st March last was forwarded to the Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	15th do	
124	Twelve copies of the rules relating to tools and plant for distribution to Amildars were forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District.	Do do	
125	Ten copies do to each of the remaining seven Deputy Commissioners.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
126	As solicited by Nagar Commissioner, the employment of two temporary peons to assist the survey officers working on the newly formed Taluk of Múdgere in lieu of those hitherto allowed by the Hassan District was sanctioned.—Communicated to Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, and Deputy Accountant General.	15th May 1877.	-
127	Referring to circumstances detailed in a letter from the Chitaldroog Deputy Commissioner, (forwarded in original) the Commissioner, Nagar Division, was requested to state whether the number of kitchens in that District were sufficient to meet the pressure of distress.	Do do	
128	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that no separate sanction was necessary for the purchase of a copy of the Army List for the 1st quarter of 1877, and the Asylum Press Almanac for the same year, required by him, as both periodicals are included in the authorized list.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 1876, Part I, "Genl," Nos 27 to 28.
129	A copy of the Land Revenue Settlement of the Hazara District of the Punjab from 1868 to 1874, was forwarded to the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, for record.	Do do	
130	The Madras Government were informed that a supply of the seedlings of the carob tree would be ready for transmission in August next, and information was asked for as to whose care they should be consigned to.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part II, "General," Nos. 51—52.
131	Notification appointing Captain Mackenzie to act temporarily, during Colonel Benson's absence, as Town and Cantonment Magistrate, Bangalore, in addition to his own duties, and investing with 1st class magisterial powers, was gazetted and copies sent to the officers concerned.	Do do	
132	Notification granting Captain Ludlow 15 days' privilege leave of absence and appointing Mr. Porteous, Special Assistant Commissioner, to the charge of the District, was gazetted and copies sent to officers concerned.	Do do	
133	The sanction of the Government of Madras was solicited to the Mysore medical pupils being examined with the others on the 23rd instant at the Medical College.	Do do	
134	In reply, the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey, was requested to prepar, his stationery indent for 1877—78, according to the new form, and submit it to this office at an early date.	Do do	
135	Copy of Government of India No. 1115, G, dated the 7th instant, stating that, for reasons assigned, Mr. Gramatzki's application for a certificate of naturalization under Act XXX of 1852 cannot be acceded to, was forwarded to that officer.	16th do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Feb. 1877, Part II, "General," No. 99.
136	Notification appointing Mr. Naldurg Krishna Rao, M. A., to be an Attaché in the Commission, was gazetted.	Do do	
137	In reply, the Commissioner, Nagar Division, was requested to report the number of standard imperial gallons required for the use of the Distilleries in the Shimoga District.	Do do	
138	In reply to a reference from the Deputy Surgeon General who submitted the stationery estimates of hospitals and dispensaries in the Province for the year 1878—79, that officer was informed that the preparation of a consolidated stationery indent was indispensably necessary, and that if the services of the mortuary statistical Clerks could not be made available for its preparation, a temporary Clerk might be entertained for such period as may be necessary.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
139	A notice that Saturday the 2nd June would be observed as a public holiday in honor of Her Majesty's Birth day was gazetted.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
140	In reply, the Nundydroog Commissioner was informed that the Chief Commissioner could not accord his sanction to Mr. Knight, Munsiff, occupying any portion of the Closepet travellers' bungalow.	16th May 1877.	
141	A copy of a printed report by the Controller, Money Order Offices, Mysore Circle, on the operations of that department for year 1875—76, with the Chief Commissioner's review thereon, was submitted to the Government of India in the Financial Department.	Do do	
142	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that Rs. 11,000 which remained unexpended on 31st March last had been replaced at his disposal for relief works.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General and Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
143	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was informed that the orders issued by him to the Kolar Deputy Commissioner conveying sanction to the entertainment of certain menial servants as a temporary measure for employment in the cholera shed were approved and that the extra funds required for dieting the cholera in patients be met from the general savings of the district fund budget.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General and Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
144	Certain discrepancies in the returns of seven road side kitchens for the weeks ending 14th, 21st, and 28th April 1877 were pointed out to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.	Do do	
145	In confirming a grant of land near the Kolar District Jail Garden proposed to be granted to Miss Anstey, for building purposes, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was informed that a formal one would be issued on the submission of a rough survey plan of the ground. A report was also called for as to the assessment payable on the land classed as "Garden" to admit of application being made to the Government of India for its permanent remission.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs for March 1877, Part II, "General," No. 157.
146	The General Superintendent, Public Works Stores and Workshops, Madras, was asked to explain a discrepancy occurring in a bill to hand, being value of four rain gauges with glass measures, supplied to this office	Do do	
147	In continuation of previous reference on the subject, the Deputy Accountant General was informed of the despatch of six copies of the Financial Codes, 3rd edition, with addenda and corrigenda.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs for April 1877, Part II, "Financial," No 84.
148	In reply, the Deputy Accountant General was informed that the Chief Commissioner sanctioned a quantity of printing paper (5 reams) robbed from the Deputy Accountant General's record room last year, being written off the stationery stock account of his office.	Do do	
149	Copies of two communications from the Honorary Secretary, Mysore Central Famine Relief Committee, soliciting contributions, were submitted to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Calcutta, for the favorable consideration of His Honor the Lieutenant Governor.	Do do	
150	Copy of Madras Government No. 1680, A., relative to destitute Mysore coolies who have found their way to the Wynad, was forwarded to the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.	Do do	
151	The Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was in reply requested to submit his opinion as to the propriety of excluding the claim of one Isvara Sahuji, against the Shivaganga Matt, from the settlement at present taking place.	Do do	*Vide* Vol of Progs. for March 1877, Part I, R. A. & C. Index Nos. 17 to 18.
152	Three printed copies of the special famine report of this Province, for the week ending the 5th instant, were submitted to the Madras Government.	17th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
153	The special famine report of the Province for the week ending 5th instant was submitted to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	17th May 1877.	
154	Notification granting Captain H. W. Wellesley, No. 3 Company, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, an extension of 6 months' leave of absence on medical certificate from 17th April 1877, was gazetted and copy sent to Officer Commanding the Bangalore Rifle Volunteers.	Do do	
155	In returning his contingent bill for the month of April 1877, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was requested to resubmit it with additions as noted.	Do do	
156	In reply, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was informed that a further sum of Rs. 10,000 had been placed at his disposal for kitchens and debited to the 9th lakh grant.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
157	Copies of a statement received from the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, shewing the distribution made by him of the amount placed at his disposal on account of relief works, were forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General, and Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
158	Certain arrangements made by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, for the appointment of relief officers in the Tumkúr District, were approved and communicated to the Deputy Accountant General, and Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
159	As solicited by Nagar Commissioner, the retention for a further period of three months of three temporary Mestris sanctioned in November last for relief works in the Chitaldroog District was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, and Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
160	As submitted by Nagar Commissioner, the estimate for repairing the Savoghalli Hondi in the Chanagiri Taluk was sanctioned, the amount being resumed and added to the relief grant of the Shimoga District.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Dec. 1876, Part II, "Financial," No. 22.
161	As solicited by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, the sum of Rs. 15,000 was placed at his disposal for relief kitchens in the three Districts of his Division.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, and Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
162	As solicited by the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division, the grant of Rs. 12,000 for relief works in the Kolar District was sanctioned from the provisional 9th lakh grant of 11th May 1877.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, and Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
163	Copies of a statement from the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, shewing the distribution of the allotment of Rs. 55,000 placed at his disposal on account of relief works, were forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General, and Examiner, Public Works Accounts.—Communicated to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
164	In reply, Rai-Bahdur Y. Mallappa Chetti was informed that, on a consideration of the circumstances represented by him, the Chief Commissioner would be prepared to accept a formal and unconditional resignation by him and his partner of their interest in the jodi inam village of Rampur in the Ashtagram Division.	Do do	
165	The Chief Engineer was requested to report the progress made in the survey of the channels irrigating the lands above referred to.	Do do	
166	Notification appointing Mr. Vardon, Head Inspector of Police, Mysore Town, to act as Assistant Commissioner of Police, Kolar District,	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	during the employment of Mr. J. Ramaiya Naidu on other duty, or until further orders, was gazetted, and copies sent to the Inspector General of Police and the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.		
167	A further report was called for from the Judicial Commissioner with reference to an application submitted for the payment of Rs. 9—1—0 out of the sale proceeds of unclaimed properties left by one Lakki on account of the costs awarded to one Rangadasi in o. s. No. 140 of 1876.	17th May 1877.	
168	Notification permitting Lieutenant P. Scott, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, to resign his commission at his own request, was gazetted, and copy sent to Commandant, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers.	18th do	
169	A printed collection of reports on the condition of the distressed Districts of this Province was submitted to the Honorable T. C. Hope, Additional Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
170	Copy of a telegram from Madras Government permitting Mysore medical students being included in the examination to be held at the Medical College on the 23rd instant, together with the one issued from this office, was forwarded to the Deputy Surgeon General, for information.	Do do	*Vide* this statement No.
171	As solicited, six sheets of "Double elephant drawing paper" were forwarded to the officer in charge No. 8 Party, Mysore Topographical Survey.	Do do	
172	Copy of Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, No. 425, dated 9th instant, was forwarded to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, to obtain and furnish this office with statistics (as accurate as may be possible) of the number of people now gratuitously fed at the relief kitchens in Bangalore and the Bangalore District, under the charge of the Deputy Commissioner, who do not belong to his District, a similar return being obtained from the Honorary Secretary to the Central Executive Relief Commitee as regards the kitchens under the charge of that committee.—Copy of Government of India letter also was forwarded to the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
173	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was informed that a statement submitted by him shewing the particulars of metal collected on the several roads in the Túmkúr District for the year 1876—77 was approved.—Copies to Deputy Accountant General, and Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
174	Under circumstances explained by the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, a notification of sanction amounting to Rs. 500 for collecting metal on the Túmkúr-Bellary road was accepted and full appropriation sanctioned.	Do do	
175	The contingent bill of the Ashtagram Division district fund office was returned to Commissioner, for additional particulars as denoted.	Do do	
176	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District was requested to submit a revised statement of appropriations and expenditure of famine relief grants made up to 31st March last.	Do do	
177	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was requested to report a discrepancy occurring in a statement shewing the receipts and disbursements of the Chikballapur kitchens.	Do do	
178	Under circumstances stated, the sanction of the Government of India in the Foreign Department was solicited to the entertainment of one Sinappa in the public service under this Administration.	19th do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for March 1877, Part II, "General," No. 152.
179	Two notifications of sanction submitted by Nagar Commissioner amounting to Rs. 216, for tools and plant in the Shimoga District, were returned duly accepted.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
180	In forwarding an extract from a memo from the Chief Engineer, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was requested to draw the attention of the Tumkúr Deputy Commissioner to Proceedings of February last in which it was ruled that the most able-bodied persons should be relegated to works carried on under the orders of the officers of the Department Public Works and the less able-bodied employed on relief works under revenue officers.	19th May 1877.	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Feb. 1877, Part I, "General," Index No. 24.
181	As requested, 50 copies in English of the weekly famine return were forwarded to the President, Cantonment Municipal Commission.	Do do	
182	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions relative to the incumbency of the Pateli of Mayakonda in the Davangere Taluk, Chitaldroog District, were communicated to the Commissioner, Nagar Division.	Do do	
183	In reply, a report explanatory of the statement made in paragraph 11 of the season report for the week ending the 7th April last, that there was a decrease of 23,640 persons employed on relief works owing to the completion of some of the works under the revenue officers before the close of the official year, was submitted to the Honorable T. C. Hope, Additional Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
184	In reply, the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department, was informed that, as Mr. Apothecary D'Cruz of the local medical service had only served four years in his present grade, while his total service counts only 24 years, his application for promotion to the senior grade of Apothecary must be regarded as somewhat premature, but may be submitted at a future time when his service approximates more nearly the period attained by medical officers of his class in the Madras Presidency.	Do do	*Vide* this statement No.
185	In reply, the Commissioner, Nagar Division, was informed that the Chief Commissioner sanctioned the budget estimates of the municipalities in the Shimoga District for 1877—78, with certain observations.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
186	Notification publishing certain rules for the conservancy of small towns and villages where municipal regulations have not been introduced was gazetted.	21st do	
187	In reply, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was informed that an offer made by Messrs. Taylor and Davy, for the monopoly of the retail vend of liquors for the Town and District of Mysore, could not be accepted, as the Chief Commissioner did not consider it advisable to disturb the existing arrangements during the continuance of the contract with the Palhalli Sugar and Rum Works Company.	Do do	
188	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's observations on the subject of relieving destitute Native Christians in the District were communicated to the Revd. E. Gasnier, Secretary to the Relief Fund.	Do do	
189	In reply, the Survey and Settlement Commissioner was informed that certain kaval (grazing) lands in dispute between the Amrut Mahal Department and the inamdars of Machanhalli should be confirmed to the former as originally decided in the Revenue Department.—Communicated to officer in charge Amrut Mahal Department, Superintendent of Inam Settlements and Commissioner, Nagar Division.	Do do	
190	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that, as the price of 12 yards of tracing calico purchased by the Shimoga Deputy Commissioner was debitable to "Office Contingencies," that officer should be directed to include the same in his next contingent bill.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
191	In reply, the Nundydroog Commissioner was informed that a notification of sanction for repairing the Kodgorke Majal tank in the Bangalore District amounting to Rs. 712 was accepted.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
192	In returning his contingent bill for April 1877, the Bangalore Deputy Commissioner was requested to have the quantity and number of the articles marked in pencil entered and also the rates at which they were purchased, &c.	21st May 1877.	
193	Referring to a statement submitted, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was requested to explain on what principles he proceeded in determining the areas most severely affected by famine in his Division.	Do do	
194	As submitted by the Superintending Engineer, Roads and Buildings' Branch, appropriations for certain incomplete works for 1876 were sanctioned, and the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, instructed accordingly.	Do do	
195	Copy of Government of India, Foreign Department telegram, intimating that the Queen's Birthday will be celebrated in England and India on Saturday the 2nd June, was forwarded to Colonel Bruce, C. B. Commanding Bangalore.	Do do	
196	As submitted by Commissioner, Nagar Division, a revised estimate for Rs 2,755, for constructing a bandy stand at Birur, was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General, with copy of estimate.	Do do	
197	A letter in original from the Chief Engineer, Department Public Works, with enclosure, bringing to notice the interment of dead bodies in a tank in the Bangalore District, was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, for immediate attention, and with a remark that the conduct of the local officers in allowing such interments should be suitably noticed.	22nd do	
198	Notification appointing M. Srinivasaiengar, Sheristadar of the Judicial Assistant's Court, Mysore, a Munsiff of the 3rd grade, and posting him to the Shikarpur Sub-Division, Shimoga District, was gazetted and copies forwarded to officers concerned.	Do do	
199	An extract from the return of labor employed by Department Public Works during week ending the 12th instant was forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.	Do do	
200	The Chief Commissioner's orders in revenue special appeal No. 1 of 1877, Kamakshamma, *vs.*, Krishnaiya, were communicated to the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.	Do do	
201	In reply, the Director of Public Instruction was informed that the Chief Commissioner directed that the service registers of taluk and hobli school masters and peons in the Educational Department be also kept in the vernacular.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for April 1877, Part I, "General," Index Nos. 18 to 19.
202	Twenty-five printed copies of the report on the Police administration of this Province, for the year 1875, with the Chief Commissioner's review thereon, were forwarded to the local Inspector General of Police	Do do	
203	Copies of Government of India, Foreign Department, No. 863, P, relative to the representation of India at the proposed Paris International Exhibition of 1878, were communicated to the Commissioners of Divisions, and Captain Wilson.—Gazetted.	Do do	
204	The Commissioners of Divisions were requested to submit their quarterly returns of progress made in regard to the revision of emoluments of village servants to this office in the form appended.	Do do	
205	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's instructions relative to the office establishment of the new Múdgere Taluk were communicated to Commissioner, Nagar Division.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Jan. 1877, Part I, "General," Index Nos. 2 to 3.
206	In reply, the Chief Commissioner's remarks on a proposal to change the designation of Assistant Superintendent, Bangalore Police, to that of Superintendent, were communicated to the Inspector General of Police.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
207	Thirty copies of the report on the operations of the Registration Department in this Province, for 1875—76, were submitted to the Government of India in the Home Department.	22nd May 1877.	
208	Fifty do do were forwarded to the Inspector General of Registration for the use of his office and for distribution	Do do	
209	A copy of the settlement report of the Pratahgurh District was forwarded to the Superintendent, Mysore Revenue Survey.	Do do	
210	Further information in connection with the working of the experimental anche line between Hariharpur and the Western coast, *viâ*., Agumbo, was called for, in reply, from the Anche Baksh.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Aug. 1876, Part I, "General," Index Nos 3—4.
211	In reply, the Assistant Director, Royal Gardens, Kew, was requested to address five cases of Liberian coffee plants intended for experimental cultivation in this Province, to the Director of the Government Gardens, Bangalore, and consigned to the care of Messrs Arbuthnot and Co., Madras.	23rd do	
212	In reply, a report was submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, as to the measures adopted to expedite the completion of revenue survey operations—Communicated to the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, with a request that he would favor the Chief Commissioner with his further opinion as to such measures as may be practicable for expediting the progress of the revenue survey and settlement when the circumstances of the country admit of the work being freely proceeded with	Do do	
213	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldroog District, was informed that certain district fund contingent bills, received from him, had been duly countersigned and forwarded to the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, for audit, and he was requested to note in his next contingent bill, at foot the number of Clerks and Accountants for whom the articles have been purchased—Bills to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
214	A plan and estimate for the construction of a road from Mulbagal to Shrinivaspur in the Kolar District were returned to the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, with copy of a memorandum by the Superintending Engineer, Roads and Buildings Branch and with a suggestion that the Deputy Commissioner consults the Assistant Engineer, Kolar Range, with a view to that officer inspecting the line and making such alterations in detail as may be necessary.	Do do	
215	Notifications of sanction Nos. 26 to 35, amounting to Rs. 2,287, for certain relief works in the Kolar District, were accepted and full appropriation sanctioned.	Do do	
216	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that an indent for instruments required for the Local Fund Engineer and additional Surveyors in the Chitaldroog District was sanctioned for Rs. 764.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts.	Do do	
217	Three estimates provided for in the current year's budget were returned to the President, Town Municipal Commission, sanctioned as corrected and revised.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
218	A copy of the special famine report of this Province for the week ending 12th instant, was submitted to the Honorable T. C. Hope, C. S. I., Additional Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	24th do	
219	The Chief Commissioner's orders in additional special appeal No. 5 of 1877—78 were communicated to the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division.	Do do	
220	A proposition statement for the entertainment of an additional establishment for the Civil Hospital and Dispensary at Hassan was submit-	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	ted with a report, for the orders of the Government of India in the Foreign Department.		
221	The Chief Commissioner's instructions relative to the nomination of officials for relief work on the return to duty of Judicial Assistants and Munsiffs on the re-opening of the civil courts on 1st June next, were communicated to the Commissioners of Divisions.	24th May 1877.	
222	Three printed copies of the special famine report for the week ending the 12th instant were submitted to the Government of Madras, Fort Saint George.	Do do	
223	The Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was requested to submit an estimate for repairing the Gopalkrishnaswami devasthan at Konnanur in the Arkalgúd Taluk.	Do do	
224	In reply, the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division was informed that, as the people interested in the re-construction of the Belur temple objected to an European Engineer entering it, the repairs should be left in the hands of Hindu builders aided by such counsel as the Public Works Department can give them and controlled by such supervision as to expenditure as may be feasible.	Do do	
225	In reply, the Nagar Commissioner was informed that the explanation furnished by him in regard to certain items provided for in the municipal budget of the town of Chitaldroog was accepted, and the Deputy Accountant General was requested to make certain alterations in his office copy of the budget.	Do do	
226	As solicited by the Superintending Engineer, Roads and Buildings' Branch, sanction was granted to a sum of Rs. 118, the balance of estimate for constructing a road through the Chief Commissioner's compound to connect the High Ground with the roads in the vicinity of the Public Offices, being debited to local funds general.—Communicated to Examiner, Public Works Accounts, Deputy Accountant General and Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Feb. 1877, Part II, "General," No. 87.
227	A bill for Rs. 4,081—1—11 on account of expenses incurred in the Bimmamangala camp during the month of April last was sanctioned, and the President of the Central Famine Relief Committee was informed that a further grant of Rs. 10,000 for expenditure in June next was sanctioned.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
228	The sanction of the Government of India in the Foreign Department was solicited to the services of Captain Morant, Adjutant and Drill Instructor, Mysore Horse, being orplaced, at his own request, at the disposal of the Madras Government.	25th do	*Vide* this statement No.
229	The Military Assistant was informed that, subject to the sanction of the Government of India, the Chief Commissioner accepted Captain Morant's resignation from the 18th June 1877, or from any prior date on which the officer appointed to succeed him may join.	Do do	
230	A list of the official or gratuitous distribution of the *Mysore Gazette* was returned to the Compiler, with a request that attention be paid to the corrections made in it.	Do do	
231	The Chief Commissioner's orders in revenue miscellaneous appeal No. 74 of 1877—78 were communicated to the Commissioner, Nagar Division.	Do do	
232	The Chief Commissioner's orders directing the examination by a committee of all bags of grain, delivered at the railway terminus, suspected of being damaged and unfit for consumption, were communicated to the President, Municipal Commission, Surgeon-Major J. Henderson, Lieutenant and Assistant Commissary Brindley, and the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
233	In reply, the Government of India in the Financial Department were informed that the statement shewing the income, expenditure and balance of local funds in this Province was submitted in February last and that the statement for 1876—77 would be submitted shortly.—Reminder to Deputy Accountant General.	25th May 1877.	*Vide* Vol. of Progs. for Feb. 1877, Part II, "Financial," No. 32.
234	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nagar Division was informed that the Chief Commissioner approved of the closing of certain relief kitchens in the Kadur District.	Do do	
235	A letter addressed to the Chief Commissioner by Sri Narasimha Bharati Swami, Guru of the Shringeri Matt, together with a translation in English congratulating Her Majesty the Queen on the assumption of the title of Empress of India, was submitted to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	26th do	
236	As solicited by the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, a Sykes' Government pattern hydrometer with testing glass for the use of the sadar distillery at Palhalli was forwarded for the use of the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.	28th do	
237	Referring to Madras Government letter No. 1600, dated 4th September last, to the address of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, a letter from the Chief Engineer of Mysore with enclosure was forwarded to that Government with a request that information may be given whether under the explanation now afforded His Grace in Council adhered to the opinion conveyed in the letter above quoted in regard to the tolls levied on certain ghat roads.	Do do	
238	Notification intimating that Mr. F. C. Hicks, Assistant Conservator of Forests, has been granted privilege leave for 2 months and 11 days, with effect from the 27th March 1877, was gazetted and copy sent to the Conservator.	Do do	
239	The Chief Commissioner's orders relative to the transfer of certain Lascars, &c., in the Kolar and Hassan Districts, were communicated in reply to the Judicial Commissioner.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
240	In reply, the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, was informed that his contingent bill for April 1877 had been duly countersigned and transmitted to the Examiner, Public Works Accounts, for audit.	Do do	
241	Notification granting Mr. E. Gramatzki Principal, School of Engineering and Natural Science, Bangalore, 10 days' subsidiary leave preparatory to proceeding to Europe on the furlough granted in Government of India Notification No. 939 G. was gazetted and copies sent to officers concerned.	29th do	
242	Certain errors having been found in the statistics of rain-fall furnished to the Government of India, the Additional Secretary in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce was solicited to direct the corrections as denoted being made in the statements attached to the special famine reports specified.	Do do	
243	The Chief Commissioner's orders directing that no interference on the part of the Police with grain which has left the railway station be allowed, on any pretext, were communicated in reply to the Officiating Deputy Inspector General of Police.	30th do	
244	In reply, the Conservator of Forests was informed that the Chief Commissioner approved of his order permitting Mr. Jones, Forest Ranger on relief operations, reverting to the Forest Department.—Communicated to Conservator of Forests and the Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	
245	Notification granting Honorary Surgeon F. B. Pereira, ten days' privilege leave was gazetted and copy sent to the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department.	Do do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
246	Instructions were issued to the Commissioners of Divisions, Superintendent of Coorg, and Secretary, Department Public Works, for the submission of a monthly return of deaths among European uncovenanted officers, in addition to the yearly half one now furnished.	30th May 1877.	
247	In reply, the Commissioner, Nundydroog Division, was informed that the Chief Commissioner sanctioned the rate of duty on toppali chakke being fixed in his Division at 15 Rs. per cart load tentatively for one year, from 1st June 1877.—Communicated to the Conservator of Forests and Deputy Commissioners in the Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
248	In reply, the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division was requested to report the circumstances in which the widow of the late Mr. Woodcock has been left.	Do do	
249	A memorial from one Srinivas Chetti, laying claim to a site in the Fort of Seringapatam, was submitted for the orders of the Government of India in the Foreign Department.	Do do	
250	Before passing orders on a petition from one Purnachar, jodidar of the Yelagere village in the Koratagere Taluk, Túmkúr District, claiming right of collecting from the holders of the included minor inams situated in his inam village, their quota of the local fund cess and quit-rent, the Survey and Inam Commissioner was requested to favor the Chief Commissioner with any remarks he may have to offer on the subject.	Do do	
251	Notification extending the privilege leave granted to Captain Ludlow to the 10th June next was gazetted and copy sent to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	*Vide* this statement No.
252	A classified list of travellers' bungalows in this Province of the 1st and 2nd classes, as recently revised, was published for general information.	31st do	
253	The special famine report of the Province for the week ending the 19th instant was submitted to the Honorable T. C. Hope, Additional Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	Do do	
254	In reply, the Survey and Settlement Commissioner was informed that the Chief Commissioner directed that the service registers of the Mysore Revenue Survey Department establishment be also kept in the vernacular.—Communicated to Deputy Accountant General.	Do do	*Vide* this statement No.
255	An application from Major J. P. Grant, for 20 months' furlough to Europe under the furlough rules of 1868, was submitted to the Adjutant General of the Army, Bombay.	Do do	
256	Notification intimating that Mr. Harman, Superintendent of the Bangalore Experimental Farm, returned to duty on the 6th instant, was gazetted and copy sent to Commissioner, Nundydroog Division.	Do do	
257	Copy of a memorandum particularizing the duties devolving upon the Head Sheristadar in his capacity of Assistant Secretary was forwarded to that officer.	Do do	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, June 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

MILITARY.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

MYSORE.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, the Commandant, Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, was informed that if the officers and men of the corps were willing to incur the cost of establishing a band and maintaining it with the Government allowance prescribed for other regiments, the Chief Commissioner would be willing to give the subject his favorable consideration.	8th May 1877.	

MYSORE CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, *June* 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

COORG PROVINCE,

MAY, 1877.

PROCEEDINGS

OF

C. B. SAUNDERS, Esq., C. B., B. C. S.,

CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

PART I—A, IN EXTENSO.

JUDICIAL.—*Nil.*
REV. AG. & COM.
Do. FORESTS.—*Nil.*
FINANCIAL.—*Nil.*
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.—*Nil.*

PART II—B, IN ABSTRACT.

JUDICIAL.
REV. AG. & COM.
Do. FORESTS.
FINANCIAL.
GENERAL.
EDUCATIONAL.

BANGALORE:

MYSORE GOVERNMENT PRESS,

1877.

PART I.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF COORG FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1—2	*Proposal for the disposal of the Coorg Survey Party during the ensuing recess.* Approving of certain proposals for the transfer and disposal of the same.	No. 112—3, dated 17th May 1877.	...	...	1
1—2	*Correspondence regarding the establishment of a toll-gate at the point where the Siddapur-Mercara new road joins the Periyapatna-Virarajendrapet road.* Sanctioning the Offg. Superintendent's suggestions and authorizing him to entertain a small establishment for the same.	No. 129—18, dated 24th May 1877.	...	...	2

From the Ag. Superintendent, Madras Survey, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, No. 1322—124, dated Madras, 24th April 1877.

I have the honor to submit for the approval of the Commissioner of Coorg the following proposals for the disposal of the Coorg Survey Party during the ensuing recess.

2. The following to be transferred to Madras Central office and to be engaged in computing, plotting and mapping field work of the Coorg party.

Office Establishment.

	Salary Rs.
Head Clerk, C. R. Hanumanta Rao ..	60
Asstt. do Y. Venkatasami Naidu ..	30
Store and Record keeper Chokkalingam Pille ..	30
Assistant Computor Kristnasami Modali ..	22½
Assistant do Munisami Naidu ..	20

To be placed on half pay.

Assistant Computor R. Subbaiya ..	25
Extra Dy. Surveyor Narayansami .	45

To remain at Mercara in charge of office and records :—

Mutchi Razamiya ..	12
Daffedar Husen Khan ..	10
3 Peons ..	22
1 Bullock driver ..	6

Field Establishment.

To be transferred to the Madras Revenue Survey.

Sub-Assistant Mr. P. Ross ..	150
Head Surveyor „ W. Kearney ..	110
Do. „ J. Butler ..	100
Do. „ P. Lee ..	100
Do. „ E. Lemos ..	90
Do. „ W. Otter ..	90
Do. K. Lakshmaiya ..	75
Do. Vijayaraghavachari ..	70
Do. Mr. J. Carroll ..	60
Do. M. R. Venkatachari ..	50
Do. Narsimmalu Naidu ..	35
Do. Chinnasami Naidu ..	25
Do. N. Darobji ..	25
Do. Rangasami Pille ..	20
Do. Ramachandra Rao ..	20
Do. Muttusami Pille ..	20

3. Should the foregoing arrangements be approved, I request that instructions may be issued to the Comptroller General to pass the Coorg party salary bills accordingly, from the actual date of transfer which will be notified hereafter.

No. 112—3, dated Bangalore, 17th May 1877.

Order.—The proposed arrangements are approved. Intimation of the date of the transfer of the party to be employed in the Madras Presidency during the monsoon months will be awaited.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Acting Superintendent, Madras Survey, Madras.
„ Comptroller General of Accounts, Calcutta.
„ Offg. Superintendent of Coorg.

Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, 31st May 1876.

From the Offg. Superintendent of Coorg, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, No. 105—16, dated Coorg, 22nd May 1877.

With reference to the Chief Commissioner's Proceedings No. 668—82, dated 26th December 1876, sanctioning 500 acres of land being granted to Mr. F. Mangles in exchange for 10,000 acres resigned by him in British Burmah, I have the honor to report that the marginally noted lands were surveyed at the request of Mr. Mangles.

	Acres.	
Kuvarkolli No. 4280, Bits A & B ...	99—78	In Gadinad Mutnad of the Nanjrajpatna Taluk.
Kibberi Betta No. 4322 ...	131—13	
Kumbur Kadu No. 4265 ...	335—52	
Motte Kalu No. 4278 ...	45—83	In Ulgulmudigerinad of the Mercara Taluk.
Gurkal Kadu No. 4279 ...	54—88	
	657 14	

2. It will be seen from the areas of the different pieces of lands that the total acreage amounts to 657—14 acres, or 157—14 in excess of what was sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner being granted to Mr. Mangles.

3. A copy of a letter dated 19th instant from that gentleman is forwarded for the Chief Commissioner's favorable consideration and orders. If Mr. Saunders should not accede to Mr. Mangles' request, orders will be given to the Assistant Superintendent, Revenue Survey, to cut out the excess from Kumburkadu.

From Mr. Frank Mangles, Halleri, To the Offg. Superintendent of Coorg, Mercara, dated 19th May 1877.

In reply to your letter of the 17th instant, forwarding a memo shewing that the area of the land applied for by me, in exchange for land resigned in Burmah, exceeds the acreage granted by *a.* 157·14, I have the honor to request that the deduction, if absolutely necessary, may be made from Kumburkadu, measuring 335·5, but knowing as you do, the difficulty of estimating forest land exactly to within a few acres and the excess being so small, I trust the Chief Commissioner will be good enough to allow me to retain the land at the upset price of two rupees and payment for all the timber thereon.

No. 138—Rev. 21, dated Bangalore, 31st May 1877.

Order thereon.—Under the circumstances stated, the Chief Commissioner is pleased to assent to Mr. Mangles' application to retain the excess of 157—14 acres of land resulting from the survey, on the payment of Rs. 2 per acre for such excess portion, as well as of the value of the timber upon it.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Offg. Superintendent of Coorg.

PART I.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

A.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF COORG FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

1	2	3	4	5	6
Index Nos. of the Proceedings.	Subject.	Nos. and Dates of Proceedings.	Date of Report to the Secretary of State for India.	Nos. and Dates of previous Proceedings.	Page.
1—2	*Letter from the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg on the subject of excess portion of land granted to Mr F. Mangles in exchange for that resigned by him in British Burmah.* Passing orders on—	No. 138—21, dated 31st May 1877.	...	Part II, No 706—19, dated 20th Jan. 1877.	1

From the Offg. Superintendent of Coorg, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, Duftur Department, General No. 636—382, dated Mercara, 15th March 1877.

With reference to this office letter No. 333 of 29th April 1872 to the address of the Secretary in the Department Public Works, regarding the introduction of toll gates into this Province, I have the honor to request that the Chief Commissioner's sanction for the toll gate proposed in para 2 of that letter being established may be obtained, as that road will be shortly open for traffic.

2. The only alteration I would propose is that the gate, instead of being at Siddeshvarana Gaddige as proposed by Colonel Thompson, should be at the point where the Siddapur-Mercara new road joins the Periyapatna-Virarajendrapet road, close to the Nad Parpattegar's cutcherry at Siddapur; by this all traffic from all quarters will have to pay toll.

3. The rates to be charged as tolls would I presume be the same as those now charged at the other gates.

4. I would suggest that the toll gate should be established from 1st May; if the Chief Commissioner approves of this proposition, I request that early orders may be given in order that due notice of the same may be given, and that the toll gate may be put up to auction for the remaining 11 months of the ensuing official year.

No. 129—Genl. 18, dated Bangalore, 24th May 1877.

Order thereon.—The establishment of a toll-gate at the point now recommended by the Superintendent is sanctioned with effect from 1st June next. The rates to be levied will be the same as those charged at other gates. A notification to this effect will be published in the *Mysore Gazette*.

2. The Chief Commissioner considers it advisable that the tolls should be collected by means of a Government agency till the 31st of March next, and for this purpose the Superintendent is authorized to entertain a small establishment as a temporary measure reporting the details to this office for sanction.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Offg. Superintendent of Coorg.
" Secretary, D. P. W., returning the original correspondence, received with his docket No. 745—1234 of 26th April 1877.

PART II.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

JUDICIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

COORG.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The attention of the Judicial Commissioner was drawn to this office No. 537—16, dated 6th November 1876, forwarding a list of Acts in force in Coorg for revision.	1st May 1877.	
2	The Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, was solicited to obtain the sanction of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council to the new Registration Act No. III of 1877 being extended to Coorg in lieu of Act VIII of 1871 which is now in force in that Province.	4th do	
3	Copies of Home Department Notification No. 878, dated the 26th ultimo, specifying the sections of the Arms Act in force in Hyderabad, Oudh, Central Provinces, British Burma and Coorg respectively, were forwarded to the Compiler, Mysore Gazette, for publication, and to the Judical Commissioner, for information and guidance to the Superintendent of Coorg.	9th do	
4	In reply, Judicial Commissioner was authorized to direct the transfer of prisoners from Mercara to Fraserpet during the ensuing monsoon subject to the sanction of the Government of India.—Copies to the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg, and the Deputy Surgeon General, Indian Medical Department.	12th do	Part II, B. Judicial, 16th April 1877, No. 2, also No. 5 of this statement.
5	The Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, was requested to obtain the sanction of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council to the charges involved in the temporary location of the prisoners at Fraserpet during the ensuing monsoon months.	16th do	12th May 1877.
6	In reply, the Superintendent of Coorg was informed that the Proceedings submitted in the case of K. Atchaiya, *vs.* M. Madaiya of Iyamangala, Yedenalknad Taluk, tend to shew that the present case has arisen out of ill-feeling between the parties, and in the absence of evidence to discredit that afforded by the original documents produced by Atchaiya, the claim put forward by the latter to exemption from "Hitti Bitti" should be admitted.	17th do	

COORG CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, *June* 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

COORG.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The Superintendent of Coorg having solicited orders as to whether one Mr. G. D. Billings, who had bought the Fowler estate in 1875, could be called upon to reply to this office order No. 738—91, dated 9th February last, it was observed that, as Mr. Fowler was the person with whom the negotiations connected with the matters in dispute have been hitherto carried on as the agent of the registered proprietrix of the Fowler estate, the Chief Commissioner is unable to recognize or communicate with any one else.	1st May 1877.	Part I. A. dated Feb. 9th, 1877.
2	As solicited by the Superintendent of Coorg, sanction was conveyed to deduct 301·24 instead of 262·06 acres as grass lands from the Peggadimale estate No. 4185 belonging to one Bittiyandra Kalappa in Anjigerinad of the Kiggatnad Taluk.	3rd do	
3	In reply, the Superintendent of Coorg was informed that D Sannappa be required to pay only the charges of survey of 3·95 acres of land awarded to him, and that to avoid further complications in cases of this kind, it was suggested that the party at whose instance the survey is ordered be required to deposit a sum estimated to cover such charges.	22nd do	19th April 1877.
4	Copies of letters to and from Government of India, Nos. 334, 934 and 13—3 dated 3rd instant, dated 22nd December 1876, and 6th ultimo respectively, on the substitution of a local cess of one anna in the rupee in lieu of present plough tax in Coorg, were communicated to the Superintendent of Coorg, who was requested to submit his views on the suggestions therein made after consulting with the head men and Planters' Association.	29th do	6th April 1877.
5	On a report submitted by the Superintendent of Coorg, it was ordered that the claim of one Muddavva to have her deceased husband's lands registered in her name was inadmissible.	Do do	1st instant.
6	Copies of a letter from the Acting Superintendent, Madras Survey, forwarding a list of errata in the proposals for the disposal of the Coorg Survey Party, were communicated to the Comptroller General and Superintendent of Coorg in continuation of this office No. 112—3, dated 17th instant.	31st do	17th inst. Part I. A., No. 112—3, dated 17th May 1877.

COORG CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, June 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

DEPT. OF REVENUE, AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE.

FORESTS.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

COORG.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	The attention of the Conservator of Forests was drawn to the delay in his replying to this office docket No. 436—21, dated 29th September 1876, forwarding copy of letter No. 870 of 5th idem from the Government of India, communicating certain remarks on Húnsúr Basvaiya's case.	1st May 1877.	29th Sept. 1876.
2	The Secretary to the Government of India, Legislative Department, was informed that the General Forest Bill (with annexure) was published in the *Mysore Gazette* in Nos. 15, 16 and 17, dated 14th, 21st and 28th ultimo respectively.	7th do	
3	Letter No. 170—4 of 27th ultimo from the Conservator of Forests, reporting that certain ryots of Morur village, Nanjarajpatna Taluk, to whom a free grant of wood had been sanctioned have abused the privilege, was forwarded to the Superintendent of Coorg, for disposal.—Copy to Conservator.	11th do	
4	On the representation of the Conservator of Forests, the grant of a remission of Rs. 414 to one Mr. Chisholm, being 50 per cent on the difference between the original and second valuation of timber standing on certain pieces of land purchased by him for coffee cultivation, was sanctioned.	18th do	
5	Copies of letter from the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce No. 870, dated 5th September 1876, passing certain remarks, &c., were forwarded to the Superintendent of Coorg, Major R. A. Cole, Superintendent of Inam Settlements, for information.	21st do	
6	Copy of letter from the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, No. 870, dated 5th September 1876, passing certain remarks, &c., was forwarded to the Conservator of Forests, for communication to Mr. Assistant Conservator E. Ludlow.	22nd do	
7	In reply to his letter No. 870 dated 5th September 1876, a further report regarding Húnsúr Basvaiya's claim against the Coorg Forest Department was forwarded to the Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.	25th do	29th Sep. 1876.

COORG CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, June 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

FINANCIAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

COORG.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply to his letter No. 413, dated 19th ultimo, the Comptroller General, Calcutta, was informed that the payment of compensation for dearness of provisions sanctioned to the civil establishments in Coorg by Notification dated 15th January 1877, was not intended to supersede that of 17th November 1876.	3rd May 1877.	
2	The Superintendent of Coorg's report that the right of collecting market fees in the town of Virarajendrapet for 1877—78 was sold for Rs. 2,745, was approved.	Do do	
3	The Superintendent of Coorg was requested to explain certain discrepancies pointed out in a comparative statement prepared in this office, shewing the receipts of the Coorg Province for the quarter ending 30th June 1876.	4th do	
4	The Superintendent of Coorg was requested to submit a statement shewing the famine allowance paid to Government servants in Coorg for the quarter ending 31st March last.	5th do	
5	Copy of letter No. 402, dated 19th ultimo, from the Comptroller General, Calcutta, pointing out that savings under one imperial major head cannot be appropriated to meet an excess payment under another major head, except with the sanction of the Government of India, was forwarded to the Superintendent of Coorg, for information and guidance.	Do do	
6	With reference to Financial Department resolution, No. 1709, dated 22nd March 1877, the Secretary to the Government of India was solicited to inform whether it is intended that the provisions of that resolution should be made applicable to Coorg.	8th do	
7	The detailed contingent bill of the Coorg Revenue Survey Department amounting to Rs. 126—0—8 for the month of January 1877, was returned to the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Madras, duly countersigned.	9th do	
8	A notification of sanction submitted by the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg for Rs. 60, for constructing a boat for the Bothamudi ferry in the Padinalknad Taluk, was accepted.	14th do	
9	Four travelling allowance and contingent bills amounting to Rs. 496—4—1 were returned to the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Madras, duly countersigned.	15th do	
10	The sanction of the Government of India, Financial Department, was requested to a re-appropriation of grants in the budget estimates of 1876—77, amounting to Rs. 230—13—8.	17th do	
11	A comparative statement of the abstracts of receipts and charges for the quarter ending 30th September 1876 was forwarded to the	18th do	

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	Officiating Superintendent of Coorg for explanation of certain discrepancies pointed out therein.		
12	The Superintendent of Coorg having recommended certain arrangements consequent on the retirement of P. Mandanna on pension, he was informed that orders will be passed on intimation being received of the pension roll of P. Mandanna having been submitted.	22nd May 1877.	

COORG CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, *June* 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

COORG.

Nos.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	Copies of correspondence to and from the Secretary to the Government of Fort Saint George, conveying sanction to the supplemental stationery indent for 1877—78, were forwarded to the Superintendent of Coorg with reference to his No. 30—19 of 18th ultimo.	1st May 1877.	
2	The Superintendent of Coorg having reported on the claim of one Muddavva to have her deceased husband's land registered in her own name, it was enquired whether the land in dispute was jamma, sagu or Umbli.	Do do	
3	The monthly register of effective and non-effective officers employed in the Coorg Province with proportionate return and blank statement of vacancies for the month of April 1377 was forwarded to the Home Secretary.	2nd do	
4	With reference to the condition of the ghat roads referred to in Superintendent's No. 37—24 of the 20th ultimo, he was required to report whether the communications in the Madras Presidency are in bad order.	3rd do	
5	The Superintendent of Coorg was requested to explain the discrepancy pointed out in title-deed No. 781—C. C. No. 299, submitted by him for correction. Title-deed No. 782—C. C. No. 298 was returned duly corrected.	Do do	
6	The title-deed submitted by the Superintendent of Coorg, for the land applied for by Mr. H. Mann in Mahadeopet for the manufacture of tiles, was returned duly signed by the Chief Commissioner.	7th do	
7	A bye-law enacting that a tax of one anna shall be charged on every bullock, cow, or buffalo brought for sale within the Virarajendrapet municipal limits was gazetted.—Copy to the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg, with reference to his No. 58—40, dated 1st instant.	8th do	
8	The Superintendent of Coorg was requested to explain why he required 90 Pewter inkstands in addition to the 70 supplied last year.	9th do	
9	A bye-law submitted by the Superintendent of Coorg, relating to the stamping of weights and measures, was returned for re-submission, after being numbered.	16th do	
10	As solicited by the Superintendent of Coorg, sanction was conveyed to the sale of a building site applied for by Mr. J. Chisholm in Siddapur in Yedenalknad Taluk.	17th do	
11	Copies of letters Nos. 37—24 and 84—62, dated 20th April and 11th May 1877 respectively, from the Superintendent of Coorg, reporting on the condition of the approaches to Coorg from the west coast which lie within	18th do	3rd May 1877.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
	the Madras Presidency, were forwarded to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort Saint George.	18th May 1877.	
12	In reply, the Officiating Superintendent of Coorg was informed by a telegram that he was granted one month's privilege leave and that Captain Magrath appointed to act for him.	Do do	
13	On a reference made by him, copies of letters to and from the Superintendent, Revenue Survey, Madras, regarding the preparation of warg maps and registers were forwarded to the Superintendent of Coorg.	19th do	
14	As solicited by the Superintendent of Coorg, the sale by public auction of the Yelengemadu jungle in Yedenalknad of the Yedenalknad Taluk was sanctioned.—Copy was forwarded to the Compiler, Mysore Gazette, for publication.	24th do	
15	Bye-law No. 93 relating to stamping of weights and measures in Mahadeopet Municipality was forwarded to Compiler, Mysore Gazette, for publication.—Copy communicated to Superintendent of Coorg, with reference to his No. 108—77, dated 22nd May 1877.	31st do	
16	The granting of one month's privilege leave to Captain E. Shaw, Officiating Superintendent of Coorg, from the 24th instant, was communicated to the Comptroller General, Calcutta, who was requested to furnish this office with a certificate required under section 38 (*b*) of the Civil Leave Code.	Do do	

COORG CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, June 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

PART II.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

EDUCATIONAL.

B.

TABULAR STATEMENT OF MATTERS OF ROUTINE FOR THE MONTH OF MAY 1877.

COORG.

No.	Subject and Order.	Date of Order.	Date of previous Orders.
1	In reply, Director of Public Instruction was informed that Mr. Richter's appointment as Inspector of schools in Coorg cannot take effect until the Sub-Deputy Inspector of schools M. Karriappa has been provided for.	16th May 1877.	Part I. A. Educational dated 13th April 1877.
2	The Superintendent of Coorg having reported on the impracticability at present of making any provision in his office for M. Karriappa, Deputy Inspector of schools, he was informed that the circumstances connected with the abolition of M. Karriappa's appointment in the educational line render it indispensable that he should be provided for.	31st do	

COORG CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Bangalore, *June* 1877.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

MYSORE PROCEEDS JUNE 1877

PROCEEDINGS OF C.B.SAUNDERS ,ESQ.,C.B.,B.C.S.,

CHIEF COMMISSIONER

JUNE 1877